CAMELLIA FOREST NURSERY

茶花林

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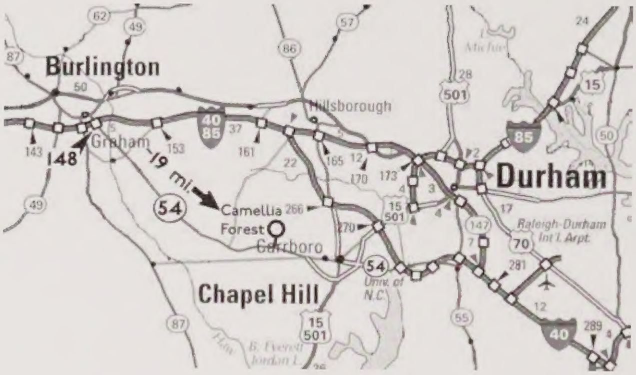
2014/2015:
fall/spring

ll 2014-Spring 2015

Camellia Forest
NURSERY
茶花林

Fall 2014-Spring 2015



Camellia Forest Nursery

Kai Mei and David Parks (Proprietors)

Nursery Mailing Address:
Camellia Forest Nursery
9701 Carrie Rd.
Chapel Hill, NC 27516
Nursery Address:
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Chapel Hill, NC 27516

Phone: (919) 968-0504
Fax: (919) 929-8971
Email:
camelliaforest@gmail.com
Website:
www.camforest.com

Directions to Nursery:

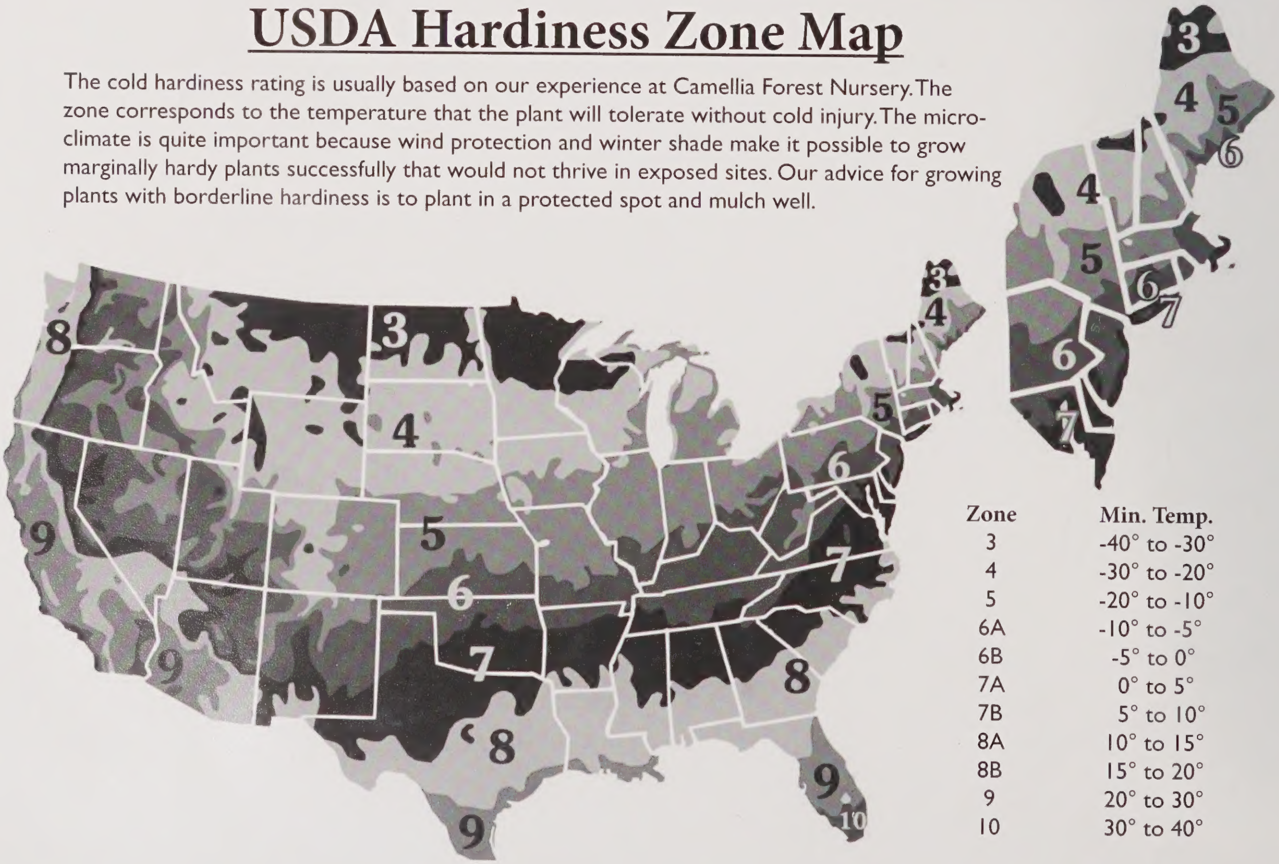
From Chapel Hill take Hwy 54 West towards Graham. Go 2 miles past Carrboro Plaza and watch for the Exxon gas station, go 0.1 mile and turn right on the paved driveway and look for the Camellia Forest Sign.

From the west on I-40/I-85 take Exit 148, Hwy 54 (signs to Chapel Hill and Carrboro) – exit near Burlington, Turn right onto Hwy 54 going East and go about 19 miles and watch for Big Al's Cheap Tires, 0.6 miles past Big Al's Cheap Tires turn left onto a paved driveway at the Camellia Forest sign.

Notes:

USDA Hardiness Zone Map

The cold hardiness rating is usually based on our experience at Camellia Forest Nursery. The zone corresponds to the temperature that the plant will tolerate without cold injury. The microclimate is quite important because wind protection and winter shade make it possible to grow marginally hardy plants successfully that would not thrive in exposed sites. Our advice for growing plants with borderline hardiness is to plant in a protected spot and mulch well.



Zone	Min. Temp.
3	-40° to -30°
4	-30° to -20°
5	-20° to -10°
6A	-10° to -5°
6B	-5° to 0°
7A	0° to 5°
7B	5° to 10°
8A	10° to 15°
8B	15° to 20°
9	20° to 30°
10	30° to 40°

A Day At The Nursery

As I was trying to get rid of a credit card processing salesman, I saw a Prius driving down the path beside the greenhouses. By the time I got to the greenhouses the car had driven into a grassy area where the excess water from the nursery drains. Fortunately, the soft ground stopped the car from getting more than two wheels off the gravel path. I had to tell the crying teenage owner that it was going to be OK. I proceeded to pull the Prius out of the mud with a chain and my Kubota tractor. The Prius seems no worse except for a coating of mud on the front fender.

Mud is something we deal with all the time because we irrigate every day during the summer. Lots of water and soil makes mud, and a low tech approach to nursery expansions means there are a few spots where a little moisture collects. So I spend time moving gravel and digging ditches but end up just moving the puddles to a new location. My biggest success is a retention pond for recycling the irrigation water. This pond grows a great expanse of water hyacinth and the lavender blooms are the easiest annual color one can grow. Literally throw a clump of water hyacinth in the water and I have 1000 square feet of color by frost.

This fall we have a lot of new and exciting plants. We are introducing 'Optical Illusion' (Pg. 18), 'Tiny Tot' (Pg. 24), 'Sarah Catherine' (Pg. 21), and we have our largest selection ever of *Camellia sinensis* and *Prunus mume* varieties. You might notice a lot more photos in this catalog than in years previous. There is also the extremely useful Camellia Index at the back of the catalog which allows anyone with a name to find the cultivar of Camellia they are looking for with ease.

Throughout the catalog many new items are marked **NEW** by their names. In fact, some are so new that the ultimate size and adaptability are not known. We always like to hear how our plants are doing in your gardens so keep us updated. –David Parks

Nursery Information

We are a small mail order nursery specializing in Camellias and exotic trees and shrubs. We are open Saturdays (10am-4pm) – throughout the year in addition to our 2015 Open Houses in the spring and fall (details below) – and as always, we are open by appointment. Visiting the nursery is a good way to see specimen plants and the wide variety of our offereings, as well as items not in the catalog or website. It is also the only way to purchase large plants that cannot be shipped.

Gift Certificates

We offer gift certificates in any amount but recommend values of $42 for one plant and $69 for two 2-year-old plants (including shipping and handling). We can pick a good plant for most locations if you specify the color and season of the bloom.

IMPORTANT NOTICE: USDA Fire Ant Quarantine

We must treat for Fire Ants to control their spread because they are very annoying pests. The Fire Ant quarantine zone has expanded from Florida to include part of North Carolina and extends west to Texas. The USDA is trying to control the spread of the ants by treating any soil leaving the quarantine zone. Prior to shipping to areas outside the quarantine zone we must treat the root ball of the plants with pesticide. Unfortunately, this will require more time for shipping—same day shipping will be impossible and customers must use caution when unpacking the plants—we recommend using gloves when handling the soil. This practice will slow the spread of this pest and we will try to keep shipping as efficiently as possible.

Key to Reading Plant Descriptions

NEW=new plant introduction, **CF**=Camellia Forest introduction, **'Cultivar Name'**, (zone #)=Estimated USDA Hardiness Zone, [#'T x #'W]=estimated size at maturity

Descriptions usually include habit, high points, and sometimes some background on the plant. Ultimate height and width of a plant is very dependent on the growing conditions of each individual plant. The prices indicate the age and size of the plants so most plants over $20 are two or more years old and well established. Very rare plants may cost more.

WILSON

Table of Contents

A Day at the Nursery........1
Nursery Information........1
Table of Contents & Staff Photos........2
Camellia Introduction........3
Camellia Culture........3
Open House Dates and Cover Photo Plant IDs........4
Spring Blooming Camellias........6
    Cold Hardy, Spring Blooming Cultivars........7
    Camellia japonica Cultivars and Hybrids........10
Fall Blooming Camellias........25
    Cold Hardy, Fall Blooming Cultivars........26
Recommended Books........27
Camellia Seeds........27
    Fall Blooming Cultivars and Hybrids........28
Camellia Species........36
Tea Plants........38
Trees and Shrubs........40
Herbacious Perennials........59
Alphabetical Camellia Index........61
Order Form........63

Camellia Forest Nursery Owners:
David Parks and Kai Mei Parks

Camellia Forest Staff
From Left to Right: Wee Shwe, Eh Tha, Arleen Garrett, David Jenkins, Meryl Byrd, Kathy Dowling, James Proctor, Mason McNair
Not Pictured: Mark Clarke

Camellia Introduction

Striving to bring you showy, garden-worthy plants, we work to offer exceptional flowers, vigorous growth, cold-hardiness, disease resistance and one-of-a-kind Camellias. New plants include our own introductions from our breeding program, older varieties that have proven to have good qualities and recent introductions from other breeders. We try to offer Camellias that represent the wide variation in the genus from small and simple-flowered wild-type plants to the large and many-petaled hybrids.

Sizes and Prices

Camellias are quite variable in growth rate in pots. Prices vary from $16, $27, to $60.

We generally keep the Camellias in relatively small pots to avoid waterlogged soil and poor root growth. We strive to grow plants with healthy root systems, which adjust well to being planted outdoors. We do not suggest disturbing the roots when planting unless a large thickened root has begun to circle the pot. We have found that many small roots rapidly grow out into surrounding soils and do not cause problems in later years.

Large Camellias

At the nursery we grow some larger size Camellias that cannot be shipped. These are in limited numbers and may be varieties not listed in the catalog. These plants are mostly 3-5 feet tall and some are even larger. We do have some varieties in 5, 7, and 10-gallon pots priced from $85 to $150. If you are in the Chapel Hill area, stop by and pick up a few for your garden.

All cultivars are pure species *C. japonica* in the Spring Blooming Section and *C. sasanqua* in the Fall Blooming Section unless otherwise noted at the end of the description.

Camellia Culture

Camellias are relatively easy to grow as long as they are planted in well-drained soil and in light shade. For happiest plants, provide relatively moist, rich organic soil with plenty of room to grow. To our clay soils I add 4-6 inches of compost or rotted leaves and till this in as deep as possible over the whole planting area. I have left scattered tall pines to provide filtered light part of the day, and have also planted conifers such as Cryptomeria to provide wind protection in the future. In China I saw Camellias growing in similar conditions; the overstory trees were huge evergreen oaks and the Camellias were 20 to 30 feet tall. In the last few years, hurricanes and ice storms have removed most of the scattered pines I had carefully preserved and I am left with lots of sun on my Camellias. A few plants show winter cold and sun injury but most plants are flourishing with heavy bud set and multiple flushes of growth each year. Often, more sun is better than less sun, as there is less competition from trees for water and nutrients.

For the best leaf color and perfect flowers, some winter shade is beneficial. In colder areas, wind protection and winter shade reduces cold damage. Gardeners can achieve success by planting Camellias under evergreen trees, near buildings and fences, or protected by lath to provide wind protection and winter shade. Mulch is also important to protect the roots from freezing although I try to keep mulch from touching the trunk of the plants.

In the first year, extra effort should be spent to establish the plants. Sufficient water is the most important need of the plant and it is necessary to water heavily so that the entire root ball is moistened. Between waterings the roots should begin to dry before the next application of water. For northern areas, spring planting is recommended since it allows the plant to acclimate before hard freezes. For extreme northern areas a wrap of burlap and leaves or a micro-foam tent (described in Dr. Ackerman's Book) helps small plants through the first few winters since a larger established plant can survive hard winters more easily. In general two or three-year plants establish better than very young plants.

Once established, Camellias are quite low maintenance. Droughts reduce flower bud set and growth but rarely kill Camellias. A light fertilization in spring will increase growth but is not necessary for healthy plants. Without pruning most varieties develop into very nicely shaped bushes and will bloom quite well. Cutting back long shoots and other pruning should be done just after blooming.

Selected Camellia cultivars can be grown where temperatures drop to -5° Fahrenheit or even colder with proper protection. The most cold hardy plants are distinguished by "zone 6A" following the name while "zone 6B" plants are almost as cold hardy. Camellias produce excellent flowers in a cool greenhouse and the bloom time can be controlled easily by less or more heat. They are not easily cultured in a warm house with dry air since the plants need a dormant period of low temperatures. Dr. Ackerman's book, *Beyond the Camellia Belt* provides good information on Camellia culture in zone 7 and colder. We recommend and are offering this book for sale.

Celebrating 36 Years at Camellia Forest Nursery!

Thank you to all of our loyal customers who have kept us growing over the past 36 years. It has been a pleasure serving you and we appreciate your business. We invite you to visit us at one of our seasonal open houses in 2015.

Winter Open House

Fridays and Saturdays
9am-5pm
February 27-28th
March 6-7th

Winter Open House is a fun time to visit the nursery. Many of the winter blooming Camellias are starting to put on a show, as are other plants of winter interest. It is also a great opportunity to visit 3 premier nurseries in the central NC area. We have coordinated the dates with Plant Delights Nursery and Pine Knot Hellebore Farm to maximize your plant buying adventure. Make it a weekend and visit the JCRA and Duke Gardens while in town.

Spring Open House

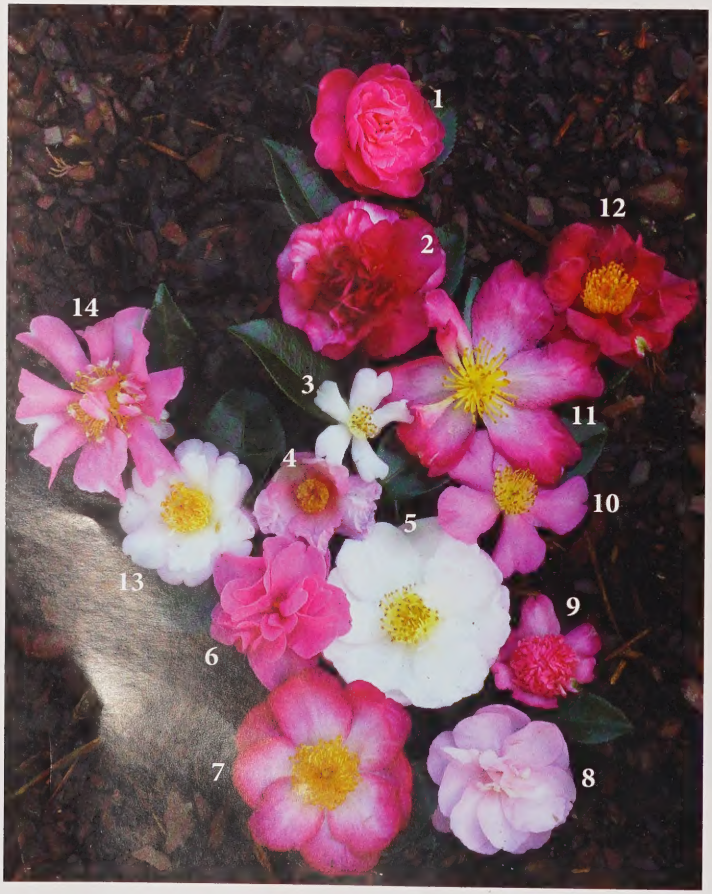
Fridays and Saturdays
9am-5pm
Sundays 1-5pm
March 20-22nd
April 3-5th, 10-12th, and 17-19th

Spring Open House is a splendid time to visit the nursery. The *Camellia japonica* and spring blooming Camellia hybrids will be in full flower along with the Camellia Forest strain of the heat tolerant Primula. Other spring blooming trees and shrubs, including Forsythia, Viburnum and Lilac should also be in flower too. We also have a "Large Specimen Sale" featuring plants that are too large to ship.

Fall Open House

Fridays and Saturdays
9am-5pm
Sundays 1-5pm
October 2-4th, 9-11th, and 16-18th

Fall Open House is the best time of year to select from the fall blooming Camellias. The early season Camellia sasanqua and other fall blooming Camellia hybrids will be showing off along with many other colorful trees and shrubs! This is also the best time to pick up the newest additions to our inventory. We also have a "Large Specimen Sale" featuring plants that are too large to ship.

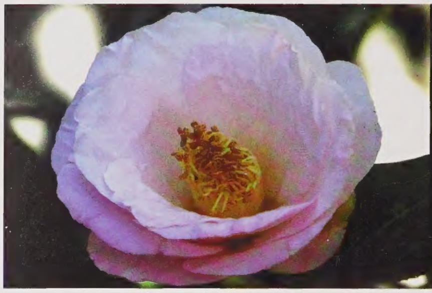


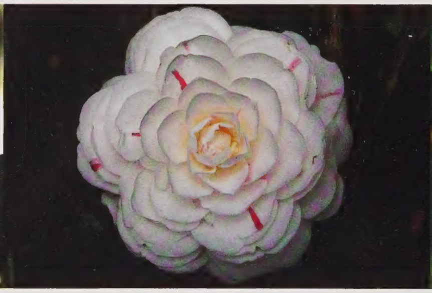
Pictured On Front Cover

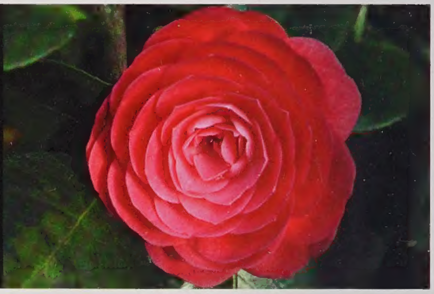
1. **'Autumn Spirit'**
2. **'Bonanza' (Var.)**
3. **'Starry Pillar'**
4. **'Katsu Zumi'**
5. **'Asakura'**
6. **'Lauren'**
7. **'Autumn Sunrise'**
8. **'Autumn Sentinel'**
9. **'Choji Guruma'**
10. **'Rosy Pillar'**
11. **'Rainbow'**
12. **'Midnight Lover'**
13. **'Kiro Shiro Kantsubaki'**
14. **'Dream Quilt'**

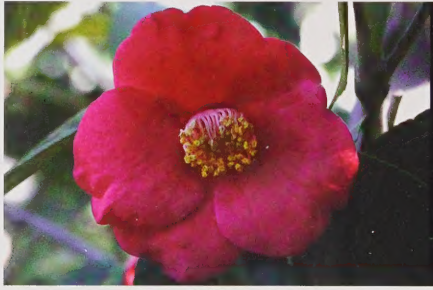
Camellia
'Dazzler'
Page 32

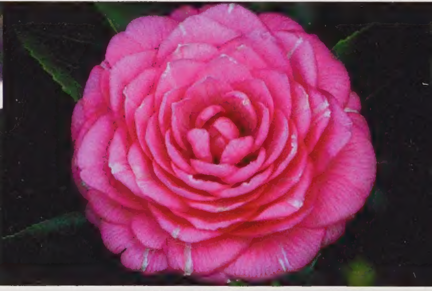
Our Top Picks:
Cold Hardy, Spring Blooming

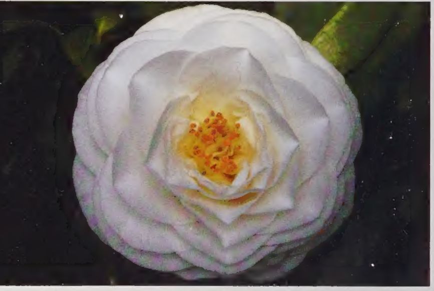

'April Blush'

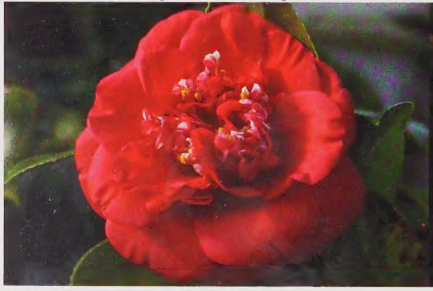

'April Dawn'

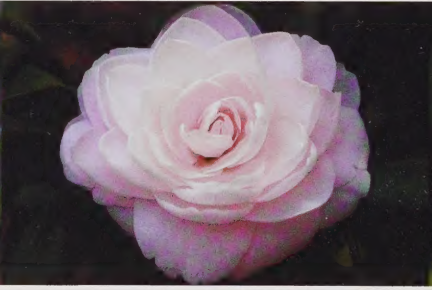

'April Kiss'

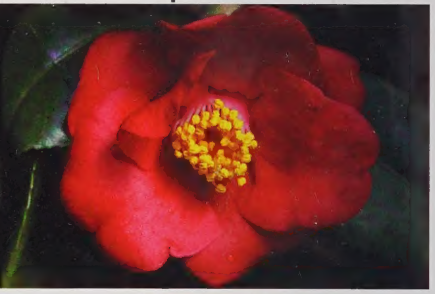

'April Melody'

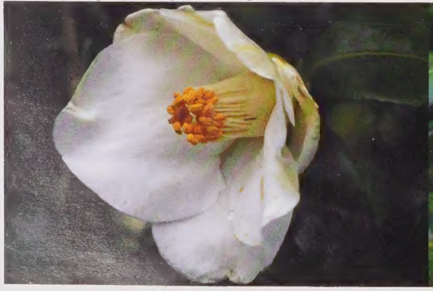

'April Rose'

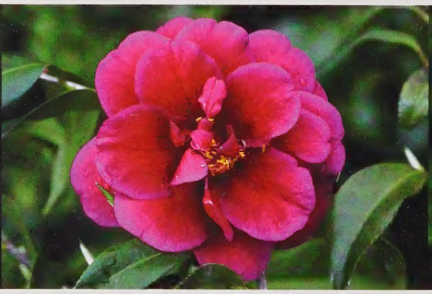

'April Snow'

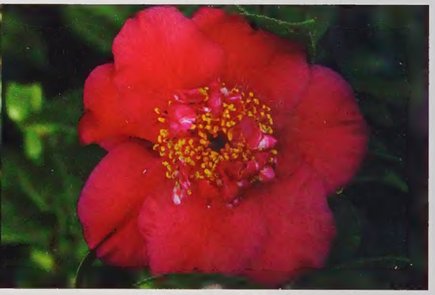

'April Tryst'

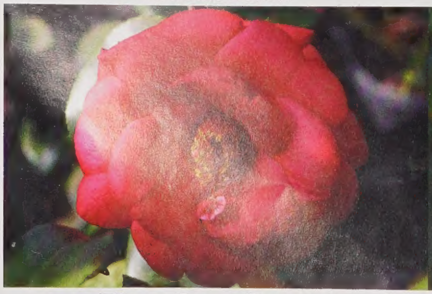

'Classic Pink'

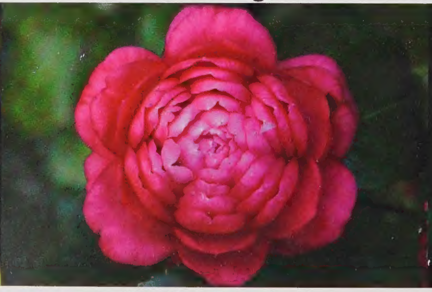

'Korean Fire'

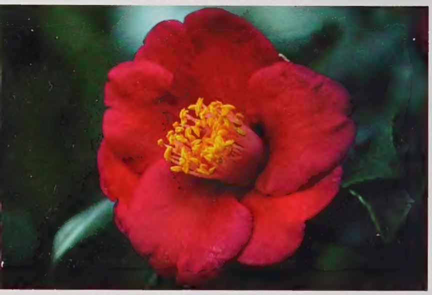

'Korean Snow'


'Kuro Delight'


'Maroon Mist'


'River Farm Beauty'


'Stellar Sunrise'


'Tiny Tot'

Cold Hardy, Spring Blooming Cultivars

CF 'April Blush' (zone 6B) – 'April Blush' grows into the classic Camellia bush with deep green leaves, shell pink and semi-double blooms. It sets buds freely, and flowers in mid-season. The relatively slow growth guarantees dense leaves and a plant of smaller stature. (*C. japonica* 'Berenice Boddy' × 'Dr. Tinsley') **$16, $27,** and **$60**

CF 'April Dawn' (zone 6B) – The candy-stripe flowers make this a unique plant for several reasons. The flowers are mostly white with a few deep pink streaks, which make it special and occasional branch sports will result in various color patterns such as half deep pink and half white flowers. The medium-sized, formal double flowers are produced in profusion from mid to late season. The habit of the plant is upright and very vigorous. At first young plants will grow rapidly and after a few years they fill in very nicely. A five-foot specimen in New Jersey has bloomed well for several years. (*C. japonica* 'Berenice Boddy' × 'Herme') **$16, $27,** and **$60**

CF 'April Kiss' (zone 6B) – This vigorous grower has small pinkish-red formal blooms. It makes a very heavy bud-set and blooms at the beginning of the spring season. This is the earliest of the "April Series", and with its heavy bloom makes a dependable display in the garden. It has upright growth and attractive glossy leaves. (*C. japonica* 'Berenice Boddy' × 'Reg Ragland') **$27** and **$60**

CF 'April Melody' (zone 6B) – This compact, erect and moderate grower has single, small rose-red blooms. 'April Melody' starts blooming early and extends over a long blooming season. This variety was selected because it is a strong grower and very cold hardy (*C. japonica* 'Bernice Boddy' × 'Rev. John Bennett') **$16**

CF 'April Pink' (zone 6B) – Soft pink formal double flowers remind us of 'Pink Perfection' but the plant was one to survive -9°F temperatures in 1985. A few blooms start early but the peak bloom is usually March (mid-season) or later here in NC, the bloom size is small. The many petals often shade darker at the edges while the numerous flowers make a good garden display. The plant has compact growth making a nice dense shrub. (*C. japonica* 'Berenice Boddy' × 'Kumasaka') **$16** and **$60**

CF 'April Remembered' (zone 6A) – This vigorous upright grower with spreading branches has large, cream to pink shaded, semi-double flowers. The bud set is substantial, and the flowers are produced over a long period from early to late season. This selection is slightly larger in all respects and much hardier than its mother, 'Berenice Boddy'. I believe this to be one of the hardiest Camellias. (*C. japonica* 'Berenice Boddy' × 'Dr. Tinsley') **$16, $27,** and **$60**

CF 'April Rose' (zone 6A) – This very compact and relatively slow-growing plant has rose-red formal double flowers. The medium-sized blooms are very pretty and bloom late in the season. After the severe cold of January 1985, this was the only Camellia among thousands in our collections, to open flowers to any degree, and cold-induced dieback was not recorded in any of the three individuals in our test plots. (*C. japonica* 'Berenice Boddy' × 'Kumasaka') **$16, $27,** and **$60**

CF 'April Snow' (zone 6B) – This relatively slow growing, well-formed plant has white, rose-form double flowers. The medium to large flowers open late in the season. Good white clones have been the most difficult to select because the white petals show cold injury much more than pinks and reds. The leaves are exceptionally large. (*C. japonica* 'Triphosa' × 'Betty Sheffield Supreme') **$16** and **$60**

CF 'April Tryst' (zone 6B) – An erect plant with a medium growth rate forms a nicely shaped plant with bright red, medium-sized anemone-form flowers. It has a heavy bud-set and flowers over a long period in the middle to late part of the season. In many varieties, dense clusters of petaloids in the center of the flower are easily damaged by cold before the flower opens; however, this clone opens flowers of good quality after periods of very cold weather. (Seedling of 'Yours Truly') **$16** and **$60**

'Arctic Dawn' (zone 6B) – The neon coral pink blooms are produced in abundance and vary from semi-double to peony form, with a bloom time of mid to late season. This vigorous plant is upright growing and has nice dark green leaves. This is one of Dr. Ackerman's introductions with *C. oleifera* crossed with a spring bloomer. (*C. × williamsii* 'November Pink' × *C. oleifera* 'Lushan Snow') **$27**

'Ashton's High Rise' (zone 6B) – This medium-sized rose-form double flower is pinkish red. Dr. Ackerman, the originator, recommends this one for sites requiring a narrow, upright plant. The blooms open mid-season and the leaves are a deep dark green. (*C. japonica* 'Billie McCaskill' × 'Variety Z') **$27** and **$60**

'Aunt Jetty' (zone 6B) – This is a form of 'Governor Mouton', which shows pure red flowers and thus are a clear oriental red free of the white blotches on the petals of 'Governor Mouton'. The flowers are a medium-sized peony form. **$27**

'Betty Sette' (zone 6B) – This Dr. Ackerman selection has pink formal double flowers late in the season. The leaves tend to be dark green and somewhat rolled under making them appear rounded. The plant has slow and compact growth. (*C. japonica* 'Frost Queen' × 'Variety Z') **$16**

CF 'Classic Pink' (zone 6B) – This outstanding cold hardy variety has pale-pink formal double flowers very late in the season. The medium-sized flowers usually open from early to late April here in NC. A slow grower with many branches. It develops an upright rounded shape without pruning. Plant Patent #12,614 ('Berenice Boddy' × 'Kumasaka') **$16**

'Ice Follies' (zone 6B) – The bright pink flowers are semi-double and open in March and April. The plant has open and spreading growth. (*C.* × *williamsii* 'November Pink' × *C. oleifera* 'Lu Shan Snow') **$27** and **$60**

'Jerry Hill' (zone 6B) – This cultivar developed by Dr. Ackerman has rose pink, medium-sized formal double flowers late in the season. The plant has dense and upright growth with glossy and dark green leaves. (*C. japonica* 'Frost Queen' × 'Variety Z') **$16**

'Korean Fire' (zone 6A) – While working in Korea, Barry Yinger heard about Camellias growing on islands near the border of North and South Korea. He thought these could be very cold-hardy and collected specimens which were distributed and tested. Mr. Yinger made this selection at his garden in central Pennsylvania after temperatures dropped to -23°F. The single flowers are red and bloom early in the season. The plant is compact with handsome foliage. **$16** and **$60**

CF 'Korean Snow' (zone 6B) – This is one of the seedlings grown from seeds collected at the northern range of Camellia in Korea. This is similar to other cold hardy Korean selections but the single flowers have pure white petals. The leaves are dark glossy green and rounded, as the edges of the leaf tend to curl under. The blooms open early in the season. For those of you in colder areas this is probably the best choice for a white spring bloomer. **$16**

'Kumasaka' (zone 6B) – One of the oldest Camellias recorded in literature, this variety has been grown in Japan since 1695. The medium to large size, peony form blooms are a deep rose color and open late in the season. This plant has proven to be exceptionally cold hardy. **$16, $27,** and **$60**

'Kuro Delight' (zone 6A) – This plant has the darkest red flowers of any of the cold hardy Camellias. The medium-sized maroon red flowers are usually semi-double. At first the plant has slow spreading growth but becomes a moderate upright grower once planted in the ground. Mid-season bloom. The leaves are long and narrow like those of a peach tree. **$16**

'Kuro Delight' (Var.) (zone 6A) – Identical to 'Kuro Delight' except it sometimes has yellow variegated leaves and white spots on the flowers from the yellow mottling virus. **$16**

'Maroon Mist' (zone 6B) – This Ackerman introduction has dark maroon red flowers. The flowers are single to semi-double with a large central cluster of anthers and the bloom season is late. (*C. japonica* × *C. oleifera*) **$16** and **$27**

'Meadow Brook' (zone 6A) – This Morris Arboretum selection differs from the others because of outstanding blue-green foliage and rosy red colored single flowers. The original plant is 12 feet tall and 6 feet wide. The foliage is lustrous and the plant blooms every year. **$27**

'Pink Icicle' (zone 6B) – This hybrid from Dr. Ackerman has shell pink, semi-double to peony form flowers in early spring (February into March). The dark green leaves tolerate winter sun well and make a nice background for the large flowers. This is a very vigorous and upright plant that grows to 10 feet tall in six years and is disease resistant. (*C.* × *williamsii* 'November Pink' × *C. oleifera* 'Lu Shan Snow') **$16**

CF 'Red Aurora' (zone 6B) – The semi-double to rose-form flowers are large and a strong, rich red with a hint of pink and are produced in the middle of the Camellia bloom season. The upright form with spreading branches is almost as wide as it is tall, and it is very hardy. The leaves are relatively large. (*C. japonica* 'Snowbell' × 'Midnight') **$16**

'Red Fellow' (zone 6B) – An Ackerman selection having bright red, large, semi-double flowers that appear late in the season. Plant has a spreading habit. (*C. oleifera* × *C. japonica*) **$16**

CF 'Red Jade' (zone 6B) – One of a few Camellias to survive the -9°F cold in 1985, this plant bears small to medium, light red, semi-double flowers in great profusion. The flowers start to open early in the season which is usually in late January or February for us. Since the plant makes so many buds it can still be blooming in early April. This moderate grower forms a nicely shaped bush with a compact habit. (*C. japonica* 'Berenice Boddy' × 'Midnight') **$16**

'River Farm Beauty' (zone 6B) – This bright, crimson red, rose-form double has moderately large flowers. It blooms mid-season to late. The plant is dense and slow growing, and the hardiness is excellent. Developed by Dr. William L. Ackerman of Ashton, Maryland in 1992. (*C. japonica* 'Mrs. Bertha A. Harms' × Variety Z) **$27** and **$60**

'Spring Cardinal' (zone 6B) – This cold hardy hybrid has small, crimson red, formal double flowers from early to mid-season. It's habit is upright and dense. (*C. japonica* × *C. oleifera*) **$16** and **$60**

'Spring Frill' (zone 6B) – The bright iridescent pink flowers are rose-form double and open late in the season. (*C. oleifera* 'Plain Jane' × *C.* × *vernalis* 'Egao') **$16**

CF 'Spring's Promise' (zone 6B) – The rose-red, medium-sized, single flowers are produced in late fall, during warm periods in the middle of winter and into the early spring; thus the promise of spring. 'Spring's Promise' was selected for use in the garden landscape because of its excellent upright and compact plant form, tendency to flower freely and tolerance of sites with slightly poor drainage. (*C. japonica* 'Berenice Boddy' × 'Kumasaka') **$16**

CF 'Spring Song' (zone 6A) – From a plant breeder's point of view this plant is a mystery because the parent plant is not exceptionally hardy and very rarely even makes seeds. 'Spring Song' makes small light pink flowers, which open to a trumpet shape. The foliage is quite delicate and it blooms early in the season. (Seedling of 'Sukiya') **$16** and **$27**

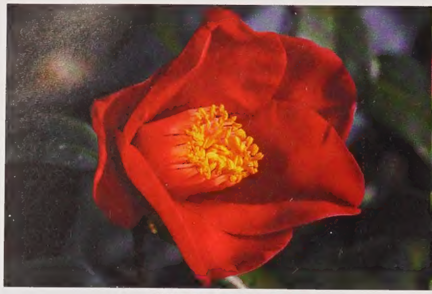
'Squadron Leader Astin' (zone 6B) – A chance seedlings that has proven hardy in Oklahoma. The small semi-double flowers are white and bloom late in the season. Thanks to Don Sutton for providing the cuttings of the true plant since the first batch turned out to be at least two different pink flowered varieties. **$27** and **$60**

CF 'Stellar Sunrise' (zone 6B) – This is the solid pink sport of 'April Dawn'. The deep pink formal double flowers often have incurved petals and bloom from mid to late in the season. The plant is very vigorous and upright growing with large dark green glossy leaves. This plant develops into a very handsome landscape plant with a heavy bud set. (Sport of *C. japonica* 'April Dawn') **$16**

NEW, CF 'Tiny Tot' (zone 6B) – In the mid 1980's Barry Yinger collected seed from Camellias grown near the demilitarized zone in South Korea. These have turned out to be some of the most cold hardy Camellias available. This seedling from that collection has grown very slowly with a more spreading habit. We expect this to reach about four feet tall and six or eight feet wide. The miniature flowers are a red single that starts blooming very early in the fall despite having *C. japonica* as a parent. The cold hardiness is untested but we expect good hardiness. **$25** and **$50**

Camellia
'Dream Quilt'
Page 32

Our Top Picks:
Spring Blooming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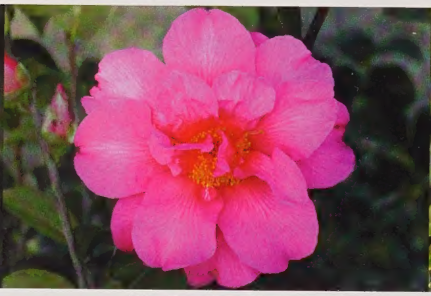
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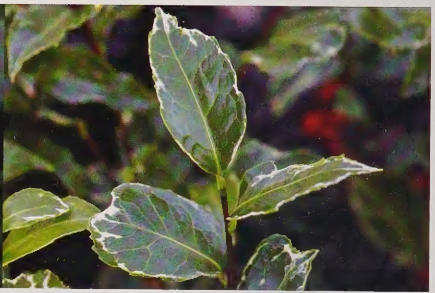
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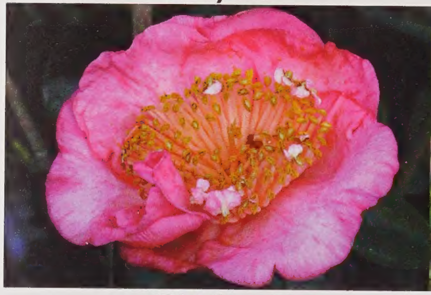
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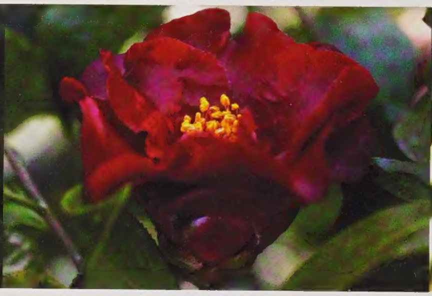
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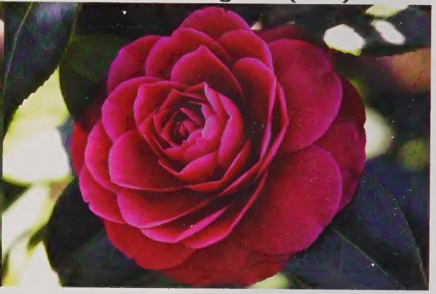
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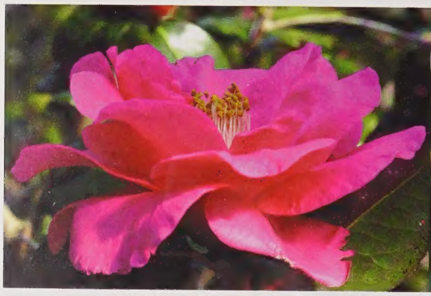
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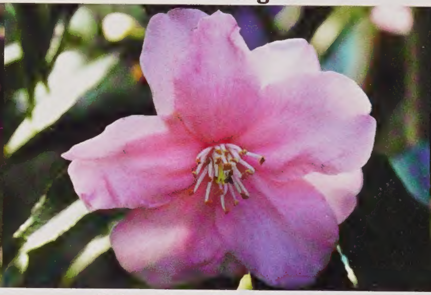
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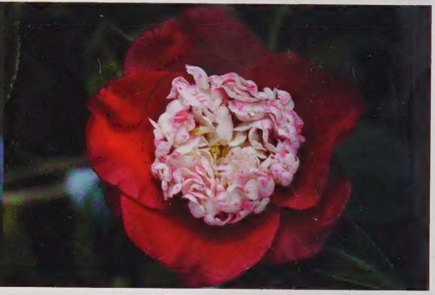
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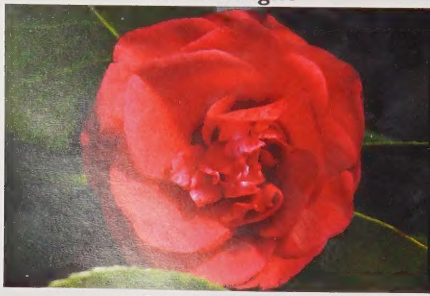
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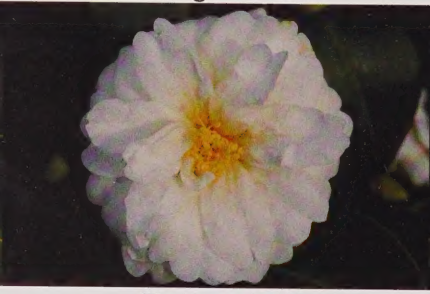
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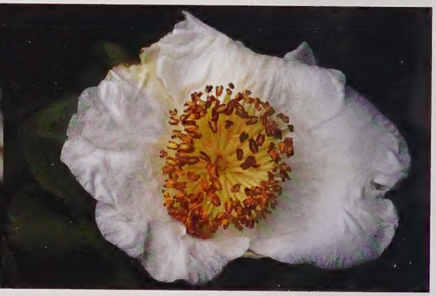
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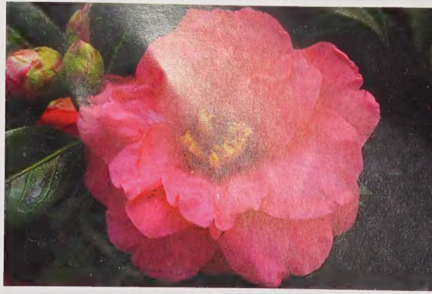
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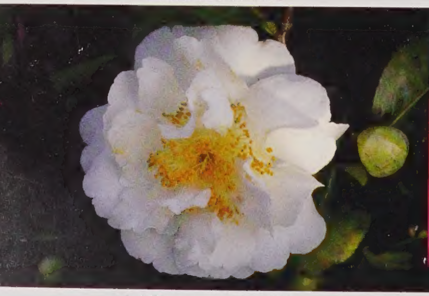
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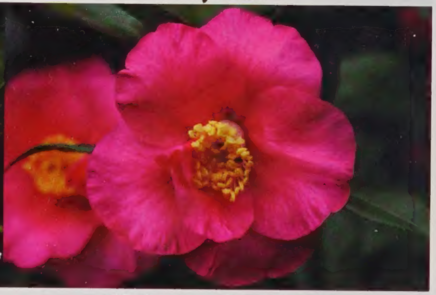
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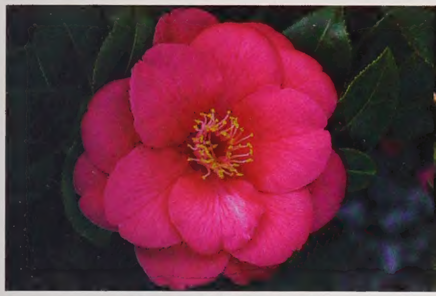
Our Top Picks:
Spring Blooming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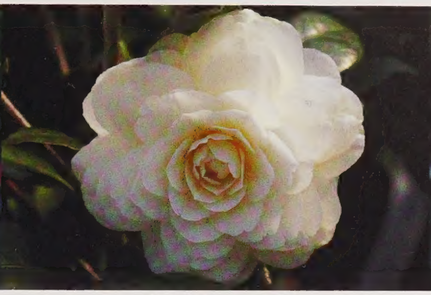
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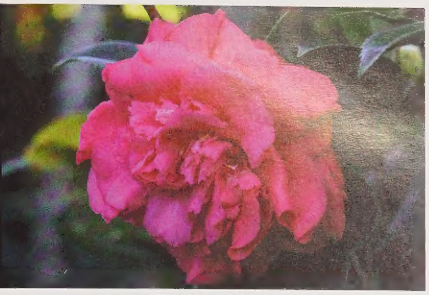
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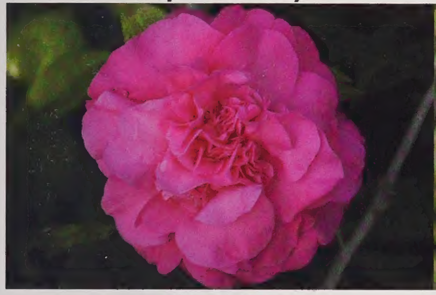
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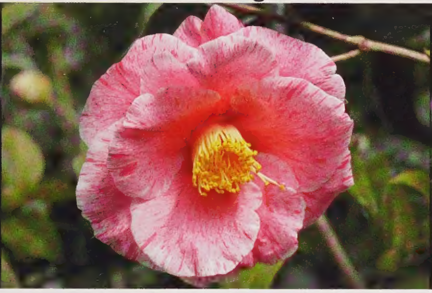
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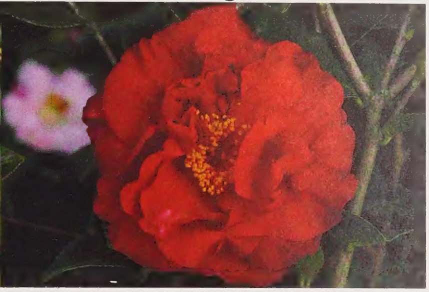
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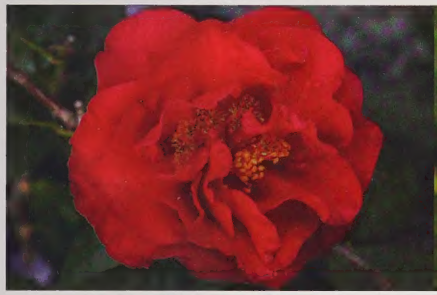
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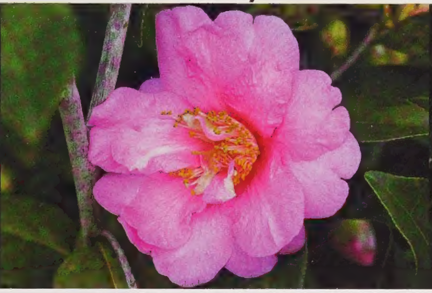
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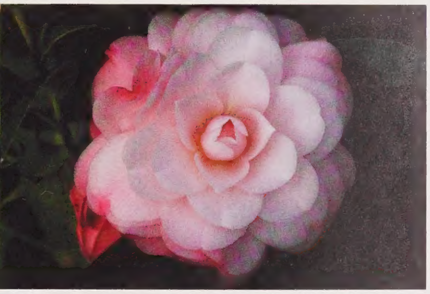
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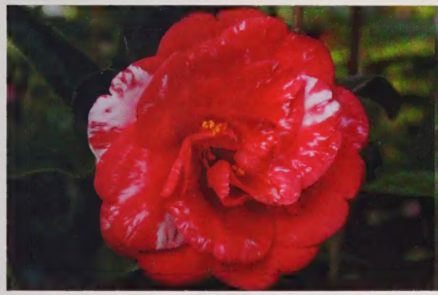
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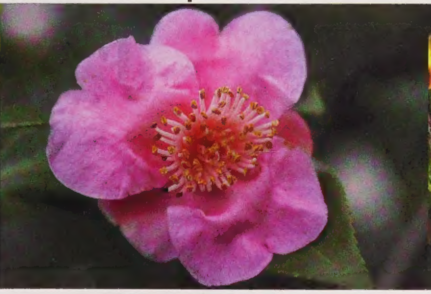
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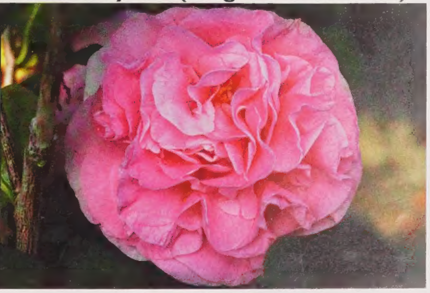
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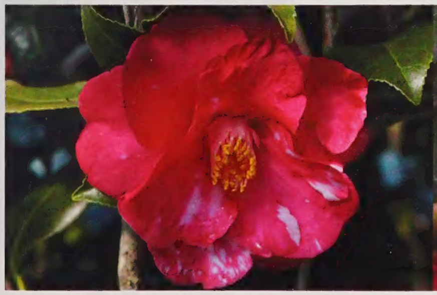
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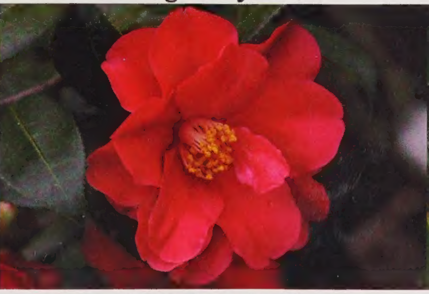
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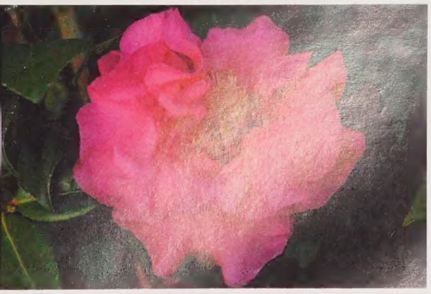
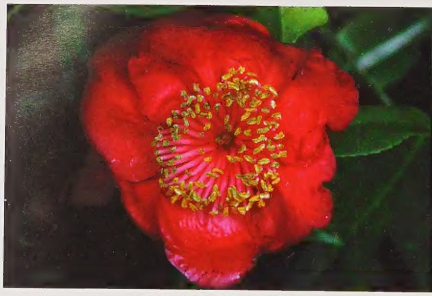

'Hallstone Spicy'

Our Top Picks:

Spring Blooming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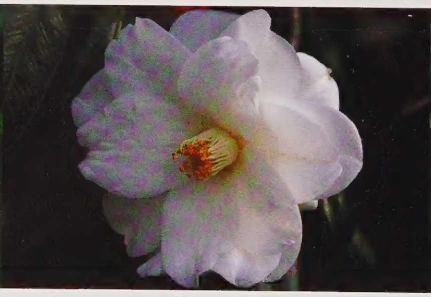
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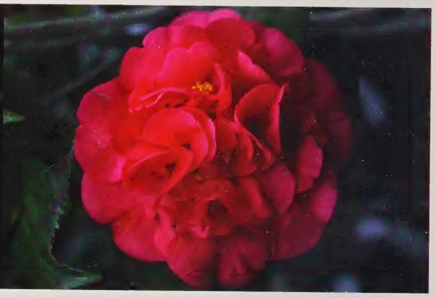
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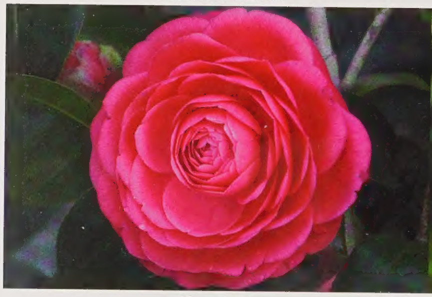
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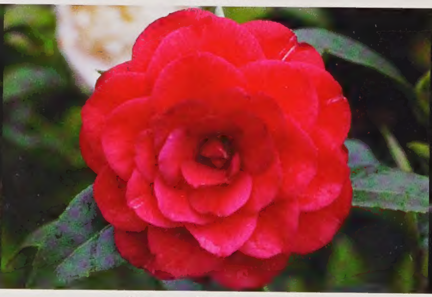
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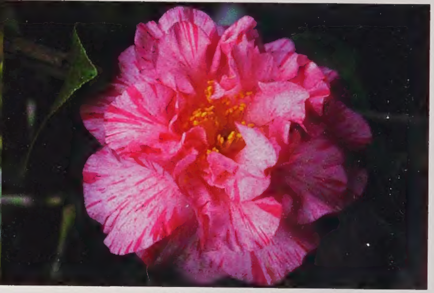
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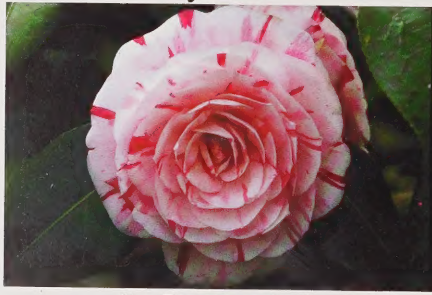
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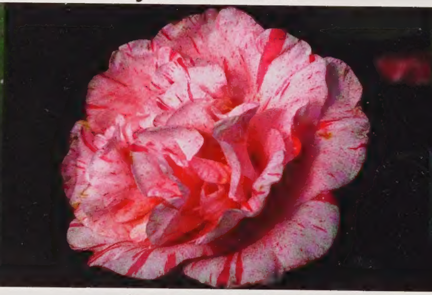
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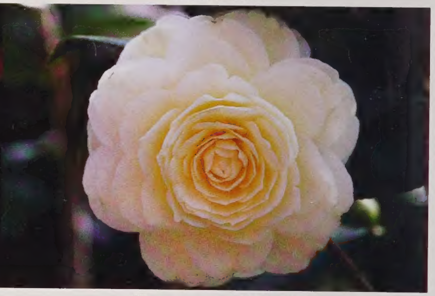
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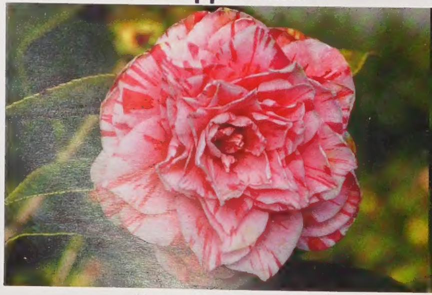
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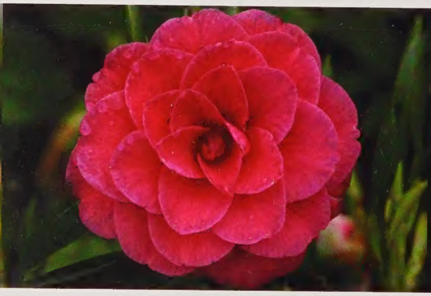
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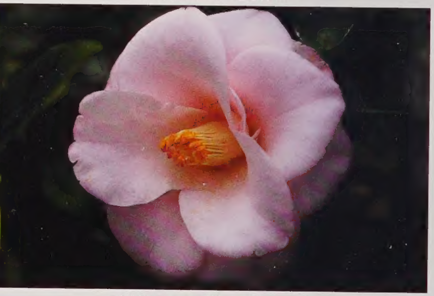
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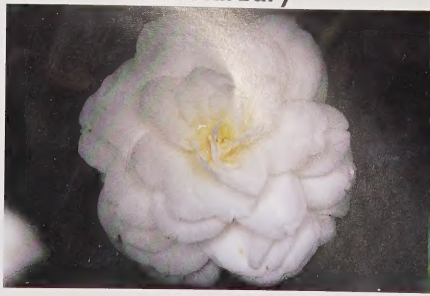
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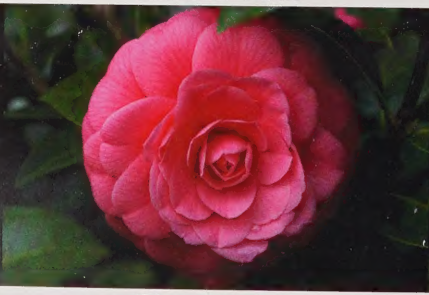
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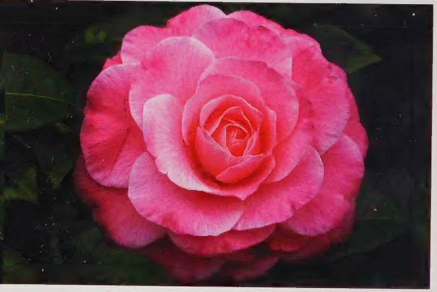
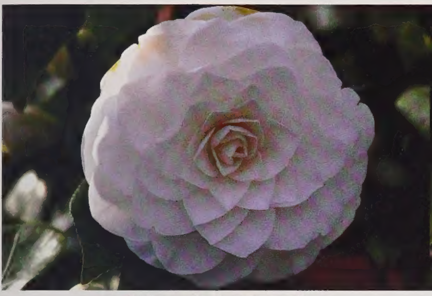

'Nuccio's Cameo'

Our Top Picks:
Spring Blooming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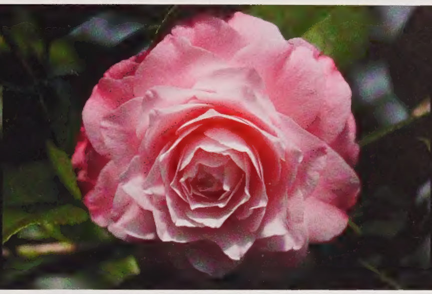
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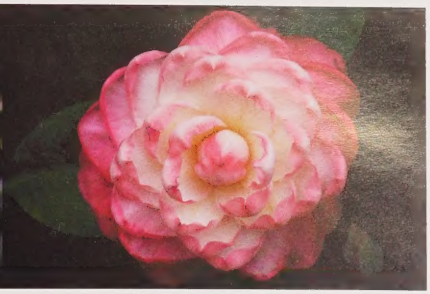
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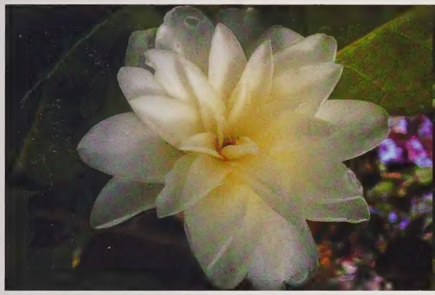
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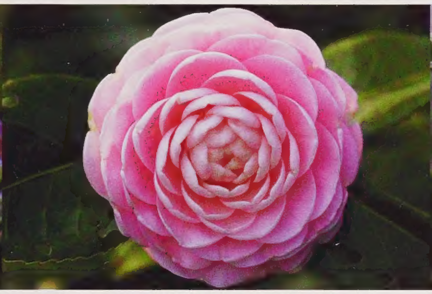
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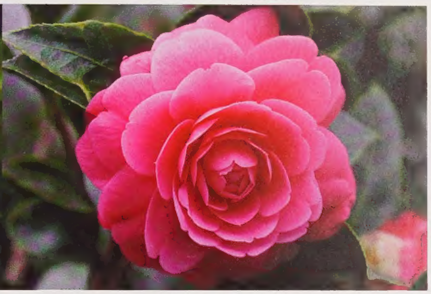
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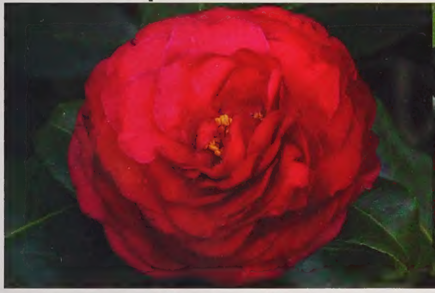
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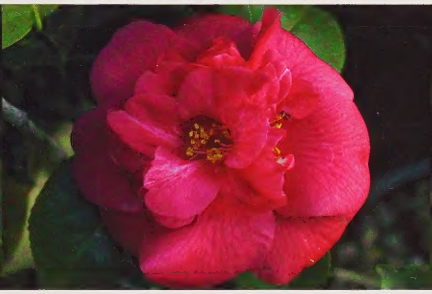
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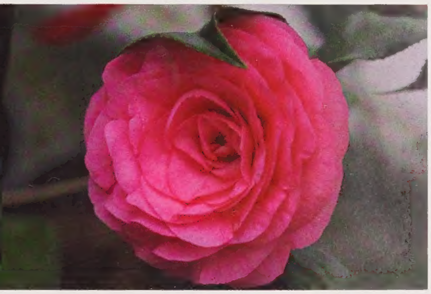
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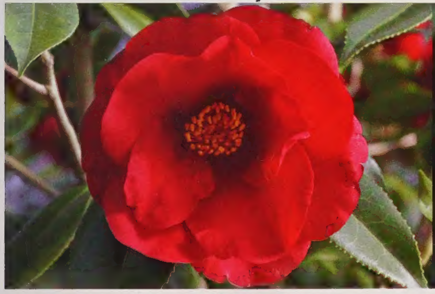
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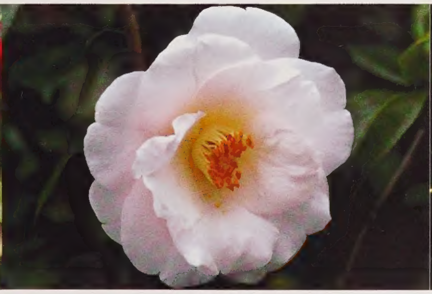
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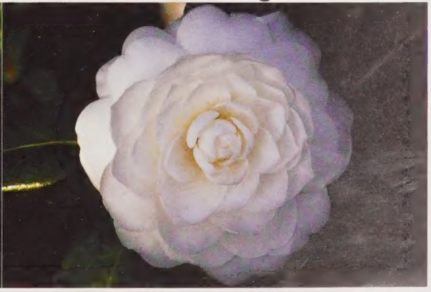
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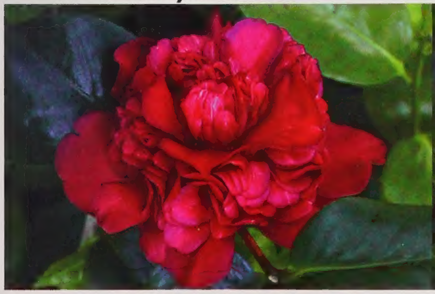
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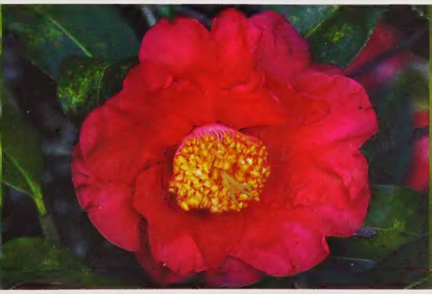
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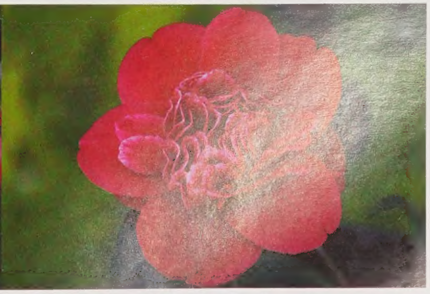
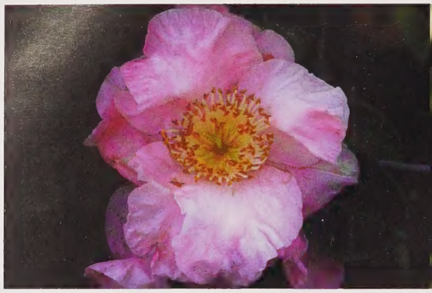

'Shikibu'

Our Top Picks:
Spring Blooming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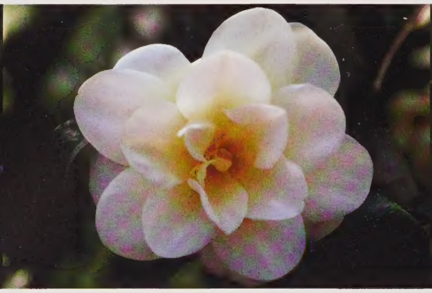
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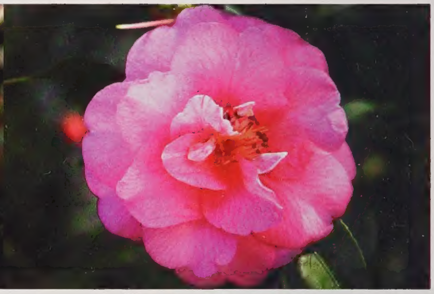
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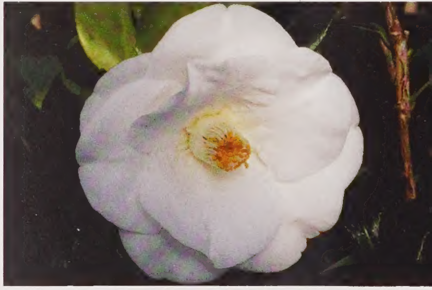
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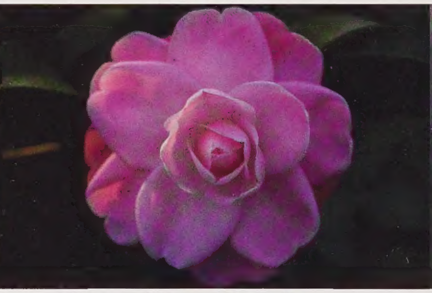
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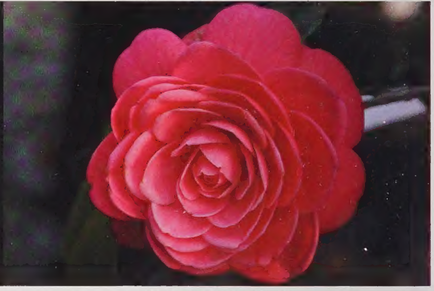
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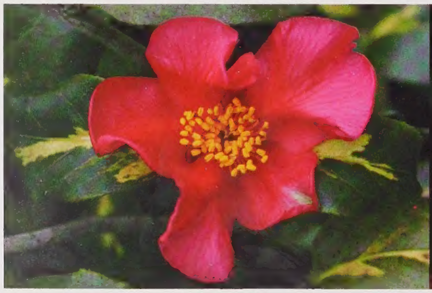
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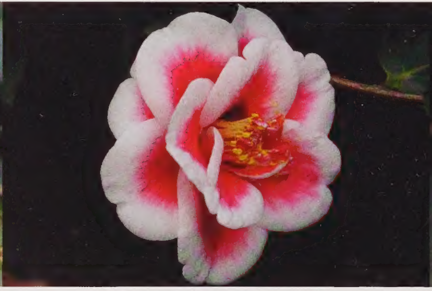
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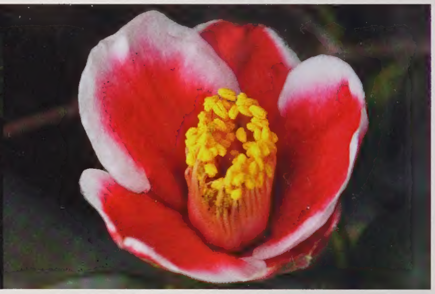
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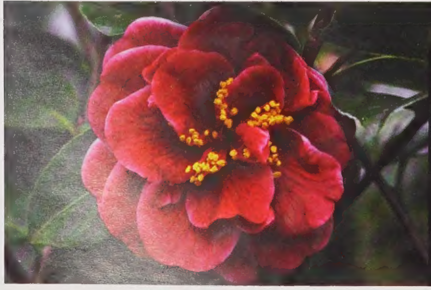
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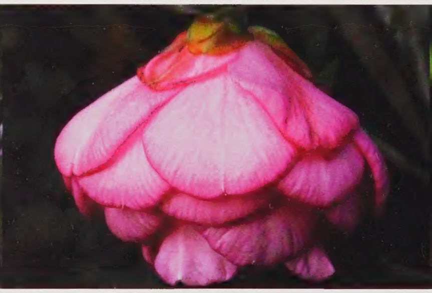
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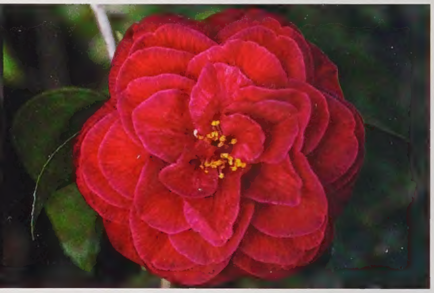
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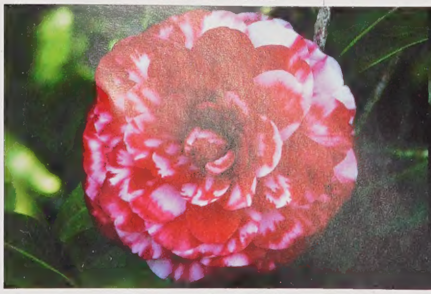
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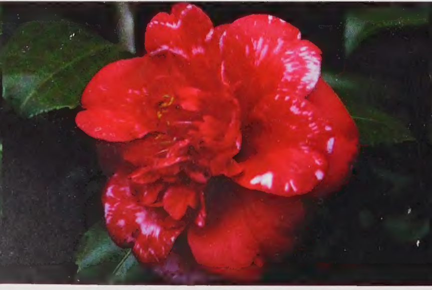
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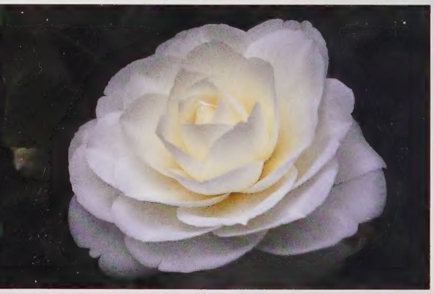

'White By The Gate'

Spring Blooming *C. japonica* Cultivars and Hybrids

CF 'Adeyaka' (zone 7A) – This bright red, medium-sized, single flower blooms from early to mid-season (December until March). The petals are a saturated true red with a cylinder of yellow stamens and the flower is the model of the Camellia Forest logo. The glossy dark green leaves are longer and narrower than the species and the plant has an upright and compact habit. This winter hardy selection is intended for landscape use because of the exceptionally glossy leaves and intense color of the flowers. **$16**

NEW 'Ai No Izumi' (zone 7) – A wonderful light pink formal double. This is a slightly looser form than 'Pink Perfection', but still a great addition to the garden. A very upright, almost columnar grower. **$16**

NEW 'Baby Bear' (zone 8) – A dwarf Camellia growing 3-6in per year. In early spring it produces prolific pale pink single flowers, about 1.5in across that cover the plant. The very small leaves are narrow and pointed. (*C. rosaeflora* × *C. tsaii*) **$16**

CF 'Ballet in Pink' (zone 7A) – This plant performs like a 4th of July fireworks finale. Even small plants open flowers at each node along the stem so that the branch is completely covered by large orchid pink blooms. The peony form flower and plant are typical of the *C.* × *williamsii* hybrids and is quite dieback resistant. The plant has upright growth especially when young. The leaves have reticulate veins and are quite leathery. (*C. saluenensis* × *C. japonica* 'Kramer's Supreme') **$27** and **$60**

'Benten Kagura' (Var.) (zone 7) – A leaf sport of 'Daikagura' that has the same early fall blooming habit with red and white large-sized peony form flowers. In Japan "Benten" is added to a cultivar name to indicate a leaf with a dark center and a light border. The mutation is probably in one cell layer of the leaf and this causes the leaves to have an irregular white border on misshapen leaves. The variegation is striking and gives the plant a white and green appearance. The red flowers have heavy white mottles caused by virus and often start blooming in early October here in NC. **$16, $35** and **$60**

NEW 'Bessie McArthur' (zone 7) – This is a large semi-double, deep clear pink with prominent stamens. This is a seedling raised by Gerbing and introduced in 1938. **$16**

NEW, CF 'Bill Edwards' (zone 7) – One of our seedlings trialed by Bill Edwards in Clemmons, NC which has become an outstanding plant. Besides having great foliage, the bloom season is extended and dependable. the semi-double flowers range from white to red with many different pink striped patterns. White with red stripes, white with pink and red stripes, or pink with white stripes are possible. **$16**

'Bishônen' (zone 7) – Large Higo form flowers have a pink background with a peppering of deeper pink and carmine stripes and marks, and the characteristic Higo burst of golden anthers. The bloom time is mid to late season. The growth habit is spreading. This is a sport of Higo 'Shintsukasa-nishiki' and from the Higo collection of Ohta Nursery in Kumamoto, Japan. **$16** and **$27**

'Black Magic' (zone 7) – The flowers have an unusual glossy appearance and are a very dark red. The flowers are medium-sized and semi-double to rose-form double and the flowers open late in the season. The leaves have exaggerated serrations making the foliage very interesting year round. The plant has very upright growth, which is almost columnar when young. **$16**

'Black Tie' (zone 7) – The flowers are a very dark red. The flowers are medium-sized and formal double and the flowers open early to mid-season. The plant has upright growth and stays bushy. **$16**

'Black Tie' (Var.) (zone 7) – Identical to 'Black Tie' except this plant has viral variegation. The flowers can have varying amounts of white mottling to them, usually only small markings on the dark, glossy red flowers for us. **$27**

CF 'Blue Twilight' (zone 7B) – Tom Nuccio said this is the bluest Camellia he has ever seen but there is no true blue Camellia available at the moment. This "Retic" hybrid has the large and spectacular flowers, large coreacious leaves and open vigorous habit of these plants. The semi-double flowers have the ruffled petals in a bluish pink color. In mid-season, 'Blue Twilight' blooms well in a protected location in Chapel Hill, NC or it produces plate sized flowers in a cool greenhouse. (*C.* × *williamsii* 'William's Lavender' × *C. reticulata* 'Cornelian') **$16** and **$27**

CF 'Blushing Fountains' (zone 7B) – This hybrid between C. japonica and C. tsaii has an abundance of light pink, single flowers late in the season. The plant is very vigorous and is upright with gently arching branches. The long, narrow leaves are attractive with a very pointed tip. (*C. japonica* × *C. tsaii*) **$27** and **$60**

'Bokuhan' (Var.) = 'Tinsie' (zone 7B) – A very unusual, interesting, miniature anemone form with deep red outer guard petal and a center of small, white dense petaloids. It has vigorous, upright growth with long oval leaves. **$16** and **$27**

'Boutonniere' (zone 7) – This miniature, rose-form double with outer, deep red petals and inner petals streaked with white blooms from mid to late season. The habit is widely spreading, and the growth is slow. This cultivar appeared in the Magnolia Garden Nursery Catalogue in 1942-1943, but it is believed to be an older "lost-label" variety from Europe. **$27** and **$60**

'Buttermint' (zone 8A) – Curiously, this hybrid from Nuccio's has a pale yellow color while neither parent has yellow flowers. The rose-form double flowers on a first generation hybrid are also unusual. The pale yellow, miniature, rose-form double flowers appear over a long season starting in March and are produced in profusion. (*C. japonica* × *C. kissi*) **$16** and **$60**

Spring Blooming Cultivars and Hybrids

'Carter's Sunburst' (zone 7A) – A spectacular peony form double with dark pink streaks on a medium pink petal. **$16**

NEW 'Carter's Sunburst Special' (zone 7A) – This differs from 'Carter's Sunburst' in that it has more of a rose-form double flower and darker pink petals with stronger pink streaking. Sometimes it even presents a light pink edge giving a great three dimensional look to the flowers. **$16**

'Catherine Cathcart Variegated' (zone 7) – A fully double pink, marbled with white that blooms late in the flowering season. The growth rate is slow, and thus this variety is suitable for the garden with limited space. Originated at Magnolia Gardens, Charleston, South Carolina around 1938. **$27** and **$60**

'Charlean Var.' (zone 7A) – This cultivar has large, medium pink semi-double blooms with orchid overtones. White mottles can be seen in the flowers. It has upright growth, is disease resistant, and blooms mid to late season. (*C. japonica* 'Donckelarii' × *C. × williamsii* 'Donation') **$16**

'Chrissie' (Var.) (zone 7) – This cultivar has a large semi-double, white flower that has peony-like petaloids in the floral center. Flowers are medium size and often form a cup shape. Originated as a seedling of 'Magnoliaeflora' about 1950. **$27**

'Chûjôhaku' (Var.) (zone 7) – The large, pure white, single flowers open flat with wide spreading stamens in the typical Higo form. Occasionally, some flowers are anemone form. The rate of growth is rather slow, and the habit is somewhat spreading. The first flowers appear in autumn like *C. sasanqua* cultivars and continue for much of the bloom season. **$27** and **$60**

'Cinnamon Cindy' (zone 7B) – In early spring, the small 2-3" flowers adorn the plant with white inner petals and pink outer petals. The peony form flowers have a wonderfully spicy but sweet fragrance. (*C. japonica* 'Kenyotai' × *C. lutchuensis*) **$16**

'Coral Delight' (zone 7) – This × williamsii hybrid has unusually bright coral-pink flowers and makes an outstanding show on a slower growing plant with deep green leaves. The bloom season is mid-season. (*C. japonica* × *C. saluenensis*) **$16** and **$27**

'Cream Puff' (zone 7A) – This selection from Dr. Ackerman has a large white flower and a very faint fragrance. The semi-double to peony form flowers often have a few petals mixed with the stamens. The plant has vigorous upright growth and blooms mid to late in the season. (*C. japonica* 'Frost Queen' × 'White Butterfly') **$60**

CF 'Crimson Candles' (zone 7A) – The small, bright rose-red single flowers are produced from February to March. The new foliage is bronze-red . This is a very vigorous and disease resistant variety. The flower buds are deep red all winter as they mature – looking like red candles. The heavily budded plants rival azaleas in full bloom and are months ahead. The vegetative and floral hardiness is excellent; even after nights in the low 20s, the open flowers still have good color. The plant has upright growth and will be full in good light. (F_2 segregate of *C. reticulata* × *C. fraterna*) **$16, $27,** and **$60**

'Cup of Beauty' (zone 7) – This is a very showy large, rose-red, semi-double to rose-form double with a cupped form that blooms in mid-season. Originated in Magnolia Gardens, Charleston, SC about 1940. **$27** and **$60**

'Dahlohnega' (zone 7A) – This small plant has dense upright growth. Pale yellow, formal double flowers are produced late in the season. Developed by Walter Homeyer and named for the Cherokee word for gold. A slow and compact grower. **$16**

'Daikagura' (zone 7) – This deep rose-red peony form flower starts blooming in early October in central NC. This is special because the fall bloom avoids petal blight. It continues to bloom into spring. **$60**

'Debbie' (zone 7B) – This intense deep pink flower is a tight peony form and blooms heavily like most *C. × williamsii* hybrids. This upright grower blooms mid to late season. (*C. saluenensis* × *C. japonica* 'Debutante') **$60**

'Debutante' (zone 7A) – This lovely, nearly spherical, peony form flower in pale pink often starts blooming in November. The flowers are medium to large in size. The habit is erect and the leaves are a lighter green than most *C. japonica*. The plant is very cold hardy but the blooms do better in milder climates due to their timing. Introduced by Magnolia Gardens in the early 1900's. **$27** and **$60**

'Debutante Benten' (zone 7) – A lovely variegated foliage selection from the classic 'Debutante'. The foliage has a light yellow green margin with deeper green center. Produces a light pink peony flower like its parent, though slightly smaller. A vigorous, upright and very attractive plant. **$16**

'Destiny' (zone 7A) – This sport of 'Lady Clare' has striking white streaked deep pink flowers. This has the sturdy habit, large flowers and cold hardiness of 'Lady Clare'. Reported to be a triploid. **$16**

NEW 'Dick Hardison' (zone 7) – A dark red formal double with incurved petals, sometimes edged black-red. It blooms throughout the spring season with medium to large blooms. It has a dense growth habit and an average growth rate. **$16**

NEW 'Dixie Knight Supreme' (zone 7) – A stunning medium peony form of dark red with white variegation. In the Camellia world "Supreme" is added to a cultivar name to indicate an especially nice variegation. In this case the flower can have a moire variegation which is like ripples in water. **$16**

'Don Mac' (zone 7) – The large dark red flowers of this cultivar are often more than 5 inches across, and these semi-double flowers have attractive creped and curled petals. Originated by Mrs. Sylvia Donahoo of Pensacola, Florida. **$16**

Spring Blooming Cultivars and Hybrids

CF 'Dr. Clifford R. Parks' (zone 8) – This very large flower has variable flower forms from semi-double to anemone or peony and the color is an intense red with an orange cast. The plant has very large leaves and an open and vigorous growth habit. The bloom is in mid-season. This epitome of a big red show flower actually will grow outdoors in central NC but the floral display can be disappointing after a cold winter. The plant seems to be hardy to zone 7 but the flower buds are not so hardy. (*C. reticulata* 'Crimson Robe' × *C. japonica* 'Kramer's Supreme') $16, $27, and $60

CF 'Dr. Ralph Watkins' (zone 7A) – This orchid pink loose peony has medium-sized blooms. It flowers freely in mid to late season. The open flowers withstand heat well; it has a strong, erect growth habit. Our stock plants have shown a high level of resistance to dieback for a williamsii hybrid. (*C. saluensis* × *C. japonica* 'Princess Lavender') $60

'Duchess of Windsor' (zone 7) – This one has a very showy large white, loose peony form flower. The growth habit is low and bushy. It first appears in the Magnolia Gardens Nursery Catalogue in 1942-1943. $16 and $27

'Duke of Wellington' (zone 7) – The flowers are large, red semi-doubles with loose petals attractively mixed with the golden anthers. Originated by Magnolia Gardens, Charleston, SC and listed in their 1942-1943 catalogue. $27 and $60

NEW 'Edna Bass Var.' (zone 7) – A very large flowered semi-double to peony form Camellia with brilliant red flowers with white splotching from the viral variegation that has become so common in the Camellia trade. $16

'Ella Drayton (Magnolia Gardens)' (zone 7) – This small formal double is very pale pink with deeper pink petal tips. Mid to late season blooming on a slower upright grower. A case where two different plants have the same name and both came from Magnolia Gardens. $27 and $60

'Ellen Doubleday' (zone 7) – The delicate flesh-pink flowers are marbled with deeper pink, and the form is rose to formal. It has a slender habit and is a vigorous grower. Originated at Magnolia Gardens and appeared in their nursery catalogue in 1942-1943. $16

NEW 'Erina' (zone 7) – Tiny purple tinged leaves and pink buds line the arching branches of this Camellia named for the Japanese plantsman Shibamichi's daughter. This has survived winters in Atlanta and will have numerous tiny white flowers in mid-season. This fine textured Camellia will make a great contrast with the glossy foliage of *C. japonica*. $16

'Fantasy' (zone 7) – This small, bright red, semi-double flower has an unusual similarity in form to a pinecone. The bloom is mid-season. Originated at Magnolia Gardens and appeared in their nursery catalogue in 1942-1943. $60

'Firebrand' (zone 7) – This large semi-double with scarlet red petals and golden stamens is a very dependable older variety. The bloom is mid-season. The habit is upright and symmetrical, but the growth rate is rather slow. Originated at Magnolia Gardens, Charleston, SC and appeared in their 1942-1943 nursery catalogue. $27

'Fishtail Red' (zone 7) – This Camellia has single red flowers in spring, but that is only a minor trait. The most noteable trait of this plant is the very unique leaves which resemble a fishtail, the leaf tip branches into three. $60

'Florence Coker Rogers' (zone 7) – A special trip was made to Kalmia Gardens in SC to take cuttings from the original plant. I had to hide my stock plants because persistent customers had to have this plant when they saw the blooms. The formal double flowers are pure white and held outwards for excellent presentation on the plant. Although I have not measured them, the flowers are medium-sized and appear early to mid-season. $16

'Florence Stratton' (zone 7) – The formal double flowers are primarily white but have some pink petals. The petals are imbricated and cupped which gives the flower a stunning appearance. The medium green leaves have close and deep serrations. The plant is vigorous and hardy. $60

'Fragrant Jewel' (zone 7B) – This is a miniature, deep lavender pink rose-form double. The very fragrant flowers are produced mid-season. The plant habit is upright and the growth rate is vigorous. This is a *C. japonica* ssp. *rusticana* × *C. lutchensis* hybrid developed by Dr. Ackerman. $27

'Fragrant Joy' (zone 7B) – This is a miniature, deep lavender pink, rose-form double. The very fragrant flowers are produced mid-season. The plant habit is upright, and the growth rate is average. Developed by Dr. William L. Ackerman. (*C. japonica* ssp. *rusticana* × *C. lutchuensis*) $16

'Frankie Winn Variegated' (zone 7) – Large, pastel pink, peony form, almost formal double flowers adorn this plant mid-season. The plant growth rate is average, and the growth habit is upright. Originated in Savannah, GA. $27

'Fred Sander Variegated' (zone 7) – The large fimbriated flowers of this cultivar have cut and curled petal rims that resemble giant carnations. The brilliant scarlet of the semi-double flowers are marked with white in this variegated form, and the beauty is enhanced by the cluster of golden anthers. The habit is upright and compact, and the growth rate is slow. Originated by Sander Ltd. Nursery, Bruges, Belgium about 1900. $27 and $60

'Freedom Bell' (zone 7) – While it's not a truly dwarf cultivar, 'Freedom Bell' typically only grows up to 7-8' at maturity. In spring it produces prolific crimson-red, semi-double flowers with slightly cupped petals giving it a very unique look. $16

'Geoff Hamilton' (zone 7) – An upright plant with large, semi-double, pale pink blooms fading to paler pink edges. The evergreen foliage is irregular with a narrow white edge and occasionally splashed with white. **$16** and **$27**

NEW 'Good Fragrance' (zone 7?) – This hybrid from Jim Finlay in New Zealand is a pink shading to a red edge. The medium-sized semi-double flowers have a scent suggestive of honeysuckle or rasberry. ('Fragrant One' × *C. yuhsienensis*) **$16**

NEW 'Gunsmoke' (zone 7) – This is a superb red semi-double. The large flowers have coarse textured petals with twists at the tips. It is a mid-season bloomer. **$16**

'Hallstone Spicy' (zone 7B) – This hybrid possibly from Ken Hallstone (although not named by him) – has upright growth and bright pink peony form flower. The small flowers have a spicy fragrance and bloom mid-season. This vigorous grower has performed well for the last ten years. (Unknown Parentage) **$60**

'Happy Higo' (Var.) (zone 7) – A showy Higo form with bright red petals. This form was introduced by Nuccio's Nursery. Bloom time is mid to late season. **$16** and **$27**

'Heimudan' (zone 7B) – 'Hei muddan' = 'Jinqu'='Dongnan Shancha'. This plant is known by several different names - but it's too beautiful to resist, regardless of the name! A selection of the species *C. edithae*. This Chinese cultivar has an exceptional bloom as well as beautiful foliage. The formal double rose-red flowers are produced in late spring (the end of March through April) and are quite heat tolerant. The dark glossy leaves have deeply indented veins and make the plant handsome all year long. The form of the plant is also excellent with compact and upright growth. I have found this to perform better with some shade. (*C. edithae*) **$16** and **$60**

NEW 'Herbert Earl Gatch' (zone 7) – A showy peppermint striped formal double similar to 'La Peppermint'. **$16**

'High Fragrance' (zone 7B) – The genetic material contains only one eighth *C. lutchuenesis* but the flowers do have a strong pleasant fragrance. Nice medium-sized peony form flowers are pale pink and bloom in March and April. The plant is a rapid grower with an open habit and light green leaves. (*C. japonica* 'Mrs. Bertha Harms' × ['Salab' × 'Scentuous']) **$60**

'Hino Maru' (zone 7) – An old Higo *C. japonica* with deep red and flat single flowers has a name that translates to "National Flag of Japan". The flower is small to medium and open in mid to late season. The plant has spreading growth. **$27** and **$60**

'Holly Bright' (zone 7) – A Nuccio's introduction with exaggerated serrations on the leaves and a bright red semi-double flower late in the season. This is an upright but slower grower. **$27**

'Hopkins Pink' (zone 7) – This miniature peony form has soft pink flowers with a streak of red. But like most candy stripes it can sport to a solid red or blush form. These are a mixture. The bloom season is mid to late season. **$27**

'Horry Frost' (Var.) (zone 7) – Small, formal red and white flowers bloom from early to the middle of the Camellia blooming season. Originated at Magnolia Gardens, Charleston, SC about 1940. **$27** and **$60**

'Imura' (zone 7) – This large, semi-double is snow white. The medium blooms open at mid-season. The growth rate is vigorous with an open, upright habit and a tendency for pendulous branches. This was originated by K. Sawada, a plant breeder and nurseryman, whose introductions are still being grown and appreciated after 50 years. **$16** and **$60**

'Iris' (zone 7) – This white, medium-sized formal double has faint pink stripes. Originated in Australia about 1948. **$27** and **$60**

'Jack Glenn' (zone 7) – The large red peony to loose peony form flower was developed by Paul Gilley. The growth is upright and the leaves have deep saw-like serrations. Early to mid-season blooms. **$60**

'Jacks' (zone 7) – The impressive flowers of 'Jacks' are deep pink formal double. The petals are arranged in many concentric circles. The plant is very hardy and one of the most compact *C. japonica* plants. I recommend this one if you want something to stay less than 5 feet tall for many years. **$16, $27** and **$60**

CF 'Japanese Fantasy' (zone 7B) – Small white flowers with pink markings are produced in such profusion that the bush almost resembles the Japanese Cherry when in bloom. The foliage is small and delicate, but the growth rate is rapid, often producing arching branches on a generally upright plant. The bloom season is early to mid-season, usually in March for us. (*C. japonica* 'Berenice Boddy' × [*C. saluenensis* × *C. rosaeflora*]) **$16**

NEW 'Jenny Jones' (zone 7B) – This cultivar has medium to large white, semi-double flowers with a tinge of yellow in the center. **$16**

NEW 'Jessica' (Var.) (zone 7B) – This variegated form of 'Jessica' produces large, semi-double bright red and white flowers. It has vigorous upright growth. **$16**

'John Harvard' (zone 7) – This is a purple-red, rose-form double that has small flowers. Originated at Magnolia Gardens, Charleston, SC and first appeared in their 1942-1943 catalogue. **$27** and **$60**

'Jury's Yellow' (zone 7) – The small to medium-sized white flowers have a distinct yellow boss of petaloids in the center of the anemone form bloom. The plant has a compact and upright growth habit and blooms over a long period in spring from mid to late season. ([*C. saluenensis* × *C. japonica*] × *C. japonica* 'Gwenneth Morey') **$60**

Spring Blooming Cultivars and Hybrids

NEW 'Katsuya Nomura' (zone 7) – This seedling of 'Tama No Ura' from Bobby Green has red, semi-double flowers with a clear white border. Often the flowers are cup shaped rather than flat and open early to mid-season. A very vigorous plant will develop long weeping branches. Named after a Japanese baseball great. **$16**

'Kick-Off' (zone 7) – Large, peony form flowers are light pink with deeper pink markings, and the flowers appear from early to mid-season. The plant is vigorous, and the habit is compact and upright. **$60**

NEW 'Ki No Senritsu' (zone 8) – This yellow hybrid has soft light yellow, small to medium peony form flowers. The growth is open and upright. **$16**

'Kon Ron Koku' (zone 7) – This dark red semi-double is from Saitama Prefecture in Japan. Often the flower opens partially to look like a bud surrounded by petals, quite unusual. The medium-sized blooms open mid to late season on an upright growing plant. **$27**

'Kujacku Tsubaki' (zone 7) – The "Peacock Camellia" (trans.) has semi-double medium-sized flowers that are red with white mottles. The leaves are very narrow and lanceolate often with yellow markings from virus. The branches are quite weeping and combined with the unusual leaves it makes a striking plant. This blooms mid to late season. **$16**

'Kumagai' (zone 7A) – This Higo form Camellia has large, intense red flowers often with white petaloids in the center. These can make a striking contrast to the deep red petals. The leaves are large and the growth is open. **$16**

'La Peppermint' (zone 7A) – This ancient cultivar has blooms like peppermint candy—fine red stripes on a white background. The formal double flowers are of medium size and open early to mid-season. Often the flowers revert to the solid "red" flower and thus becomes 'Brilliant'. This has relatively slow growth but is upright and quite dense. **$16**

'Lady Clare' = 'Akashigata' (zone 7A) – "Akashi Bay" (trans.) – is from Edo (ancient Tokyo) – and has very large semi-double flowers with a distinct column of stamens. The flowers are deep pink and appear in early to mid-season. 'Lady Clare' is a very dependable landscape plant because it is tough and has good cold hardiness; large plants are often seen in old gardens in this area. This is a triploid variety, which means it has three sets of chromosomes rather than the two sets usually found in *C. japonica*. The leaves are large and thick while the plant has a somewhat spreading growth habit. **$27**

'Lady Laura' (Var.) (zone 7B) – This large show flower is pink with many rose streaks in the petals. The peony to rose-form flowers bloom mid-season. It can produce solid colored flowers. **$27**

'Lauren Tudor' (zone 7) – A very large peony form that blooms early to mid-season. The pink petals are spotted with red streaks. **$27**

'Lemon Glow' (zone 7A) – This sport of 'Dahlonega' has slightly more yellow in the flower but the same formal double flowers that appear late in the season. The plant is slow growing and upright. **$27** and **$60**

'Les Marbury' (zone 7) – This variety has striking red, white and pink variegation in the flowers which are small formal doubles. The plant blooms mid-season and has attractive upright growth. **$16** and **$27**

'Little Slam' (zone 7) – This Nuccio's introduction from 1969 is a rich red miniature peony form flower. This compact upright grower blooms early to mid-season. **$27**

'Lori Clevenger' (zone 7B) – A robust plant with good vigor, shared by our friend John Davy. He describes the blooms as a small 'Debutante' with dark streaks. **$27**

'Madame Haas' (zone 7) – This attractive older variety has light red, formal double flowers with more deeply colored veins. The floral center is marked light pink. The upright growth is vigorous, and the foliage is a rich deep green. Originated in France by E. Haas in 1879. **$27** and **$60**

NEW 'Magic City' (zone 7) – This peony form Camellia has medium to large-sized, fire-red flowers with white variegation. This is a vigorous upright grower that blooms mid-season. **$16**

NEW 'Magnolia Gardens' (zone 7) – We have not been able to find information on this one. Our cuttings came from the Norfolk Botanical Garden. **$16**

'Magnoliaeflora' = 'Hagoromo' (zone 7A) – "Robe of Feathers" (trans.) – is from Edo (ancient Tokyo) – and has pale pink flowers fading to palest pink at the center. Semi-double flowers are appropriately described as lotus form because the petals are curved inwards. The mid-season bloom on very compact plants is dependable. **$27** and **$60**

'Margaret Bloomquist' (zone 7) – A very pale pink semi-double given to me by Duke Gardens. It was developed and named by Dorothy Spengler in Durham, NC. **$60**

'Margaret Higdon' (zone 7) – An older variety collected at Magnolia Gardens. A small red peony form flower. **$27** and **$60**

'Margie' (zone 7A) – This large-flowered white formal double was introduced by Orinda Nursery in Delaware. The bloom season is early to mid-season on this relatively cold hardy Camellia. **$16**

Spring Blooming Cultivars and Hybrids

NEW 'Mark Alan' (zone 7) – A beautiful wine-red semi-double to peony form Camellia with large flowers, narrow petals, and upright growth. Flowers in early to mid-season. **$16**

'Mary Alice Cox' (zone 7) – This is a rather large, white, formal double flower. Blooms early to mid-season. Plant habit is upright, and the growth rate is robust. Originated by T. N. Cox, Georgetown, SC in 1963. **$16** and **$27**

'Mary Christian' (zone 7A) – The single flowers, phlox pink in color, are produced in profusion. The plant becomes quite large with time as seen by the large specimen located near the old lathe house at the JC Raulston Arboretum; when this plant bloomed it was impressive. This is one of the original *C.* × *williamsii* hybrids bred in England by J. C. Williams. (*C. saluenensis* × *C. japonica*) **$60**

NEW 'Mary Phoebe Taylor' (zone 7) – A large peony form Camellia with light rose pink petals and a scattering of bright yellow stamens. This *C. saluenensis* seedling has open upright growth and blooms early to mid-season. **$16**

NEW 'Miss Charleston Variegated' (zone 7) – A deep red blotched white, medium to large-sized Camellia with variable flower form. The semi-double, peony or formal double flowers bloom late in the season. **$16**

NEW 'Miss Lyla' (zone 7) – Judge Soloman, the second president of the American Camellia Society, introduced this white marked with pink Camellia. The semi-double to rose-form flowers have swirled, fluted, and creped center petals. This late bloomer is a slow spreading grower. **$16**

'Mrs. Charles Cobb' (zone 7A) – This Magnolia Gardens introductions from the early 1900's has large true red semi-double to loose peony form flowers. The vigorous plant blooms mid-season and has large leaves. **$27**

NEW 'Mrs. D.W. Davis' (zone 7) – The very large, blush-pink flowers have a waxy appearance and contrast perfectly with the dark green color of the leaves in spring. The semi-double blooms are slightly cupped and bloom mid-season. **$16**

'Mrs. Freeman Weiss' (Var.) (zone 7) – A rich semi-double pink with white marks has a variable form that varies from a loose peony to anemone form. The plant habit is compact and upright, and the growth is vigorous. Originated at Magnolia Gardens, Charleston, SC and first appears in their 1942-1943 Nursery catalogue. **$27** and **$60**

'Mrs. Tingley' (zone 7) – A large formal, richly colored in salmon pink, has a silver glow with deeper color toward the floral center. The bloom is early to mid-season. The plant habit is upright with an open branching habit. Originated by J. H Ward Hinkson of Chester, Pa. about 1948. **$27** and **$60**

'Nuccio's Cameo' (zone 7) – The perfect form of the light pink formal double flowers make this a must have plant for many visitors. The plant form is excellent as it branches well and has upright growth. This has a very long bloom season, starting early and continuing almost to the end of the season. **$16, $27** and **$60**

'Nuccio's Gem' (zone 7) – This popular variety with beautiful white formal double flowers grows as a compact plant. The medium to large bloom opens mid-season. **$16** and **$27**

'Nuccio's Pearl' (zone 7) – This is one of a set of formal double flowered Camellias introduced by Nuccio's Nurseries which all have good substance to the perfectly arranged petals. The large-sized, blush white flowers have pointed petals and have hints of deep pink on the center and outside petals. The bloom season is mid to late season on a compact plant. **$16**

CF 'October Affair' (zone 7B) – This large-sized, formal double has shaded color on the petals much like the parent, 'Berenice Boddy', but the bud center becomes pink as the flower ages, producing a tricolor effect. This blooms well in November and again in the spring. This is vigorous upright grower. (*C. japonica* 'Berenice Boddy' × 'Yohei Haku') **$16** and **$60**

NEW, CF 'Optical Illusion' (zone 9) – Selected from the same batch of seeds as 'Solstice', this yellow flowered Camellia has long, strap-like petals that can be arranged in a somewhat spiral pattern, similar to 'October Affair'. The creamy yellow flowers are formal double with pink overtones. The striking flower makes this worthwhile for a cool greenhouse or in a mild climate such as Florida or California. The plant will take some freezing but flower buds are quite tender. A strong plant with thin light green leaves. **$25** and **$50**

NEW 'Otome' (zone 7B) – This cultivar is the original pink formal double from Japan that was renamed 'Pink Perfection'. The small, light pink flowers bloom mid-season. These cuttings came from Judge Soloman's garden which came imported directly from Japan. **$16**

'Pink Champagne' (zone 7) – This is very large, full flower with large petaloids in soft pink. Blooms late. The plant habit is open, and the growth rate is rapid. Originated by J. P. Ilges of Columbus, Georgia in 1951. **$27** and **$60**

NEW 'Pink Pagoda' (zone 7) – This is a rose pink medium to large formal double with vigorous upright growth. **$16**

'Pink Perfection' (zone 7A) – A dependable older variety with excellent name recognition that produces medium-sized pale pink formal double flowers in mid-season. The plant has upright and compact growth. **$16, $27,** and **$60**

NEW 'Polaris' (zone 7) – This large semi-double to loose peony form is a radiant pink. The petals are long and narrow with scalloped ends. (*C. japonica* 'Hishi-karaito' × 'J.C. Williams') **$16**

Spring Blooming Cultivars and Hybrids

'Pop's Perfection' (zone 7) – This small formal double introduced by John Davy has burgundy stripes on a pink background. Has a tendency to sport single colored flowers. Mid to late season bloom on a very slow growing plant. $27

'Professor Sargent' (zone 7) – An incredible dark red anemone form flower beginning in early March. $16 and $27

'Punkin' (zone 7) – This small formal double has rose pink outer petals shading to lighter pink in the center. The petals are often incurved and very striking. The plant has upright growth. (unknown parentage) $60

'Romany' (zone 7) – This bright red, formal double blooms mid-season and has a compact upright habit. $27 and $60

'Roosevelt Blues' (zone 7) – The large blooms of this cultivar are highly variable on the peony to anemone form. The deep maroon flowers usually fade to blue-purple, and are an unusual addition to the Camellia collection. The bloom is mid-season. The plant habit is erect and compact. Originated by Robert Rabel Jr., Longwood Nursery, Crichton, Alabama in 1940. $60

CF 'Rose Twilight' (zone 7A) – A plant we have been evaluating for forty years appears to be a worthwhile introduction. A *C. reticulata* hybrid that has survived all but the coldest winters and has proven to be disease resistant. The original has become a small tree growing in the original Camellia Forest location. The large single flowers have the three-dimensional form and intense color of the Retic parent. The color of the flower is neon pink, the leaves are very large and the plant has a very open habit. (*C.* × *williamsii* 'William's Lavender' × *C. reticulata*) $16, $27, and $60

'Royal Velvet' (zone 7) – I first saw this at Nuccio's Nursery and was impressed, then I saw it at the American Camellia Society (ACS) head table, and I even saw it at a flower show in Wenzhou, China. The saturated red color is unique and makes 'Royal Velvet' worthy of being grown around the world. The semi-double flower is large and the petals have good substance. The plant has large leaves and a vigorous upright growth habit. $16

'Runt' (zone 7) – This miniature, light pink anemone form flower looks like a tiny 'Elegans'. The bloom is early to mid-season. The plant habit is upright and columnar, and the growth rate is rapid. Originated by Wheeler's Central Georgia Nursery, Macon, GA, about 1960. $27 and $60

'Ruth Smith' (Var.) (zone 7) – This showy hybrid has a peony form bloom of average size in pale pink, edged with deeper pink. Blooms in mid-season. The plant habit is upright and open, and the growth rate is rapid. This hybrid developed by Marvin Jernigen, Warner Robins, GA in 1986, and is a cross between *C.* × *williamsii* 'Donation' and 'Anticipation'. $27 and $60

'Sarah Bernhardt' (zone 7) – A medium-large flower with irregular semi-double form has stamens and petals intermixed. The white petals are striped with pink. Originated at Magnolia Gardens, Charleston, SC and is listed in their 1942-1943 nursery catalogue. $27 and $60

NEW, CF 'Sarah Catherine' (zone 7A) – One of the first seedlings from my D. Clifford Parks' breeding program, which he started in the early 1960's. 'Sarah Catherine' has a medium-sized semi-double flower of the pales pink. In December it starts blooming and continues to bloom into March. Bud hardiness is excellent as it opens flowers after harder freezes quickly once temperatures moderate. $25 and $75

NEW 'Sarasa' (zone 7) – This is a pink petaled, semi-double variety with darker pink dots and streaks on the petals, sometimes blooming with solid pink flowers. The center of the flowers can sometimes produce pink petaloids. $16

'Satsuma' (zone 7) – This is a striking pure white formal with clawed incurved petal tips. The plant habit is upright, and the growth rate is vigorous. Originated at the Iso Garden in Kagoshima City about 1980. $16, $27, and $60

'Sawada's Mahogany' (zone 7) – This dark red flower with white petaloids was rediscovered by Bobby Green. The unusual colored flowers bloom early to late in the season and often blooming in the early fall. $16 and $27

CF 'Scarlet Temptation' (zone 7A) – This bright rose-red, large single with ruffled petals blooms early to mid-season. The large intensely colored flower with its bright yellow center is very striking. The plant develops a rather erect form with good branching and has good cold resistance. (*C.* × *williamsii* 'Williams Lavender' × *C. reticulata* 'Purple Gown') $16 and $27

'Sea Foam' (zone 7A) – When a perfect white large formal double flower is produced on this very vigorous upright plant it is a sight to behold. This blooms mid-season here in NC. $60

NEW 'Senritsu Ko'(zone 8) – A small to medium formal to rose-form double. It has beautiful light yellow flowers toned peach pink near edges. It has a moderately fast, upright and open growth habit. $16 and $60

'Shikibu' (zone 7) – A medium small, anemone form flower with crimson pink outer petals has a central cushion of crimson petaloids with white frosting. This variety is similar to 'Bokuhan', but it is larger with more petals. It blooms from early to late in the Camellia season. Originated as a seedling of 'Bokuhan' about 1957. $16, $27, and $60

NEW 'Shiro Chan' (zone 7) – The flowers are white with a tinge of pink at the base of the petals, typically with a pink stripe continuing up the center of each petal. The blooms are very large and open early to mid-season. $16

'Shiro Hagoromo' (zone 7) – This is a chance seedling of 'Magnoliaflora' and has traits very similar to the parent except the flowers are white. The Japanese call it a lotus-form, semi-double with thick petals and a mid to late bloom season. $27 and $60

'Shiro Tama' (zone 7) – Bright, crystaline white, single flowers adorn this beauty in spring. Growing slowly this will develop into an upright spreading shrub or small tree with age. **$60**

NEW 'Simeon' (zone 7) – This older cultivar from the 1940s boasts large semi-double, delicate rose colored flowers mid-season. This cultivar is best known for the high percent of perfect flowers it produces. **$16**

'Snow Drop Cascade' (zone 7) – A miniature, small white flower that shades to pink on the petal edges ranges in form from single to semi-double. Blooms from early to mid-season. The plant habit is spreading. This seedling of 'Snow Drop' selected by Steve Campbell in Australia around 2005. (*C. pitardii* × *C, fraterna*) **$27** and **$60**

NEW 'Snowman' (zone 7) – This large, brilliant white flowered Camellia has peony form flowers in mid-season. The inner petals tend to be twisted, while the outer petals are notched and incurved. It is a vigorous grower. **$16**

CF 'Solstice' (zone 9A) – In an effort to create a yellow Camellia, Clifford Parks developed this rose-form double flowered beauty. The flowers are medium-sized with light yellow petals. The plant has narrow light green leaves with a long leaf tip. The growth is upright and very vigorous. Other seedlings of this parentage do not show much tolerance of temperatures below 15°F. These hybrids do not appear to be fertile so work has begun on doubling chromosomes to work towards a hardy deeper yellow Camellia. (*C. japonica* × *C. flava*) **$27** and **$60**

'Something Beautiful' (zone 7) – This is a pale pink formal double edged with burgundy red. The small flowers are mid-season blooming. **$27**

'Sporting Class' (zone 7) – Named by John Davy due to its tendency to sport frequently. This medium-sized peony form flower is white with flecks, streaks or petals of coral pink. Starting early this blooms over a long season. **$27**

'Spring Festival' (zone 7) – A rose-form double of small to medium size is medium pink shading to pale pink in the floral center. The bloom is from mid-season to late. The plant habit is narrow and upright. Originated by Toichi Domoto of Haywood, CA in 1970 and is a chance seedling of *C. cuspidata*. **$60**

'Sudie Blanchard' (zone 7A) – The medium large flowers of this cultivar are chalk white and semi-double. The flowers have an excellent heavy substance and bloom at mid-season. The plant has upright and compact growth. **$60**

'Sweet Jane' (zone 7B) – This hybrid has a small, informal double to peony form with bicolor shading. The innermost petals are pale pink with deeper pink shading on the outer petals. It is a mid-season bloomer. The flowers are abundant, long lasting and weather proof. (*C. japonica* 'Edith Linton' × C. *transnokoensis*) **$27**

NEW 'Sweetie Pie Pink' (zone 7A) – A sport of 'Sweetie Pie', this large semi-double is a medium pink and blooms early in the season. It has a vigorous, upright growth habit. **$16**

'Tada Meibi' (zone 7) – The small formal double flowers are rose pink with a salmon cast. Sometimes the petals will be incurved and the bloom season is early to mid-season. The plant is a slow upright grower. **$60**

'Taiyô' (zone 7) – "The Sun" (trans.) has one of the most striking leaf variegations I have seen in a Camellia, with a wide band of yellow down the center of each leaf, which brightens as the leaf ages. The flower is a small sake cup single of claret rose and blooms early to mid-season. This Snow Camellia is slow and upright. (*C. japonica* ssp. *rusticana*) **$16, $27,** and **$60**

'Takanini' (zone 7) – The striking deep plum red flowers appear from fall until spring and can bloom for 5 months in a mild climate. The peony form flowers can have up to 200 petaloids and are medium in size. This upright grower was originated by Neville Haydon and named for the location of his nursery. **$16** and **$27**

'Tama Americana' (zone 7) – This seedling of 'Tama-no-ura' usually has a broad and distinctive white border on the rose-red peony form flowers. The early to mid-season blooms are medium-sized and the plant grows slowly into a bushy plant. **$16, $27,** and **$60**

'Tama Bambino' (zone 7) – Miniature to small-sized, rose-pink with white edge, anemone form flowers adorn this plant early to mid-season. The center of the flower is full of lovely, pink petaloids instead of the typical bright yellow stamens. The white edge is more prominent with cold temperatures and can disappear with warmer temperatures at the end of the season. **$16**

'Tama Beauty' (zone 7A) – The form of 'Tama Beauty' varies from a single with flared stamens to a partial peony or anemone form flower. The rose pink petals are bordered with a distinct white border on small to medium-sized flowers. The plant is a moderate upright grower and blooms early in the season. **$16**

NEW 'Tama Bell' (zone 7A) – Single, small to miniature bell-shaped flowers that are white, with red at the base of the petals. Vigorous, upright habit has a loose and open appearance. Flowers early to mid-season. **$16**

NEW 'Tama Glitters' (zone 7A) – An incredibly showy, red-pink flower with white bordered petals in a semi-double to loose peony form. It has a medium growth rate with an upright, spreading habit. **$16**

'Tama No Ura' (zone 7A) – This unique plant was discovered in the wild. The medium, single, red flowers have a prominent white edge and bloom early to midseason. This is a super fertile seed parent and a high percentage of its progeny have the white picotee edge in the flowers. This vigorous plant is upright with somewhat open growth. **$16, $27,** and **$60**

Spring Blooming Cultivars and Hybrids

'Tama Peacock' (zone 7) – This seedling of 'Tama-no-ura' has a strong maroonish red flower with a prominent white border. The flower is a tubular semi-double, the plant has somewhat pendulous growth and the leaves are long and narrow. (Unknown Parentage) **$16**

'Tama Vino' (zone 7) – The wine red flowers have a narrow white border and open early in the season. The plant has nice attractive leaves and grows vigorously. **$16** and **$27**

NEW 'Tanchô' (zone 7A) – A spectacular Higo form Camellia, boasting large flat white petals with stripes of hot pink and bright yellow flaring stamens. Higo Camellias are bred in Kumamoto, Japan to have many flaring stamens representing the rays of the sun. **$16**

'Taylor's Perfection' (zone 7) – A putative *C.* × *williamsii* hybrid has semi-double light pink flowers with a hint of orchid tones. The large blooms open mid-season to late on an open growing and upright plant. This is a good choice in our area as the plant is very sun tolerant, disease resistant, rapid growing and very floriferous. **$16, $27,** and **$60**

'Thieves Delight' (Var.) (zone 7) – A light pink formal double with dark pink striping on every petal. The leaves of this cultivar have a somewhat unusual acuminate tip, giving the entire plant a finer texture than other spring blooming varieties. **$16**

'Tom Hatley' (zone 7) – This recent introduction is a vivid red semi-double that blooms in mid-season. The flower is medium to large in size and the plant is an upright grower. Developed in Charlotte, NC and brought to us by Tom Hatley's daughter. **$60**

'Tom Knudsen' (zone 7A) – The striking dark red, large flowers vary from formal double to informal double to peony form. The plant has a very compact growth habit and blooms a little early to mid-season but generally puts on a big show late in the season. **$60**

'Tomorrow Park Hill' (Var.) (zone 7) – The semi-double flowers can be 5 inches across and are a light, soft pink. The petal color deepens towards the edges and some variegation can usually be seen. The plant has large leaves and grows vigorously with an open, spreading habit. (Sport of 'Tomorrow Variegated') **$60**

'Tricolor Pink' (zone 7) – The striking medium-sized blooms are pink with darker pink stripes and are semi-double in form. The plant has very compact growth and is an excellent seed parent--useful because it carries the candy-stripe gene. **$16** and **$27**

'Tudor Baby' (zone 7) – This small flowered seedling was saved from the compost pile and turned out to be a fantastic late blooming formal double. The dark red petals can be edged in black. This was developed by Hulyn Smith who loved huge red flowers. **$27**

'Tudor Baby Var.' (zone 7) – Very striking white variegation on this small, deep red formal double makes this a must have for many people. The upright plant can be one of the last Camellias to bloom in the Spring. **$16** and **$27**

CF 'Turandot' (zone 7A) – This large, medium red and peony form blooms midseason to late. The combination of flower bud hardiness and heavy bloom produces an excellent floral display in the garden every year. The plant has broad leaves and an upright growth habit. **$60**

'Unryu Tsubaki' (zone 7) – The "zig-zag" Camellia makes a 45 degree turn at every node on the stem and the result is a bizarre maze of branches. The plant has a very upright habit, almost fastigiate. The single flowers are rose-red and open early in the season. **$16**

"Variegated from Doug" (zone 7) – This miniature red anemone form blooms early to mid-season. The leaves have a yellow-green border and the plant is upright growing. **$27** and **$60**

NEW "Vaughn's Seedling" (zone 7) – From Norfolk Botanical Gardens, this double red flowered Camellia has compact growth and is quite upright. **$16**

CF 'Vernal Breeze' (zone 8A) – This hybrid has very fragrant, single flowers. The small white flowers are produced in abundance early in the season. The growth is vigorous and the habit is upright with long arching branches. The floral scent reminds one of a walk in a spring garden. I have grown this plant outdoors for 10 years and during cold winters the leaves tend to discolor but stems have not died back during this time. (*C. japonica* × *C. lutchuensis*) **$60**

'Virginia Sunrise' (Var.) (zone 7) – This large semi-double to anemone form has striking rose-red flowers blotched with white. It blooms midseason. **$60**

NEW 'Wendell's Dream' (zone 7) – This large pink formal double has rose streaks and flecks. It is a vigorous grower that develops into a dense upright plant. Registered in 2013 by Wendell Graves of Savannah, GA. **$16**

'White by the Gate' (zone 7A) – This is a popular formal double white of medium size that blooms mid-season. The plant habit is upright, and the growth is vigorous. Originated at Hyman's Nursery, Lafayette, LA about 1950. **$60**

'White Empress' (zone 7A) – A very large semi-double white flower with a large mass of yellow anthers that give it a yellow glow. This very free flowering cultivar has an upright plant habit with spreading branches. The growth rate is vigorous. Originated by K. Sawada of Mobile, Alabama in 1939. **$27** and **$60**

'White Fishtail' (zone 7) – Possibly the same as 'White Mermaid'. This is the white flowered form of the fish-tailed Camellia. The tip of most leaves will narrow down and then flare out to three points. The flower is a single and medium-sized. **$27**

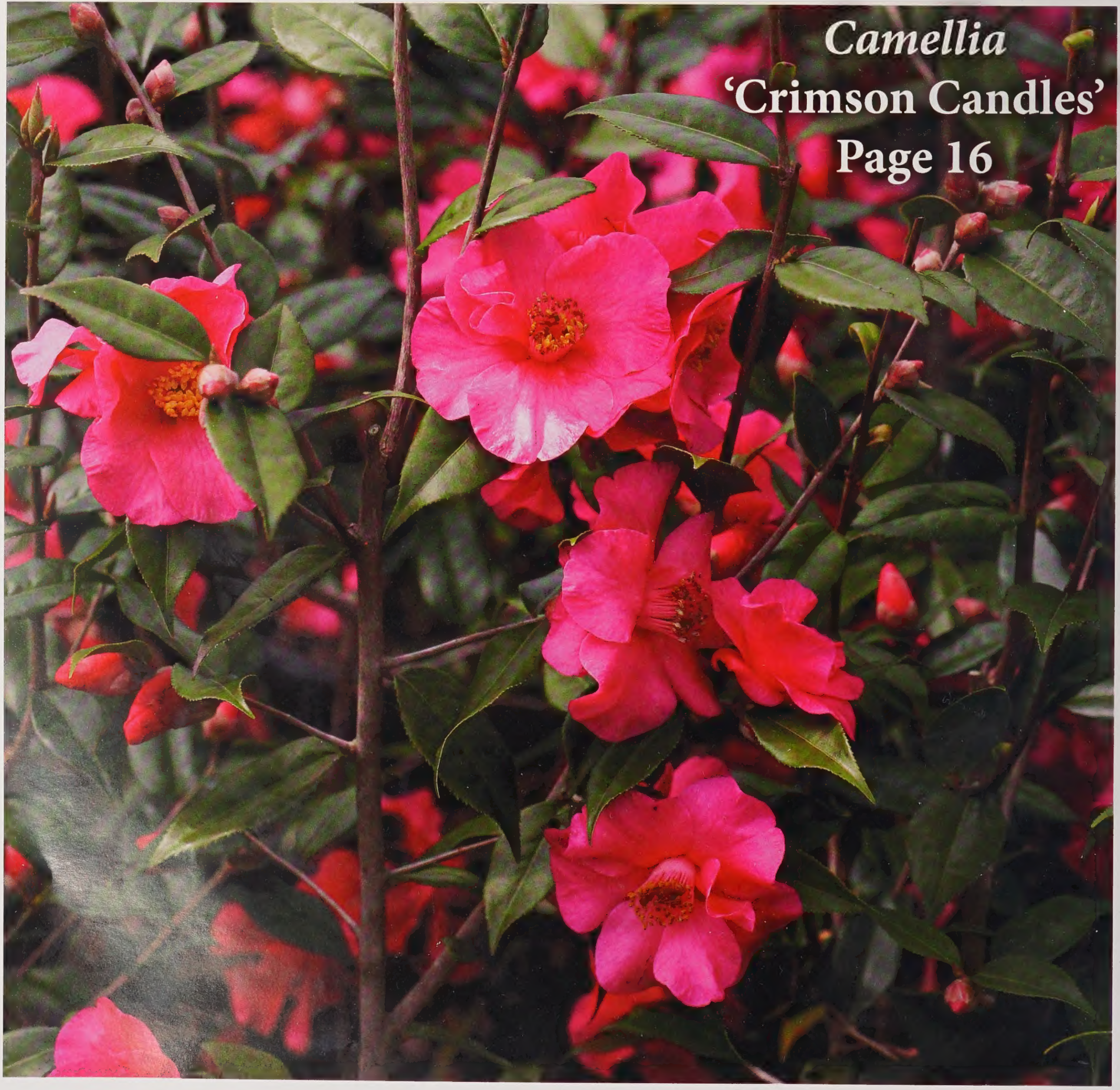
NEW 'White Queen' (zone 7) – Another variety from the Norfolk Botanical Gardens. We assume it has white flowers but information is quite scarce on this cultivar at this time. **$16**

'Willie Hite' (zone 7) – The color of 'Willie Hite' is light pink shading to deeper pink at the petal edges and the flower form is a medium semi-double with heart shaped petals. The plant has medium, dense and upright growth. The plant is also one of the most hardy zone 7 Camellias with good flower bud hardiness. **$16**

'Wirlinga Bride' (zone 7) – This heavy flowering, miniature white single flower has creped petals. The cluster-flowered bloom is from early to mid-season. The habit is arching and fernlike, and the growth is vigorous. This complex hybrid developed by Mr. T. J. Savage of Wirlinga, Australia about 1990. ([*C. tsaii* × *C. cuspidata*] × *C. fraterna*) **$27**

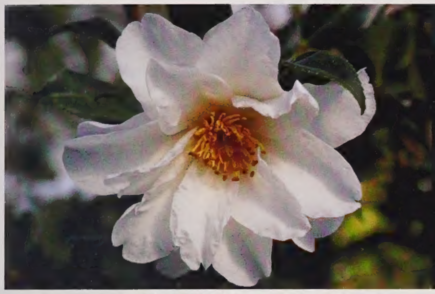
'Yirgella' (zone 7) – This lovely white formal double blooms mid-season. The brightly colored foliage has a dynamic color range with an edge of cream-white to yellow and a dark green center. (Sport of *C. japonica* 'Isabel') **$16** and **$27**

'Zero' (zone 7A) – This one comes from a customer who named the plant because it survived 0°F. This is a pink semi-double flower on a slower grower. **$16** and **$60**



Camellia
'Crimson Candles'
Page 16

Our Top Picks:
Cold Hardy, Fall Blooming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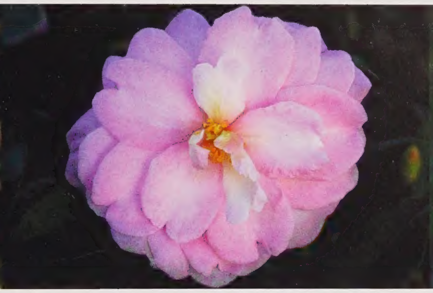
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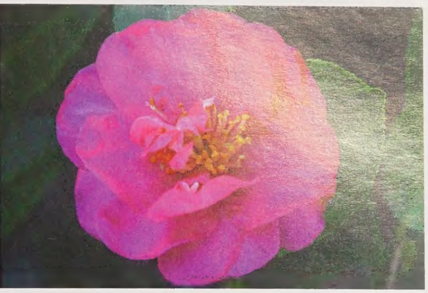
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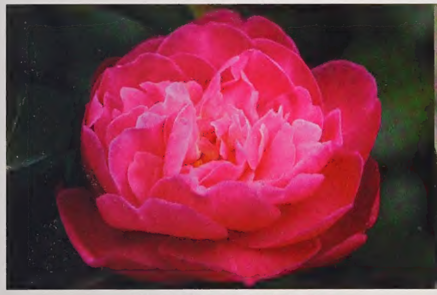
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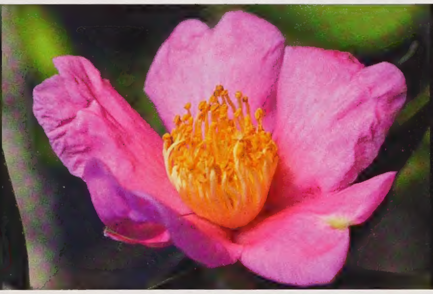
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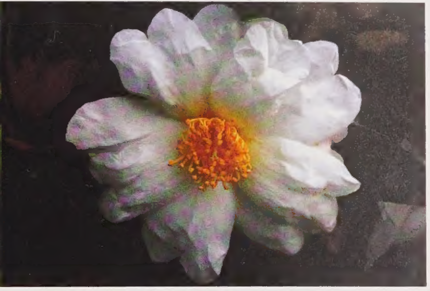
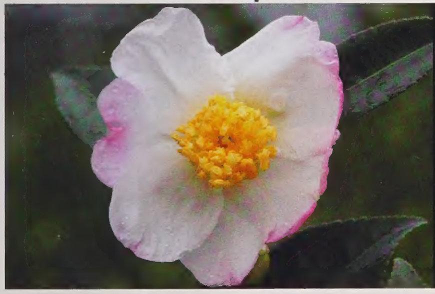

'Elaine Lee'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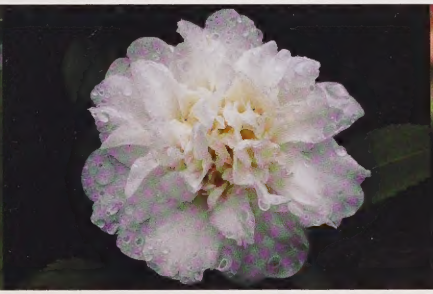
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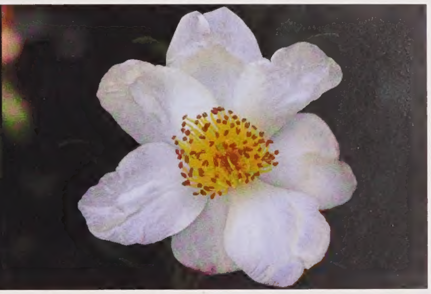
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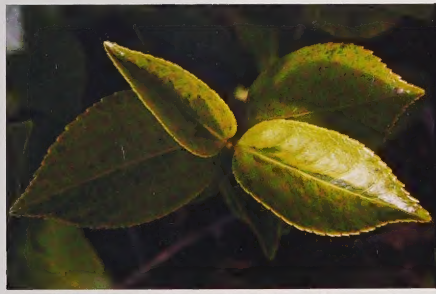
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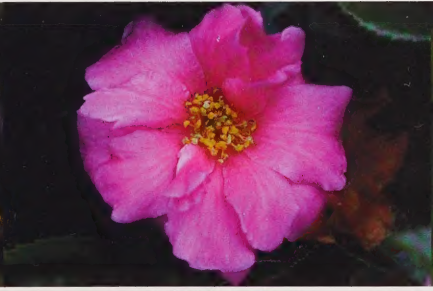
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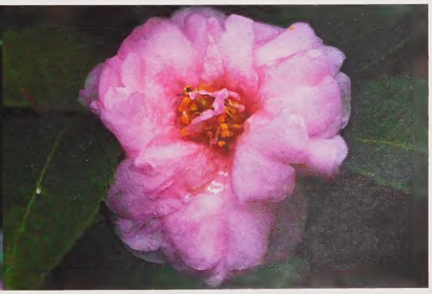
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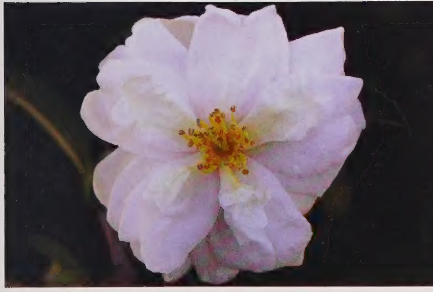
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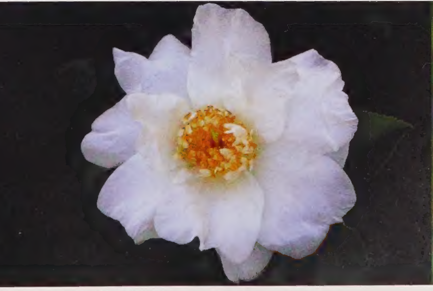
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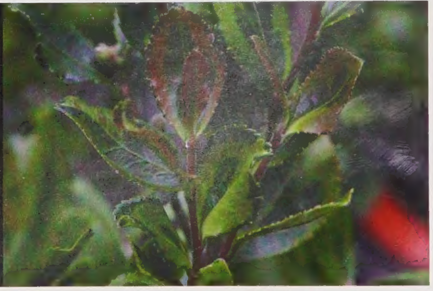

'Winter's Sunset'

Cold Hardy, Fall Blooming Cultivars

'Arctic Snow' (Var.) (zone 6A) – One of Dr. Ackerman's more recent introductions, this cultivar has a single white flower with hints of pink at the petal tips. These bloom in the late fall and have vigorous and spreading growth. The leaves are relatively small and dark green with an occasional yellow splotch. (Unknown Parentage) **$27** and **$60**

'Ashton's Ballet' (zone 6A) – The flowers of 'Ashton's Ballet' are medium pink and rose-form double. This blooms from October until December for us on an upright and vigorous grower. A cold hardy Ackerman selection. (*C. sasanqua* 'Shikishima' × *C. oleifera* 'Plain Jane') **$16** and **$27**

'Ashton's Supreme' (zone 6A) – This Ackerman hybrid has lavender pink anemone to peony form flowers in the middle of fall. A profuse bloomer. ([*C. hiemalis* 'Bill Wylam' × *C. oleifera* 'Plain Jane'] × [*C. sasanqua* 'Narumi-gata' × *C. oleifera* 'Plain Jane']) **$27** and **$60**

CF 'Autumn Spirit' (zone 6A) – This exceptional selection starts blooming very early in the season with some of the most intensely colored flowers of any of the cold hardy fall bloomers. Many bright deep pink petals make up the small to medium-sized peony form flowers. This bushy plant has small deep green leaves and is a moderate to vigorous grower. (*C. oleifera* × *C. sasanqua* F_2 segregate) **$16, $27,** and **$60**

'Carolina Moonmist' (zone 6A) – A selection developed at the J. C. Raulston Arboretum by Dr. Cochrane. It is a very heavy bloomer with single pink flowers. This early bloomer has small to medium-sized flowers. The plant has excellent form with dense branching from the ground up and tolerates sun well. (*C. oleifera* × *C. sasanqua*) **$27** and **$60**

'Elaine Lee' (zone 6A) – Dr. Ackerman reports that this has especially hardy white semi-double blooms in late fall. The plant is upright growing with dark green glossy leaves. (*C. japonica* 'Mrs. Bertha A. Harms' × *C. oleifera* 'Plain Jane') **$60**

'Lushan Snow' (zone 6A) – This is one of the selections of *Camellia oleifera* used by Dr. Ackerman for introducing cold hardiness into Camellia plants. The original plant is located in Asian Valley at the National Arboretum and is a multi-trunked tree over 25 feet tall and spreading 45 feet. It is worth seeing during any season as the bark is a powdery cinnamon color, with numerous white flowers produced in the fall. (*C. oleifera*) **$16**

CF 'Mason Farm' (zone 6A) – This vigorous shrub has large white flowers with petals tinged with pink. It blooms freely in early autumn. About 40 years ago, we planted over 1,000 C. sasanqua x C. oleifera segregates in a very large, unprotected field known as Mason Farm near Chapel Hill. This individual was selected because it survived our coldest winter ever without any injury. The leaves are large, thick and leathery and occasionally yellow-white genetic variegation appears on the leaves. (*C. oleifera* × *C. sasanqua* F2 segregate) **$16**

'Snow Flurry' (zone 6B) – Almost pure white, medium-sized, anemone form flowers. Among the first fall blooming Camellias. This vigorous plant makes many long shoots which can be weighted down by the large number of flowers. When young, the growth is quite spreading and some pruning can train this into a nice rounded form. This is one of David's favorites. (*C. oleifera* 'Plain Jane' × *C.* 'Frost Princess') **$16, $27,** and **$60**

CF 'Survivor' (zone 6A) – One of the hardiest Camellias we sell. It is a vigorous grower and produces an abundance of single, small white flowers in the early autumn. The upright and compact growth of this selection makes it an excellent choice for a large specimen or for use as a hedge. Its name stems from the fact that it was the sole survivor in a section of our garden after being exposed to -9°F. (*C. sasanqua* 'Narumi-gata' × *C. oleifera*) **$16** and **$27**

CF 'Winter's Beauty Chartreuse' (zone 6A) – This sport of 'Winter's Beauty' has a pale green edge or sometimes the entire leaf is a pale green. The semi-double pink flowers bloom in November and December here in NC. The plant is upright growing. **$27**

'Winter's Hope' (zone 6B) – An Ackerman hybrid with 4 inch white semi-double flowers. The petals have a notch at the tip giving this cultivar a unique look. **$16**

'Winter's Interlude' (zone 6A) – This bicolor anemone form flower blooms with the outer petals pink and the many small petaloids in the center white. The spreading growth matures into a rounded shrub with deep green leaves. The small blooms are produced in late October and into December. (*C. oleifera* 'Plain Jane' × *C. sp*) **$16, $27,** and **$60**

'Winter's Joy' (zone 6A) – This plant has upright to columnar growth with leathery dark green leaves. The flowers are bright pink, semi-double and bloom in November and December. The blooms are small to medium-sized. ([*C. sasanqua* 'Narumi-gata' × 'Shishigashira'] × *C. oleifera* 'Plain Jane') **$60**

'Winter's Peony' (zone 6B) – This plant has upright to columnar growth with leathery dark green leaves. The flowers are bright pink, semi-double and bloom in November and December. The blooms are small to medium-sized. ([*C. sasanqua* 'Narumi-gata' × 'Shishigashira'] × *C. oleifera* 'Plain Jane') **$16** and **$60**

'Winter's Rose' (zone 6A) – 'Winter's Rose' is a dwarf Camellia. Ten year old plants will probably be 3 feet across and only 3 feet tall. Very pale pink double flowers are produced in profusion in the fall. The small-sized blooms start in October and cover the plant by mid November. (*C. oleifera* 'Plain Jane' × *C. sasanqua* 'Otome') **$16** and **$27**

'Winter's Snowman' (zone 6A) – Another upright grower with nice dark green leaves. The flowers are white, mostly anemone form and open in November and December. The new growth flushes have a nice wine color for some spring time color interest. An excellent choice for a hedge since it grows rapidly. ([*C. sasanqua* 'Narumi-gata' × 'Shishigashira'] × *C. oleifera* 'Plain Jane') **$16, $27,** and **$60**

'Winter's Sunset' (zone 6B) – For the variegation fanatics, here is a light green margined leaf that appears quite stable. The plant has moderate upright growth and lavender pink single flowers. The small-sized blooms are fairly early in the season. (*C. oleifera* 'Plain Jane' × *C.* × 'Frost Princess') **$16, $27,** and **$40**

Recommended Books

Beyond the Camellia Belt by Dr. William Ackerman

This book covers much more information than *Growing Camellias in Cold Climates.* Ackerman concentrates on the nortern limits of Camellia cultivation but much of the information applies to Camellia growers everywhere. The book has chapters on culture, diseases, propagation, breeding and hardy cultivars. The varieties described have pictures of the flowers as well as relative hardiness ratings. The chapters on Camellia breeding cover a lifetime of work with the genus Camellia and gives excellent background for interspecific hybridization. **$40** plus **$8** for Shipping and Handling

Collected Species of the Genus Camellia, an Illustrated Outline

by Gao Jiyin, Clifford R. Parks, and Du Yuequiang

One hundred and eighty-eight Camellia species are described in this comprehensive volume with lavish color photos of flowers, foliage, and habit. For each species the botanical characteristics, distribution, and horticultural merits are discussed in English and Chinese. The species are grouped into sections which helps sort the many species into plants with similar characteristics. The distribution and elevation information helps one think about hardiness and adaptability to different climates. As the Chinese have grown some of these species there is useful information for the garden culture and breeding potential of many species. Of course the features of the plant are described quite completely down to the perules and chromosome number. Only 2500 books were printed and these will not be available in our local bookstore. Proceeds from the sale of the book will go to Dr. Clifford Parks for Camellia breeding and research. **$95** plus **$15** for Shipping and Handling

Planting for Posterity: Forty Years of Gardening in the Carolina Piedmont by Tom Krenitsky

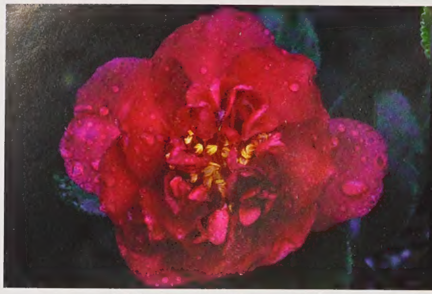
Based on his experiences in Chapel Hill, this avid plant collector has documented his successes and failures into an interesting read and useful reference. I remember taking cuttings from Tom's collection of conifers when he lived in town and had a neat and manicured garden. Now he gardens on an old farm and we drive his golf cart through the fescue to check on his treasures. The plantings at The Fields are given lots of space and mostly have to fend for themselves so those plants that thrive are definitely good choices for our area. It is exciting to see Tom's seedlings blooming for the first time or to see new plants thriving in unexpected situations.
$14 plus **$6** Shipping and Handling

Camellia Seeds

We have a good crop of seeds this year. Camellias are almost as easy to grow from seeds as marigolds. Just remember that most new and exciting varieties are grown from seeds, but these are seleced from large numbers of seedlings. Although seedlings rarely look like their parents, seed propagation is an easy way to grow large numbers of Camellias. Plant seeds about one-half inch deep in any well-drained potting soil as soon as you receive them. Germination usually takes from one to two months depending on temperature. Camellia seeds must not dry out, but they can be stored in the refrigerator if necessary. Price is for 5 seeds. Shipping is $6.

C. chekiangoleosa $5
C. cuspidata $5
C. fraterna $5
C. ptilophylla $5
C. sasanqua $5
C. sasanqua × *oleifera* $5
C. sinensis "China" $5
C. sinensis "Large Leaf" $5
C. sinensis 'Rosea' $5
C. sinensis var. *quinquebracteata* $5
C. sinensis var. *sinensis* "Small Leaf Tea" $5

Our Top Picks:
Fall Blooming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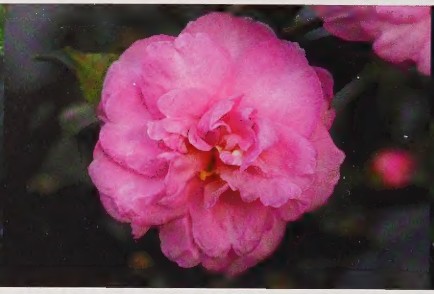
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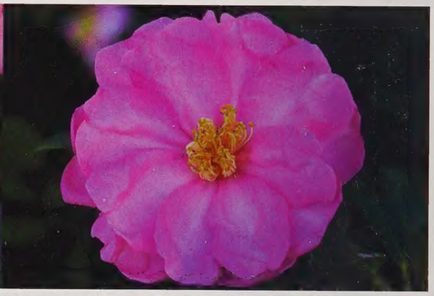
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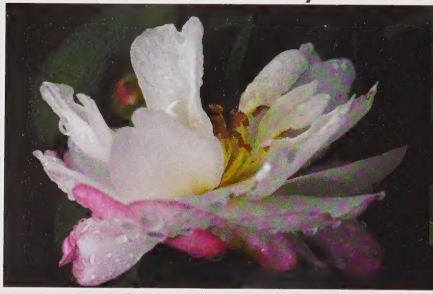
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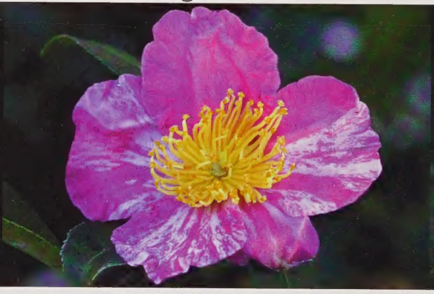
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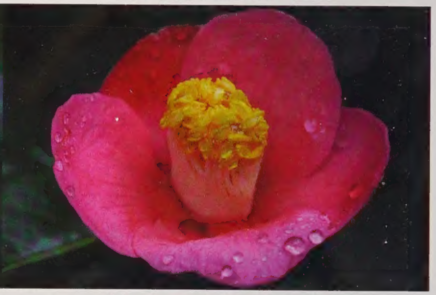
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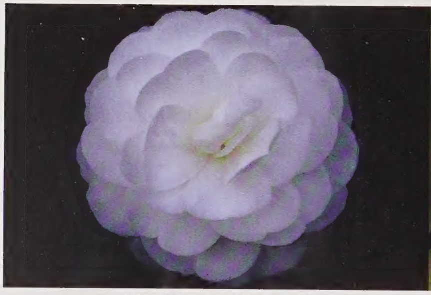
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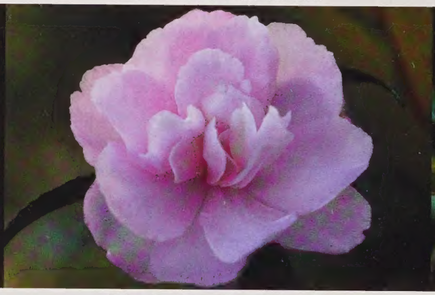
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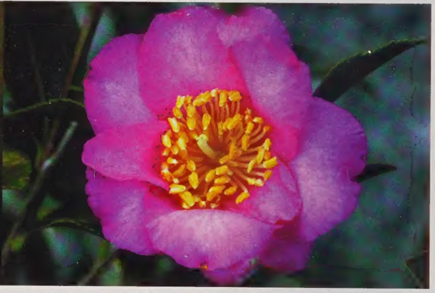
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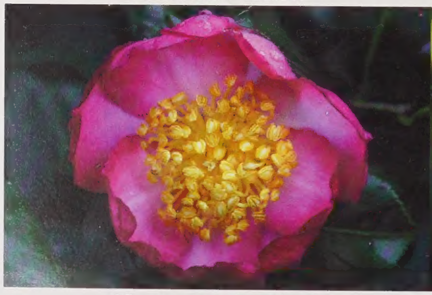
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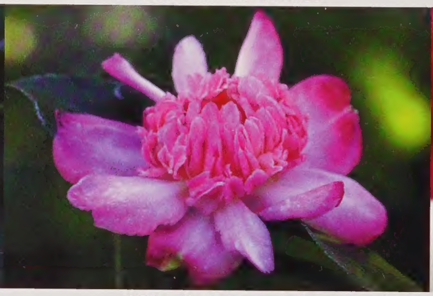
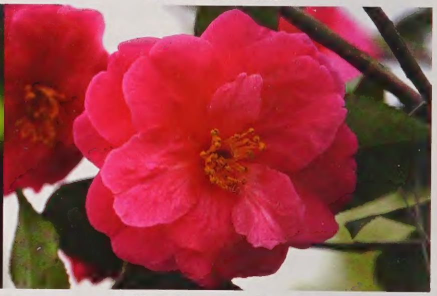

'Choji Guruma'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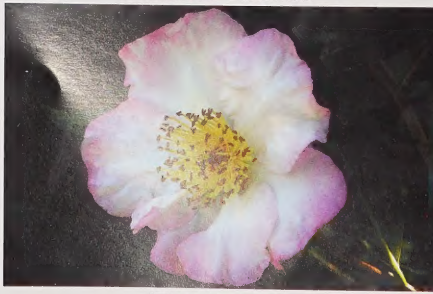
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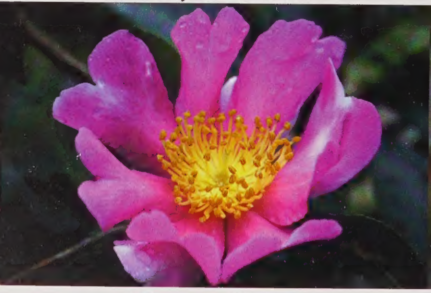
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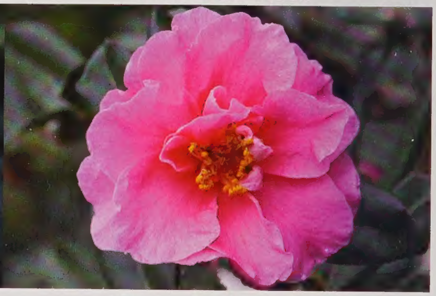
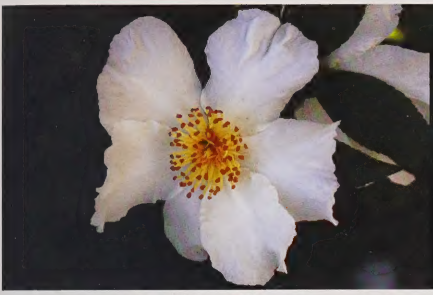

'Egao Corkscrew'

Our Top Picks:
Fall Blooming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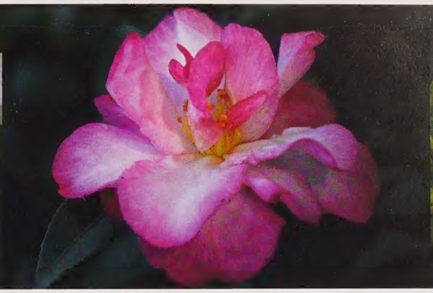
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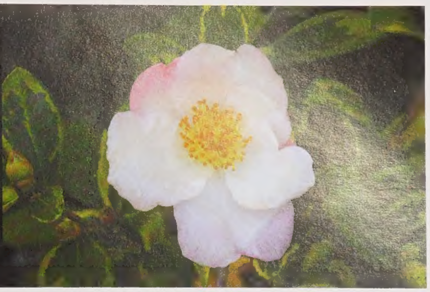
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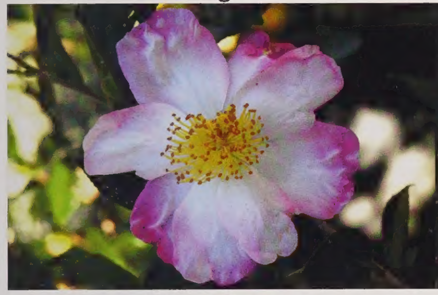
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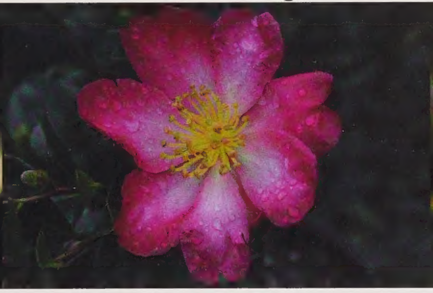
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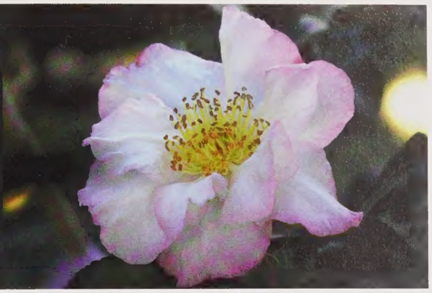
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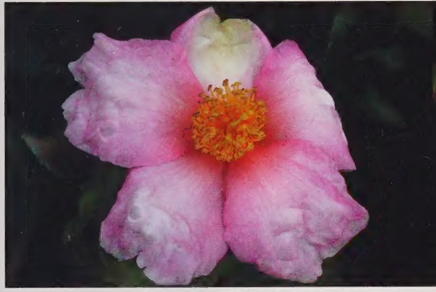
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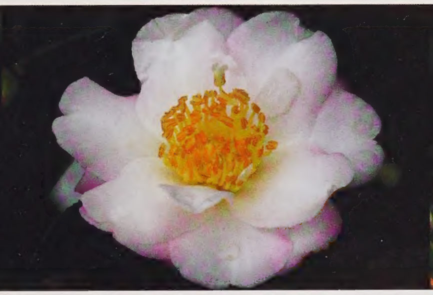
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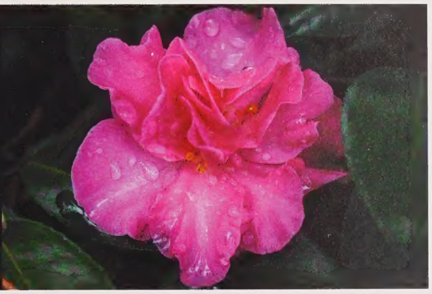
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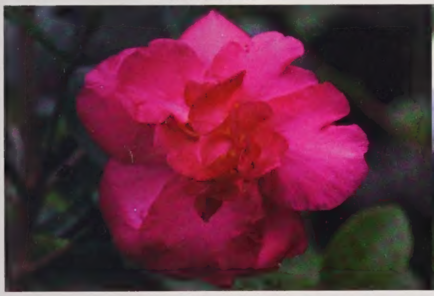
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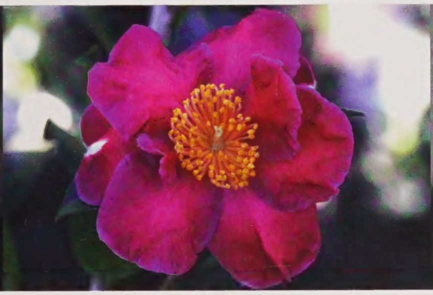
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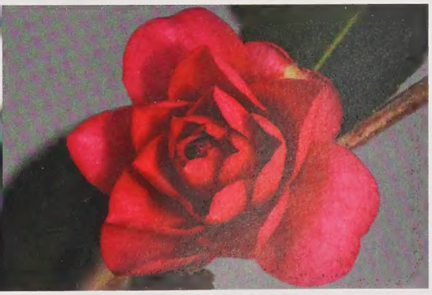
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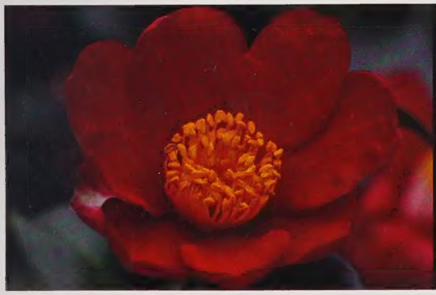
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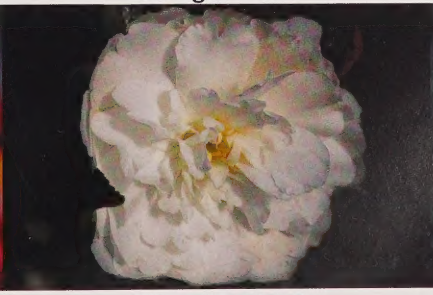
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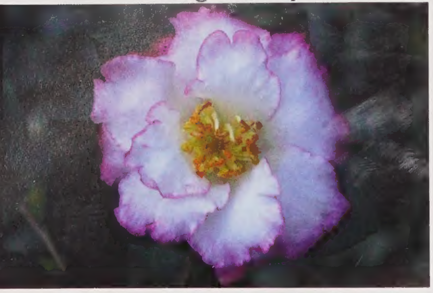
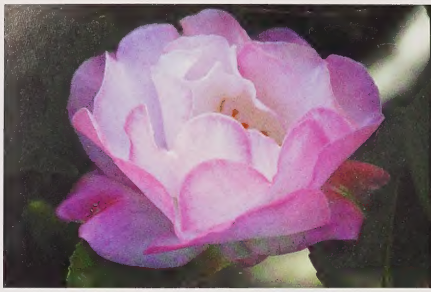
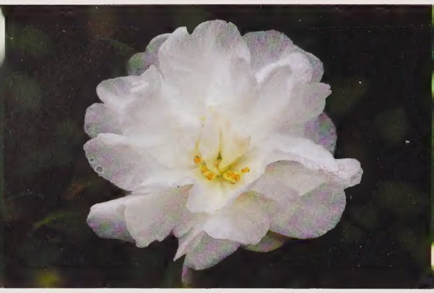

October Magic Inspiration

Our Top Picks:
Fall Blooming


October Magic Orchid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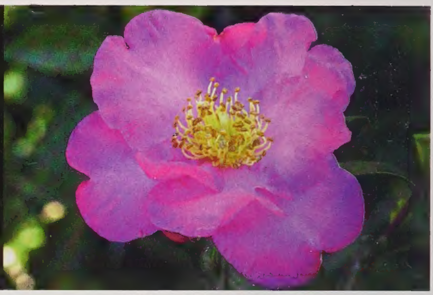
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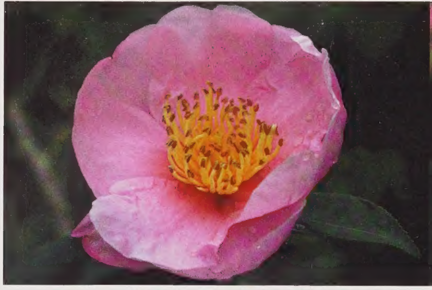
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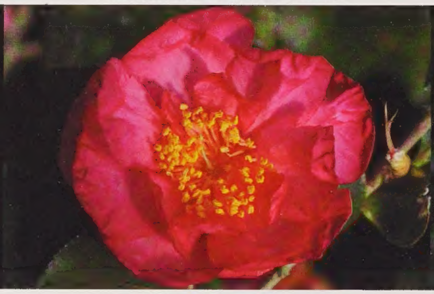
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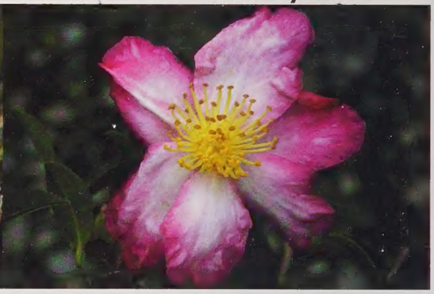
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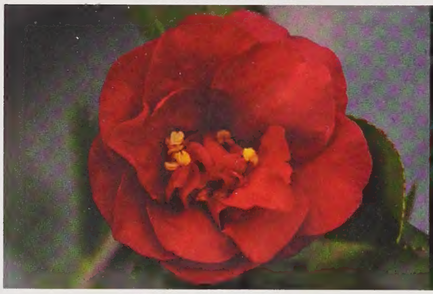
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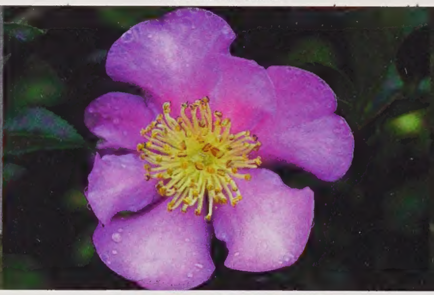
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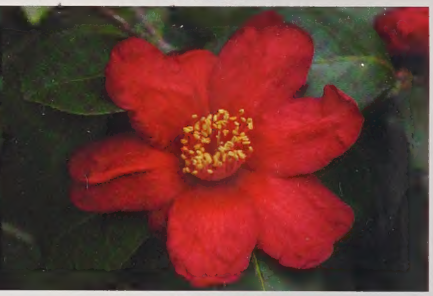
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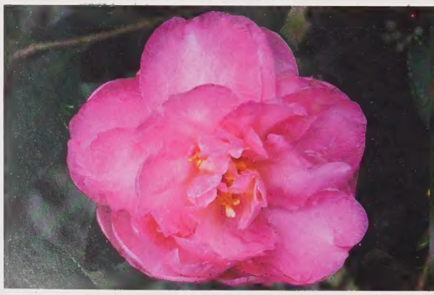
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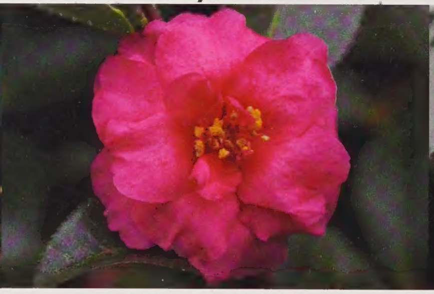
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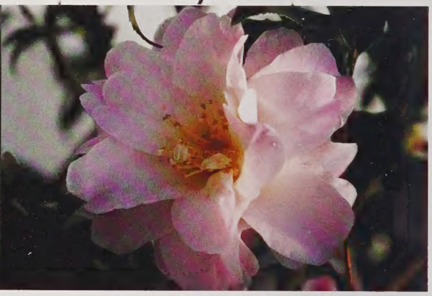
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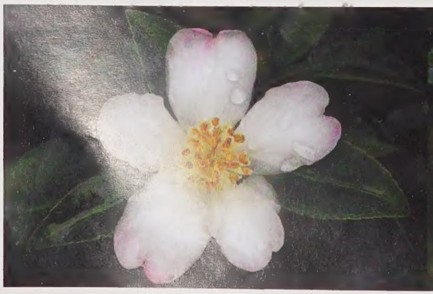
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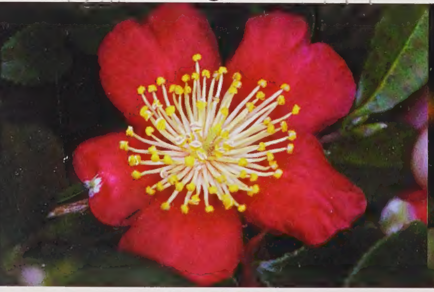
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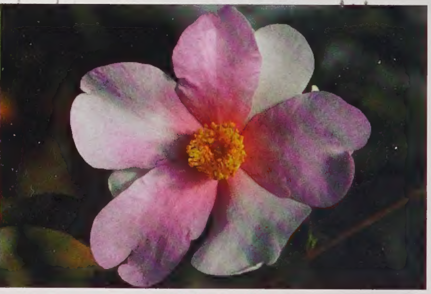

'Yume'

Fall Blooming Camellia Cultivars and Hybrids

'Alabama Beauty' (zone 7B) – After seeing this flower one can imagine a true red flowered, fall blooming Camellia since the semi-double flowers are a deep magenta-red color. The flowers are fairly large and bloom in October and November on a vigorous upright shrub. Originated from Tom Dodd. **$27** and **$60**

CF 'Angel's Kiss' (zone 7A) – 'Angel's Kiss' has medium pink peony form flowers that start blooming in October. It was nick-named "Pink Powder Puff" for the many ruffled petals, which create a globose flower shape, and the blooms are unusually well formed for a sasanqua. It has sturdy, upright growth with small deep green leaves. A moderate grower that is good for hedges. **$27** and **$60**

CF 'Ann McCulloch Hill' (zone 7B) – This backcross, (*C. sasanqua* × *C. reticulata*) × *C. sasanqua* blooms profusely with the best characteristics of both parent species. The influence of the *C. reticulata* is evident in the medium large flowers which are intense cerise pink and open in October and November. The free flowering habit and fine texture come from *C. sasanqua*. The semi-double to rose-form flowers are displayed on a slower growing bushy plant. **$16** and **$27**

'Asakura' (zone 7) – The large, semi-double to peony form white flowers have pale red shading. The bright and cheery bloom starts early in the *C. sasanqua* season. Originated in Kurume, Fukuoka Prefecture, Japan. **$60**

CF 'Autumn Carnival' (zone 7A) – This is one of my seedlings from 'Twilight Glow' that has single candy striped flowers. The white flowers have many small pink radial stripes and blooms in October and November in NC. The plant is upright but slow growing with small pointed leaves. "Carnival" was suggested as a name by Erin Weston but has already been used for another Camellia. There is a possibility that this is cold hardy to zone 6 but it has not been tested. (Advanced Generation Segregate of *C. sasanqua* and *C. oleifera*) **$16** and **$27**

CF 'Autumn Lantern' (zone 7) – This true fall blooming *Camellia japonica* will be covered with single medium-sized rose-red flowers in November. The advantage of fall bloom is the flowers avoid spring frosts and flower blight. The flowers on 'Autumn Lantern' open all at once for a nice show in the garden when there is not a lot of floral color around. The foliage is a deep dark green and the plant has good disease resistance and nice upright form. (*C. japonica* 'Berenice Boddy' × *C. japonica* 'Dainty') **$16**

'Autumn Moon' (zone 7) – This fine white sasanqua has formal double flowers and super vigorous growth. The blooms start early and are very showy in the garden. The plant has a narrow upright form and is a good choice for a hedge. **$16, $27,** and **$60**

'Autumn Rocket' (zone 7) – This sasanqua has medium-sized white flowers that are anemone to rose-form. An upright grower with narrow, glossy leaves and blooms in mid-autumn. **$16**

'Autumn Sentinel' (zone 7) – This striking plant has a very narrow upright growth habit with distinctive foliage. The leaves are small, narrow and dark green and with a compact habit, create a very attractive plant for a hedge or specimen. The plant grows quickly and the pale pink blooms come early in the season (October) – and are small and double. This plant comes from Bobby Green in southern Alabama but has grown well in NC for several years. It is formerly known as 'Bob Green'. **$16** and **$27**

CF 'Autumn Sun' (zone 7A) – The rose-red semi-double flowers are produced in mid-autumn (November) on this compact and robust shrub. The original plant was planted in a very sunny location and has shiny dark green leaves all year long. The plant form is upright but very compact with dense growth. **$60**

CF 'Autumn Sunrise' (zone 7) – This is a favorite of Clifford Parks because it is one of the earliest sasanquas to start blooming in the fall and the heavy bloom is quite striking. The white flowers have a red tip on each petal fading to pale pink at the center. The flowers are cup shaped as they open and are large singles. The plant grows vigorously and has a nice dense and upright habit. This is a fragrant Camellia. **$16** and **$27**

'Bonanza' (Var.) (zone 7A) – This has some of the deepest pink-red flowers of any of the Sasanquas. All Sasanquas have pink overtones due to the chemistry of the pigments in their flowers. The flowers are semi-double and medium-sized and the plant has a somewhat spreading habit. The variegation caused by virus in these plants can create white mottles in the flowers. Multiple clones of 'Bonanza' exist and this is a larger flowered form which starts to bloom in October. **$27** and **$60**

'Brandy's Temper' (zone 7) – This red, semi-double blooms early in the fall season. The growth habit is erect. Originated from Tom Dodd. **$27** and **$40**

'Cecilia' (zone 7) – This white double flowered sasanqua blooms early in the season with very symmetrical blooms which look formal double as they open. The plant is upright and vigorous with small leaves. **$27**

'Chansonette' (zone 7) – This spreading grower has brilliant pink flowers and may reach 5 feet tall by 8 feet wide in ten years. This is a seedling of 'Shishigashira' and has almost formal double flowers with petals that become ruffled with age. The heavy bloom starts in mid-fall (November). **$16** and **$27**

Fall Blooming Cultivars and Hybrids

CF 'China Girl' (zone 7B) – The large, deep pink, semi-double blooms open in late autumn. This has excellent foliage texture that is intermediate between the two parent species. This is a garden highlight, and will be at its best where heavy frosts are delayed. The plant is slower growing and somewhat open in habit. Blooms from November to December. (*C. sasanqua* 'Narumi-gata' × *C. reticulata* 'Cornelian') **$27**

'Chisato No Aki' (zone 7A) – A white, irregular, peony form flower that appears early in the *C. sasanqua* bloom season is very showy in the garden. The size of the bloom is medium. Originated in Kumamoto Prefecture, Japan. **$27** and **$60**

'Choji Guruma' (zone 7) – A light pink anemone form Camellia that darkens closer to the edges of both the petals and petaloids. This is one of the first sasanquas to bloom every year, usually at the end of September. **$16**

CF 'Christmas Rose' (zone 8A) – The rose pink to light red, rose-form double flowers start to open around Christmas and look like an opening rose bud. We recommend this plant for zone 8 because the midwinter bloom (December until February) – is enjoyed best in a mild climate or a greenhouse. The plant and foliage can take zone 7 winters with no problem. (*C. × williamsii × C. sasanqua*) **$27** and **$60**

'Daydream' (zone 7) – The large flowers of this cultivar are single and white with the petals delicately edged with rose pink. This is an early fall bloomer. Originated at Mobile Ornamental Nursery around 1948. **$60**

'Dazzler' (zone 7) – Flowers of this cultivar are rose-red, semi-double and medium-sized. It blooms early in the *C. sasanqua* season. The growth is moderate to vigorous and the plant has a spreading upright form. A very showy plant in the landscape. **$16** and **$27**

NEW 'Double Rainbow' (zone 7) – A semi-double to rose-form double from Nuccio's Nursery. The white petals have a broad border of deep pink fading towards the center of the flower. **$16**

NEW 'Dream Quilt' (zone 7) – A patchwork of pink and white petals make up this frilly flower. The form is semi-double with narrow petals curving upwards like fingers. This seedling of 'Yume' was introduced by Bobby Green. (F_2 Segregate of *C. sasanqua × C. yuhsienensis*) **$16**

'Dwarf Shi Shi' (zone 7) – This smaller plant has bright red, miniature flowers that are semi-double. Like a dwarf conifer this plant is a slow grower but continues to grow three inches each year. At ten years it will be about 3' x 3' but at 20 years it should be 6' x 6'. **$16**

'Egao Corkscrew' (zone 7) – The contorted stems and double flowers make this sport quite different from the parent, 'Egao'. The contorted stems were discovered at Nuccio's Nursery but my plant produces flowers with a nice rose-form not the semi-double of the parent. From November until March I will have some blooms on a rather spreading plant. (*C. × vernalis*) **$16** and **$27**

NEW 'Emeralds 'n Coral' (zone 7) – A nice rose-form to formal double flower. It begins showing color in mid October. The plant has a compact habit and dark green leaves. **$16**

NEW 'Eos Variegated' (zone 7) – A variegated leaf sport with a white edge to narrow and deformed leaves. The semi-double flower is a medium-sized white with touches of pink and starts blooming in October. (*C. × vernalis*) **$16**

'Falling Star' (zone 7) – The creamy white, single flowers are medium in size and have a touch of pink on the petals. The floral center has a burst of golden anthers. The floral display starts early in the fall season. The plant form is dense, and the growth is vigorous. Originated by C. M. and Lillian Gordy of Ocala, Florida in 1995. **$60**

NEW 'Feathered Edge' (zone 7) – This Camellia starts blooming in early October with medium to large blooms. A compact shrub, reaching 4-5ft at maturity. The flowers of 'Feathered Edge' are white blushing to a hot pink towards the petal tips. The loose peony form flowers also have feathered streaks radiating toward the center. **$16**

'Fuji No Yuki' (zone 7) – "Snow on Fuji" (trans.) is a white, medium double flower on an outstanding upright and compact shrub. The flower bud tips bear peach red and the flowers appear formal double at early stages of bloom with a few stamens appearing as the flower ages. Blooming starts at the end of October here in North Carolina. **$27** and **$60**

CF 'Golden Phoenix' (zone 7) – The showy wide yellow edge variegation contrasts with the dark green center of the leaf. The flower is a single white with dark pink edges. A sport found on a *Camellia sasanqua* seedling. **$27**

'Hana Jiman' (zone 7A) – This is an old dependable variety in our area. The single flowers are white with a contrasting pink edge and it blooms in October and November. The plant is upright and vigorous growing. **$60**

'Hana Nana' (zone 7) – This compact variety is a seedling of 'Hana Jiman' with striking white flowers bordered with intense deep pink. This is a slow grower reaching 4-5' tall in ten years. **$16, $27, $40,** and **$60**

'Hinode Gumo' (zone 7) – Large, white, single flowers are shaded with pink to scarlet and blooms early. The growth rate is vigorous, and the foliage is leathery. **$60**

Fall Blooming Cultivars and Hybrids

'Irihi No Umi' (zone 7A) – "Sea at Sunset" (trans.) has large, vivid red-burgundy single Higo form flowers. Sometimes the flowers even have a bluish cast. Bloom starts early and peaks mid-season (early November), lasts until hard frosts. The foliage is a very nice dark glossy green and it has a good compact form. **$16**

'Jean May' (zone 7A) – A loose peony form with pale pink flowers darkening at the center. The flowers contrast perfectly with the dark, glossy green leaves. **$16**

CF 'Kai Mei's Choice' (zone 7B) – The large, three-dimensional, rose-form flowers of this selection open to a clear rose-red in late autumn and early winter, and is best grown in localities where severe freezes hold off until late December or January. The flowers are striking in both color and form, but retain the delicateness of *C. sasanqua*. For many years this has been the favorite fall-bloomer of the owner of the nursery, thus the name. This plant has upright and spreading growth. (*C. sasanqua* × (*C. sasanqua* × *C. reticulata*); CF-7) **$27**

'Katsu Zumi' (zone 7) – A hybrid between *C. sasanqua* and *C. sinensis*, the tea plant. It has crinkly, pink single form flowers in fall, but this cultivar is most noteable for the maroon-burgundy red new growth in the spring and fall. We attempted to make a tea from the leaves and it turned out very flavorful and floral. **$16, $27,** and **$60**

'Kira Shiro Kantsubaki' (zone 7) – "Kira's white winter Camellia" (trans.) has small white double flowers with slight red marking on the outer petals. The bloom season is early and the plant has a very compact growth habit. I expect the plant to be 4-5 feet tall in ten years. **$60**

'Lauren' (zone 7) – This Tom Dodd introduction has semi-double pink flowers and blooms early to mid-season with a compact and upright growth habit. **$27**

'Lizzie' (zone 7) – This John Davy introduction is a seedling of 'Shishigashira' and is a "heavy, heavy bloomer". The semi-double flowers are deep coral pink and bloom early to mid-season over a long season. Often a few petaloids appear at the center of the flower. The plant has rapid open growth suitable for espalier. **$27**

CF 'Midnight Lover' (zone 7A) – This was selected and named for its intense, deep burgundy red color; the deepest red we have seen in *C. sasanqua*. The plant is vigorous and erect in habit, and it will make a wonderful contrast to the whites and pinks of other sasanquas in your garden. Blooms October to November with semi-double flowers. (a seedling of *C. sasanqua* 'Crimson King') **$27**

'Midnight Ruby' (zone 7B) – The miniature rose-form to formal double flowers are dark ruby red, and appear early in the season. Average growth rate with a spreading habit. **$27** and **$60**

CF 'Mieko Tanaka' (zone 7A) – This is a true red colored fall blooming Camellia. The flowers are small singles that start opening in October and will continue blooming until March during milder periods of weather. The leaves are very dark green and are more rounded than typical Sasanquas. The plant branches well and grows at a moderate rate. This resulted from work by Dr. Tanaka who investigated the origins of *C.* × *vernalis*. He discovered old Camellias in Japanese gardens which may have been some of the original *C.* × *vernalis* plants. (*C.* × *vernalis* 'Gaisen' × *C. japonica*) **$16** and **$27**

'Mine No Yuki' (zone 7) – A large, pure white cultivar with form varying from semi-double to peony form. Starts flowering early in the fall, and is known for heavy bloom. The habit is spreading and willowy, and growth is vigorous. Originated in Japan about 1900. **$60**

CF 'Moon Festival' (zone 7) – This cultivar has unusually large, pink, single flowers. The flowers are produced in abundance late in the fall bloom season. This plant has a moderate growth rate with an open, upright habit. (*C. sasanqua* × (*C. sasanqua* × *C. reticulata*) **$27** and **$60**

October Magic® Inspiration (zone 7) – When this variety produces a perfect flower it is outstanding in form and color highlights. The white flowers vary from peony to semi-double with a fine deep pink border to each petal. This is a seedling of 'Mine no yuki' and has a vigorous and upright growth habit. The best flowers are produced when given afternoon shade. A Green Nurseries introduction offered through the Southern Living Plant Collection. PP #20566 **$16** and **$60**

October Magic® Orchid (zone 7) – The dense habit and profuse long bloom season makes this valuable in the landscape. The heavy bud set actually keeps the plant from growing a second flush thus keeping the plant more manageable. The semi-double flowers are white with orchid pink highlights. A Green Nurseries introduction offered through the Southern Living Plant Collection. PP20,465 **$60**

October Magic® Snow (zone 7) – This seedling of 'Mine-No-Yuki' has similar, white peony form flowers. The plant habit is compact and rounded to about 6' × 6' in ten years with red-purple new growth in spring. The profuse flowers are often lightly edged in pink with a pink cast in the center. A Green Nurseries introduction offered through the Southern Living Plant Collection. PP20,454 **$16** and **$60**

NEW 'Ô Nishiki' (zone 7A) – One of the ancient varieties that we offer, this cultivar was named in the late 1800s in Japan. It has large white flowers with pink tinged, ruffled edges. It also has a fragrance. **$16**

Fall Blooming Cultivars and Hybrids

'Otome Sasanka' (zone 7A) – "Maiden Sasanqua" (trans) is a medium, light pink double, very free flowering shrub in mid-autumn. The plant has upright growth with evenly spaced branches and develops into a cone shape with time. The leaves are small and narrow with a deep green color. This is widely grown in Japan and should be widely grown here also. $27 and $60

'Paradise Blush' (zone 7) – Deep pink buds open to small to medium-sized white flowers that are heavily marked with pink. The bloom starts early and lasts over the long fall season. The habit is neat and upright, and thus ideal for screens or hedges. Originated at Paradise Plants, Kulnura, Australia about 1995. $27

'Paradise Little Liane' (zone 7) – This is a delightful small leafed compact growing sasanqua that is ideal for hedging, garden borders and topiary. This can be kept pruned at three feet high. The white semi-double to peony form flowers are borne in profusion during autumn and into winter. From Paradise Plants in Australia. $27

'Paradise Rebecca' (zone 7) – This one has deep pink peony form flowers with paler pink center petals. The plant is a vigorous, dense and upright growing Camellia, with large, glossy green leaves. This heavy bloomer is good for tall hedges over 10 feet tall. The dense growth means minimal pruning is required for good form. From Paradise Plants in Australia. $27

CF 'Pink Butterfly' (zone 7A) – 'Pink Butterfly' has bright pink, single, very large flowers from early to mid-season (October and November). The plant is very vigorous with large deep green leaves making this an outstanding specimen plant or an excellent choice for a colorful hedge. $27 and $60

CF 'Pink Goddess' (zone 7B) – This shrub has a rather fine foliar texture, but the delicate, perfectly formed pink flowers are very large and cup shaped. The flowers tend to be single but occasionally anemone form flowers are produced. This variety has been selected for its strikingly beautiful flowers. The plant is quite upright with compact branching and a dense appearance. 'Pink Goddess' starts early and blooms over a long season. $60

'Ponderosa' (zone 7) – This Sasanqua has striking deep pink-red semi-double large flowers. This was introduced by Tom Dodd along with many other Camellias which need more testing in our area. $27 and $60

'Rainbow' (zone 7) – This cultivar was originally imported from Japan by Nuccio's Nurseries. The single flowers are white, with a rose edge. It is a vigorous grower with an open habit and responds well to being espaliered. $60

'Reverend Ida' (zone 7) – A striking new plant from Bobby Green in Fairhope, Alabama. This is a seedling of 'Shishigashira' and has a similar growth habit which is spreading and quite compact. The flower is a small semi-double of an intense dark reddish-pink. The bloom season starts at the end of October and can last 2-3 months. $16, $27, and $60

'Rosy Pillar' (zone 7) – This Nuccio's Nurseries release has a narrow upright habit with small leaves packed along the stems. The rose pink, single flowers have wavy petals. This is a moderate growing and compact with growth similar to 'Starry Pillar' but different from all other *C. sasanqua* varieties. $16, $27, and $60

'Ryûkô' (zone 7) – "Dragon Light" (trans.) has small, deep red, single blooms in between seasons (late fall into winter). A very attractive, fine textured triploid Camellia with deep green leaves. This grows fast and becomes 15-20 feet tall quite rapidly. The plant did not die back to the ground after the -9°F freeze but colder areas will limit the floral displays. (*C. × vernalis*) $27 and $60

'Sarrel' (zone 7B) – This spreading plant could easily be kept under two feet tall with a little pruning or training of the branches. The first time my plant bloomed I had to run for the camera since it was a perfect formal double pink flower. The bloom peaks in mid-season. This was introduced by Bobby Green. $16, $27, and $60

'Seikaiha' (zone 7B) – "Quiet Ocean Waves" (trans.) has formal double to rose-form white flowers with outer petals having pink markings. Individual blooms on this plant are quite showy due to the large size and nice form. The plant grows about as wide as tall and has nice stiff branches. $16 and $27

NEW 'Shibori Showa' (zone 7) – A pink and white semi-double to loose peony form Camellia with bright green foliage with occasional yellow splotches caused by caused by virus. $16

CF 'Shikoku Stars' (zone 7A) – This was selected from wild collected *C. sasanqua* at the northern limit of its range. The small single flowers are pure white unlike most cultivated *C. sasanqua*, which is introgressed with *C. japonica*. The plant has an overall fine texture since the leaves are also very small. $27

'Shishigashira' (zone 7A) – "Lion's Head" (trans.) is a reddish pink double which is very free flowering but a slow spreading grower. It is an old variety from the Kansai area of Japan. The blooms are small to medium-sized and bloom mid to late in the fall season. Although this is a spreading plant with time the plant will reach five feet tall or more. $27 and $60

'Showa Nishiki' (zone 7) – This was brought to the US from the Japanese Imperial Gardens by Vi Stone. The early single flowers are white and it sets plenty of seeds. It is vigorous and reaches 20 feet tall quite rapidly. $27

'Star Above Star' (zone 7) – This is a most unusual semi-double flower in the form of one star superimposed over another star. The color shades from a white center to lavender rose at the edge of the petals. The bloom is mid-season, and the habit bushy and upright. This *C. × vernalis* cultivar was originated by McCaskill Gardens, Pasadena, California. $27 and $60

'Starry Pillar' (zone 7) – This has a small, single white flower with a trace of pink at the edge of the petal, and on the flower bud. It has an average growth rate with a columnar habit. $27 and $60

NEW 'Susy Dirr' (zone 7) – This has a large bright pink formal double flower on a vigorous shrub. The bloom starts early in the season and the plant should reach 10-12' tall and wide quite rapidly. This plant honors the indomitable spirit shown by the daughter of Bonnie and Dr. Michael Dirr. PPAF $16

'Weeping' (zone 7) – This plant has a delicate appearance - it has narrow dark green leaves and gently arching branches. This grows up with side branches hanging down. $16 and $60

NEW 'White Sentinel' (zone 7) – This narrow columnar grower has single white flowers starting early in the season. The small leaves are a dark green on a densely growing plant. This can grow four feet or more a year. $16

CF 'Wm. Lanier Hunt' (zone 7B) – The medium-sized, peony form, dark orchid pink flowers bloom mid-season (October and early November). It is a vigorous grower and tends to form a nicely rounded shrub at an early age. This is a favorite of ours - it has a wonderful habit and nice, light grey bark as it ages which contrasts beautifully with the foliage. $16, $27, and $60

'Yuletide' (zone 7B) – This is one of the only true reds found among fall blooming Camellias and the plant has a wonderful compact form with small dark green leaves. The small single flowers have a contrasting yellow center surrounded by 5-6 bright red petals. Unfortunately this blooms late in the season and can be frozen by freezes we usually get near Christmas. There are two things to do: 1) – cross with early blooming reds such as 'Midnight Lover' and 'Yuletide' does make fertile seeds 2) – plant the bush in a very protected spot in an alcove and cover the plant on freezing nights. $16, $27, and $60

NEW 'Yuletide Carol' (zone 7) – A more compact and less upright form than its mother, 'Yuletide'. Small semi-double salmon red flowers appear in November for us. $16

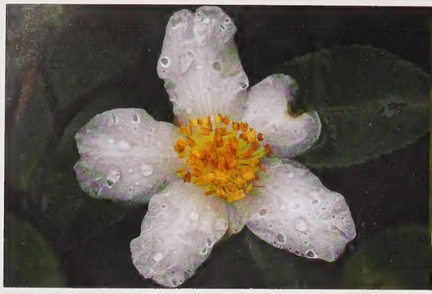
NEW 'Yuletide Cheer' (zone 7) – This seedling from 'Yuletide' has semi-double red flowers opening slightly earlier in the season than 'Yuletide'. The plant has dark green leaves and is moderately vigorous. $16

NEW 'Yuletide Spirit' (zone 7) – The unusual coral red flowers are single and bloom early in the season. The plant is very vigorous and upright with dark green leaves. $16

'Yume' (zone 7B) – "Dream" (translation) is a profuse mid-winter bloomer with single flowers and a spreading growth habit. Blooms October through March. I have found the open flowers to be resistant to frost which is helpful for a variety that tends to bloom in the middle of winter. The petal coloration is very unusual: often the petals appear to alternate white and pale pink. It also has a slight fragrance. (*C. sasanqua* 'Shishigashira' × *C. yuhsienensis*) $16 and $27

Freshly Harvested
Tea from *C. sinensis*
Page 38

Our Top Picks: Species and Teas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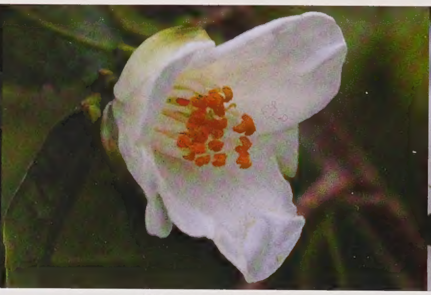
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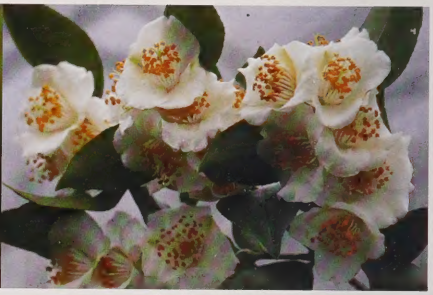
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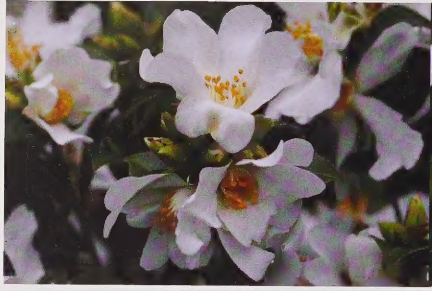
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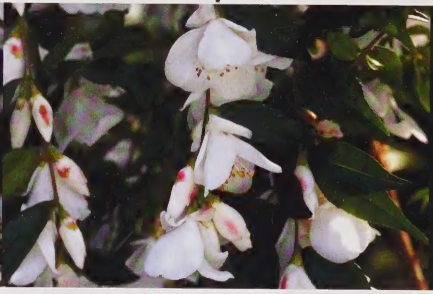
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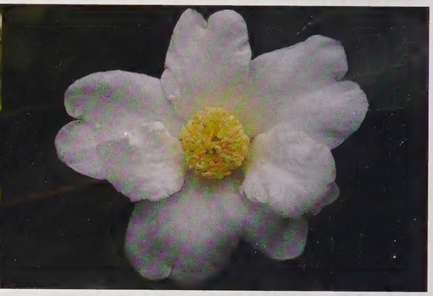
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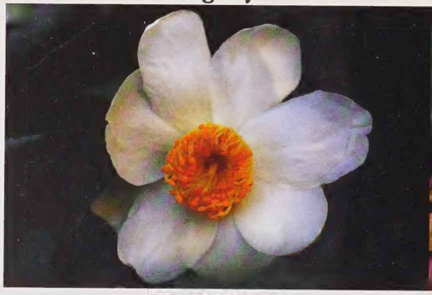
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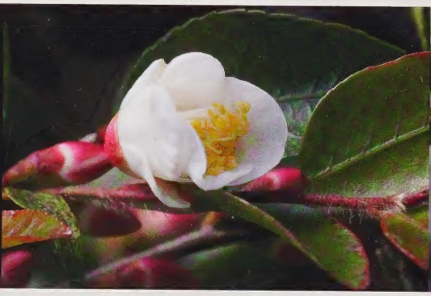
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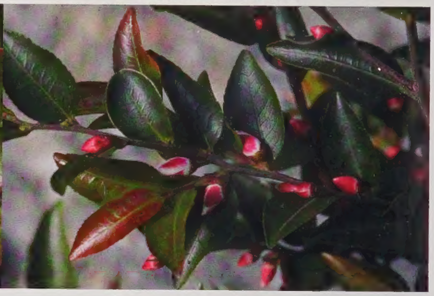
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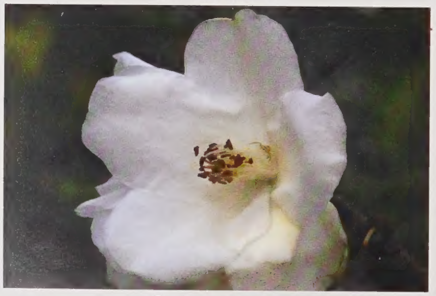
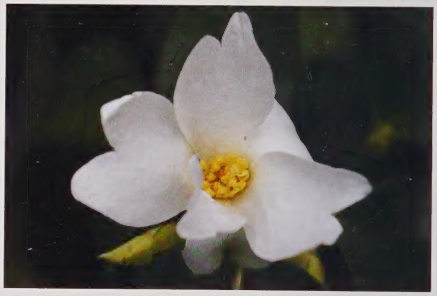

C. truncata

Tea Flowers (Pictured Below)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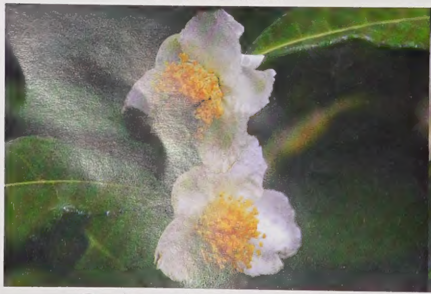
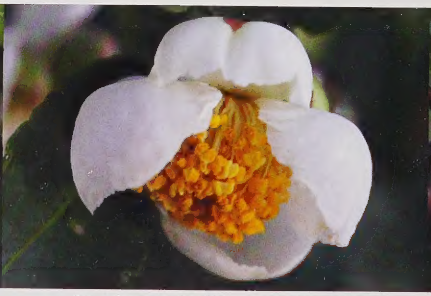
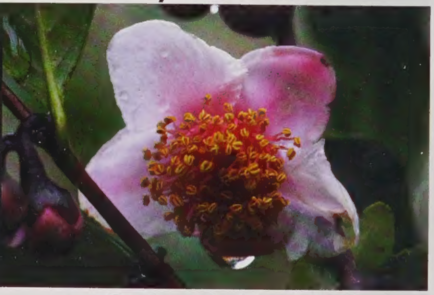

C. sinensis var. sinensis


C. sinensis “Large Leaf”


C. sinensis ‘Rosea’

Camellia Species

C. brevistyla (zone 7B) – This highly variable species from the mountains of southeastern China is related to *C. sasanqua* and *C. oleifera*. White flowers are produced in the fall and can vary in size from 1 to 2 inches in diameter. The foliage is a dark green, relatively small and fairly dense. The bark becomes orange at a young age and is quite attractive. It survives and thrives in exposed, severely deforested areas in the wild, and is very easy to cultivate. The natural distribution is SE China and Taiwan. **$27, $40,** and **$60**

C. chekiangoleosa (zone 7A) – This Chinese species is closely related to *C. japonica*, but it has larger flowers and can have a distinct orange-red hue in the flowers. The flowers are single with a large boss of yellow anthers and bloom from late winter into early spring. Reports from this country indicate this is species is quite cold-hardy, possibly into Zone 6. This is a showy species, which deserves to be used widely in the landscape and hybridized to push the limits of Camellias. Often large apple-sized fruits are produced and the seeds can be pressed to make high-quality oil for cooking. **$16**

C. chrysanthoides (zone 8B) – This species from southern Guangxi has bright yellow flowers about 1.5 inches across and is easy to grow with good resistance to dieback disease. Spring bloom. The foliage emerges with a strong burgundy red color and the large leaves have strongly impressed veins. Some seedlings survived outdoors to a low temperature of 13°F. **$16** and **$27**

C. cuspidata (zone 7A) – This very fine textured shrub produces small, 2 inches across, white flowers in the late winter or early spring. The narrow leaves have a nice red flush as they emerge and are displayed on willowy growth. The plant becomes a small tree with time and has very good cold hardiness. These seedlings come from plants originating in the Huang Shan (Yellow mountains) in Anhwei province near the northern limits of Camellias in China. **$60**

C. fraterna (zone 7B) – While searching for wild plants of *C. chekiangoleosa* in Zhejiang province we saw this species growing along the road in abundance under young trees. It was blooming heavily in February and we even found one with slightly pink flowers. Mostly the flowers are white and about 1.5 to 2 inches across. The heavy bloom can weigh down the longer branches into graceful arches. The small leaves usually have a distinctly pointed tip. The hexaploid chromosome number allows hybrids to be made with a range of species and several cultivars have been developed: 'Yoi Machi', 'Crimson Candles' and 'Tiny Princess'. **$16, $27,** and **$60**

C. furfuracea (zone 7B) – While this species has striking foliage the greenish cream flowers have minimal ornamental value. The leaves can be up to 7 inches long with indented veins and a rather stiff texture. The species is widespread in SE China, Vietnam, and Laos. **$16** and **$40**

C. grisjii (zone 7B) – The small, white flowers of this species are produced in great profusion (cluster flowing) in the early winter. It develops into a dense, fine-textured, small tree of 15 or more feet tall. It is native to Fujian, Hubei, Sichuan, and Guangxi in southern China. The textured foliage is dense and handsome - a favorite of nursery visitors. **$16** and **$27**

C. handelii (zone 7B) – I have been impressed with the way the pink flower buds and white flowers are arranged along the young stems. Multiple buds are set at each node and the flowers generally face downwards. The flowers are 1 to 1.5 inches across and are strongly fragrant (for a Camellia). The leaves are very small only slightly over an inch long and this gives the plant a very fine texture. The plant is found in Hunan, Guizhou, and Jiangxi provinces of China so we expect it to have some cold hardiness. Small plants have done well outdoors over the last three winters. **$16** and **$27**

C. obtusifolia (zone 7) – This species produces an abundance of small white flowers in the autumn and develops cinnamon colored bark with age. The plant is very similar to *C. brevistyla*. The wild distribution range includes Jiangxi, Hubei, Zhejiang, Fujian and Guangdong provinces. **$27**

***C. oleifera* "Guangzhou"** (zone 7B) – This strain is more heat tolerant and would be a better choice for growing in the Gulf Coast. **$16**

***C. oleifera* "Lushan Strain"** (zone 6) – This very sturdy and vigorous evergreen shrub produces a show of single white flowers in the early to middle autumn. This strain comes from high in the Lu Shan mountains in east-central China and has thick dull green foliage that is superior to some other strains of this species currently available. This species has broad application in the landscape because it is one of our hardiest and easiest to cultivate broad-leaved evergreens. The seeds of this plant are used in China to make a high quality vegetable oil and may be a future crop here in the SE United States. These seedlings will eventually grow to 25 feet tall and almost as wide in full or partial sun. **$16** and **$27**

C. parvalimba (zone 7B) – We first saw this very fine textured species being used as understock in a Chengdu nursery in Sichuan, China after it had been collected from wild stands around Emei Shan. It is a shrub that grows to about 2 meters tall and has perhaps the smallest leaves in the genus. The tiny flowers are white, or flushed with pink and produced in great abundance in the fall season. It has survived three winters in central North Carolina without cold injury. **$16** and **$27**

C. transarisanensis (zone 8) – This species will confuse your friends because it does not look like a Camellia. The tiny leaves are 1.5" long and the numerous reddish buds open into one inch diameter white flowers. This will be a useful landscape plant once the hardiness has been determined. **$16** and **$27**

C. transnokoensis (zone 7B) – I did not expect this plant to be cold hardy but several plants have done well over the last few years. These plants have also bloomed well in March. The 1.5 inch flowers are white with distinct red spots on the outermost petals and are produced in profusion. The leaves are about an inch long and make a nice fine textured shrub. This is found in Taiwan and is very similar to *C. lutchuensis*. **$16** and **$27**

C. truncata (zone 7B) – This species from Yunnan, China was described by Chang and Ye in 1990 and is in section Theopsis and has grown into an attractive plant in pots. Small five petaled flowers open in late winter and small glossy pointed leaves are arranged nicely on a compact plant. **$27** and **$40**

C. yuhsienensis (zone 7B) – This species from Hunan, Jiangxi and Guangdong makes a spectacular floral display because of the heavy bud set. I have seen plants with an "inflorescence" of over a dozen buds at the tip of a branch—like a spiky Christmas decoration since the flower buds are long and pointed. Some clones of this species have a very nice fragrance but plants are variable. The flowers are white and open in late winter. The leaves are relatively small and reticulate. **$60**

Tea Plants

C. sinensis* var. *assamica (zone 8) – This is a very large leaf form of tea from southern and southwestern China and India. Because tea has been cultivated for so long the origins of the numerous varieties is obscure. The leaves are thinner than the Large-leaf form and also longer. The plant is very vigorous and upright growing and can reach 50 feet tall with a trunk one meter in diameter in the forests of southwestern Yunnan, China. **$12**

***C. sinensis* "China"** (zone 7A) – This form is seed grown and sold in a 1qt pot, as a 1 year old seedling 4-6" tall with a single stem. This selection of tea has medium-sized leaves and tends to bloom heavily at a young age. The origin of these seeds is an unknown area of China but these are distinct from other varieties. **$12**

CF *C. sinensis* 'Christine's Choice' (zone 7B) – This particularly fine individual was identified from our tea test plot here at the nursery. The plant has deep green, narrow, and medium-sized leaves and a vigorous, spreading habit. **$16**

CF *C. sinensis* 'Dave's Fave' (zone 7A) – This is a superior strain of tea we selected. It has large, rounded leaves and short internodes, and thus it develops into a full, well-rounded bush. It is vigorous and will make abundant shoots for making tea. **$16**

***C. sinensis* "Guizhou"** (zone 7B) – A seed strain grown from a source in Guizhou province, China. These appear similar to small leaf tea. **$15**

***C. sinensis* "Korea"** (zone 6B) – This seed strain is grown from wild plants originating at Chiri Mountain in South Korea. Distinctive leaves have more reticulate veining and a medium size. **$12** and **$16**

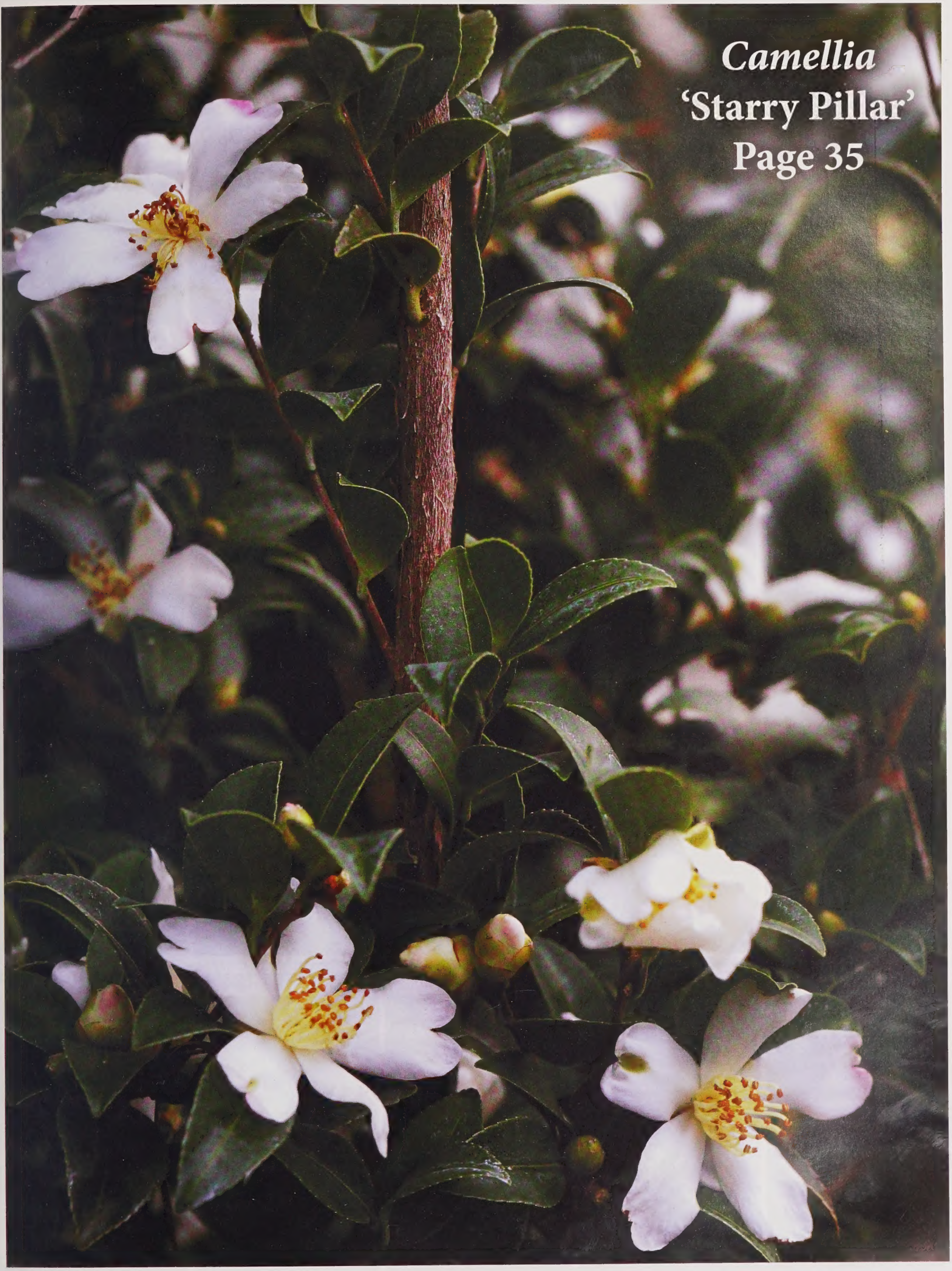
***C. sinensis* "Large Leaf"** (zone 7A) – What sets this variety apart from the others is the large and leathery leaves and it can be identified just by feeling the thickness of a single leaf. The plant becomes a multi-trunked tree to about 15 feet tall. This variety starts blooming as early as August from spherical buds that open into cup shaped white flowers. It is a profuse bloomer and produces many nickel sized fruits. When harvesting tea this has the advantage that your bag fills up much faster because the shoots are larger. Flow cytometry experiments indicate this has a tetraploid genome. This means it has double the number of chromosomes of most tea species. the larger leaves and flower, thicker leaves and stems are classic indications of a tetraploid. **$12, $20** and **$40**

C. sinensis* var. *ptilophylla (zone 7B) – This small tree from Guangdong province with leaves up to 7 inches long and pubescence (small hairs) on most surfaces except the top of the leaf blade. Because of the hairs it is used to make "White-hair tea" which is a special high-quality tea. **$12**

C. sinensis* var. *quinquebracteata (zone 8) – This is a large leaf form of tea from Yunnan province in China. The plant grows very vigorously with long upright shoots. **$12**

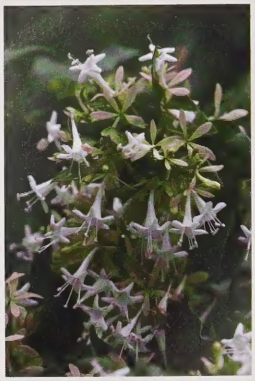
***C. sinensis* 'Rosea'** (zone 7A) – Pale pink flowers are produced in profusion on this shrub in early autumn. The burgundy new growth is the most outstanding quality of this variety, but the red pigment is found in all parts of the plant from the roots to the bright pink filaments of the flowers. The size of the leaves and character of the plant are similar to the small-leaf form of tea. **$16**

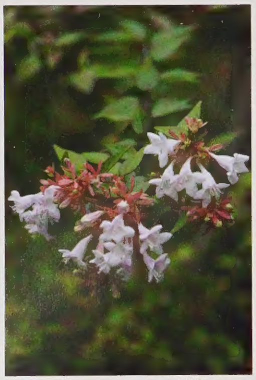
***C. sinensis* var. *sinensis* "Small Leaf"** (zone 6B) – An excellent shrub for the landscape that has small white flowers in the early autumn, and a compact branching habit. The plant usually grows as a multi-stemmed small shrub usually not growing more than 6 feet tall. Tea is tolerant of a wide variety of conditions from full sun to deep shade although the ideal situation is light shade or half a day of sun. This variety is widely cultivated in Japan. Using our recipe, tea made from these plants is delicious with a mild flavor. **$12, $16, $27** and **$60**

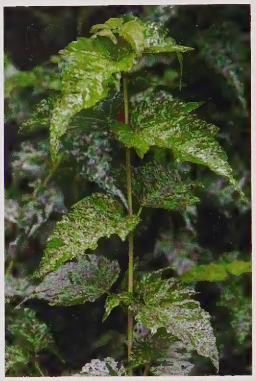


Camellia
'Starry Pillar'
Page 35

Our Top Picks:
Trees and Shrubs


Abelia chinensis


Abelia x grandiflora 'Francis Mason'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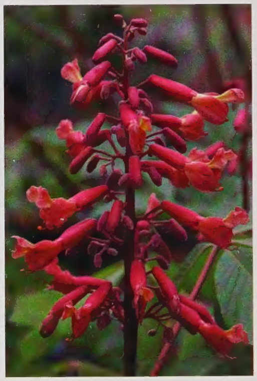
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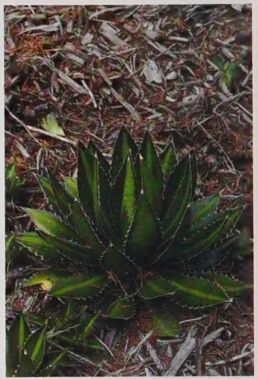
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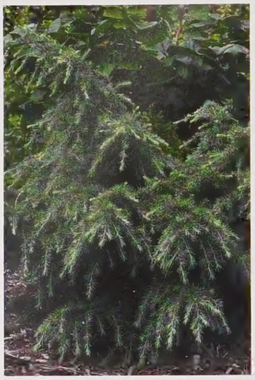
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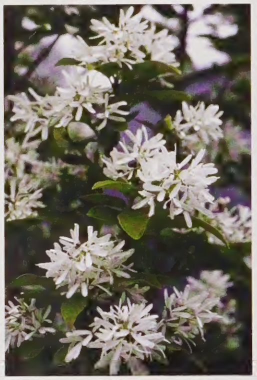
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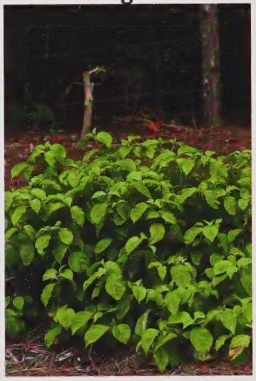
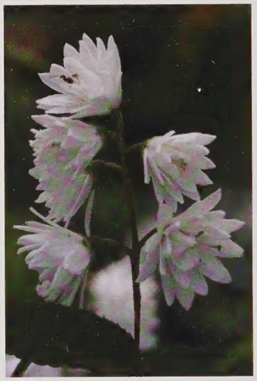

Cornus florida 'Suwanee Squat'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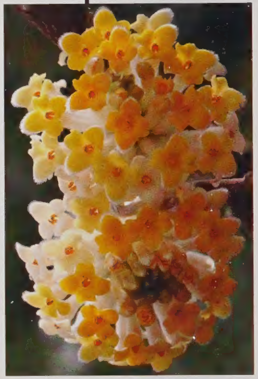
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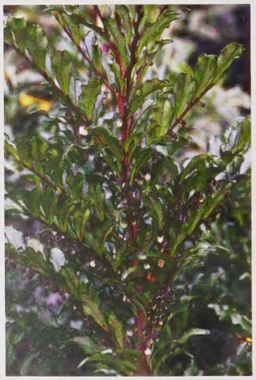
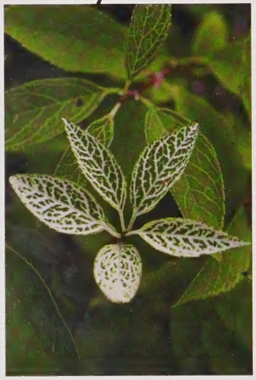

Eurya japonica 'Moutiers'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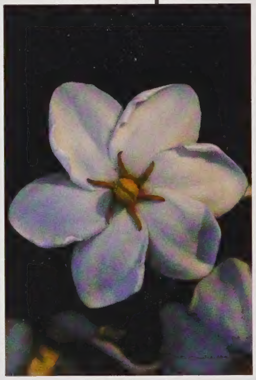
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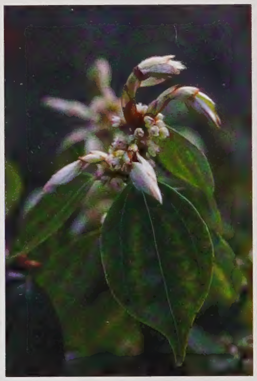
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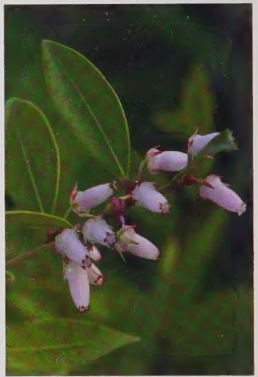
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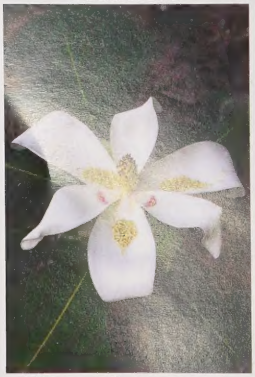
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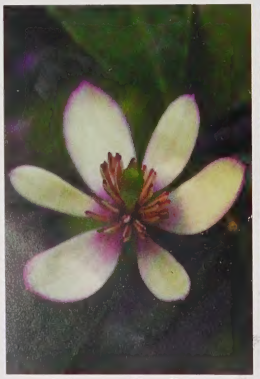
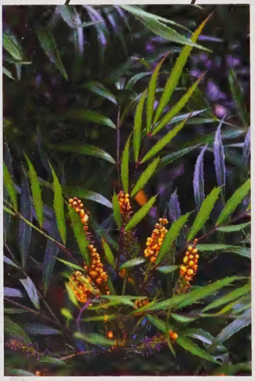
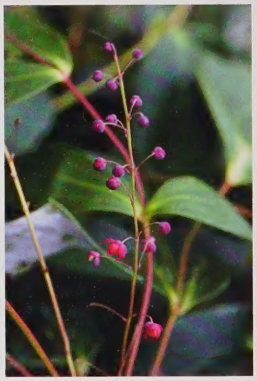

Magnolia figo var. skinneriana


Mahonia eurybracteata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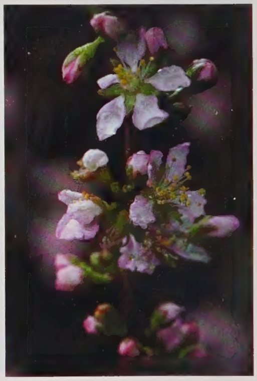
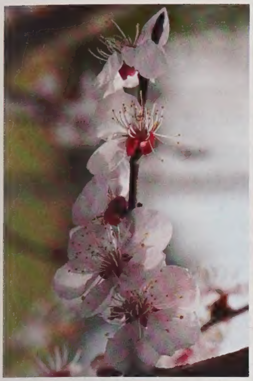

Prunus jacquemontii

Our Top Picks:

Trees and Shrubs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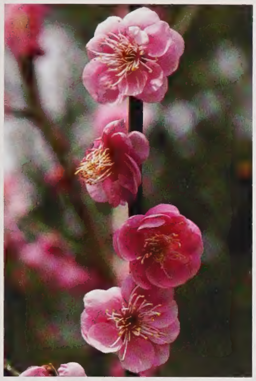
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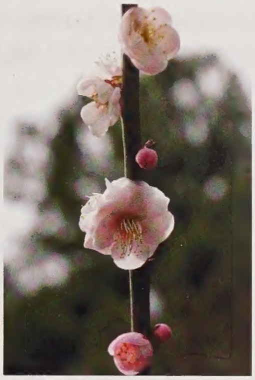
Prunus mume
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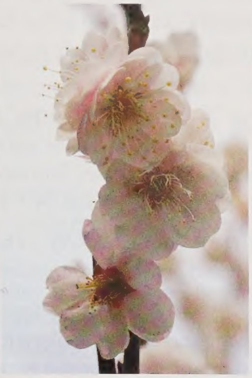
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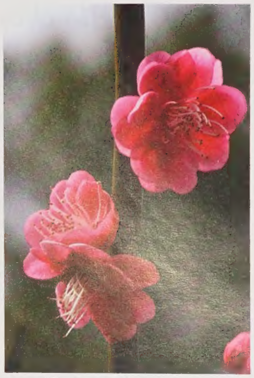
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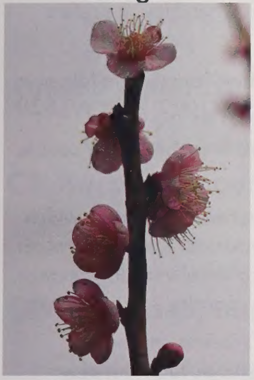
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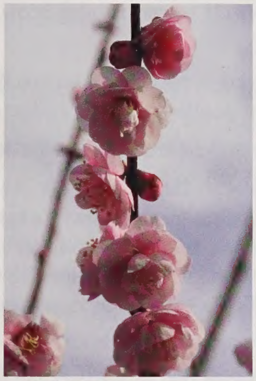
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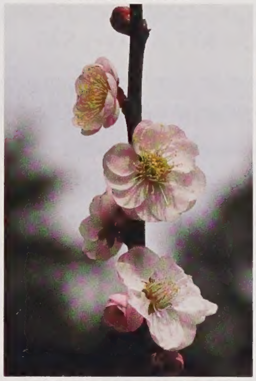
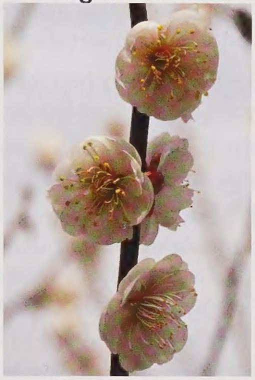

Prunus mume
‘Omoi No Mama’


Prunus mume
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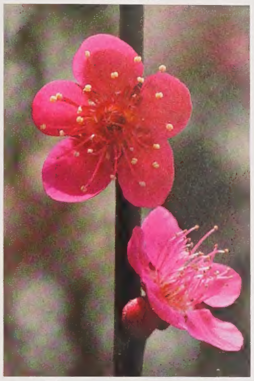
Prunus mume
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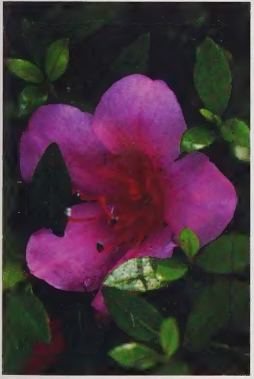
Rhododendron x
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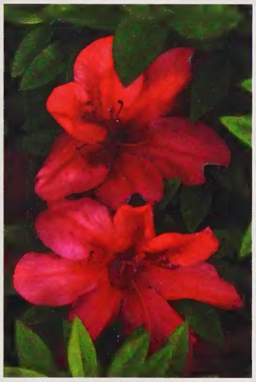
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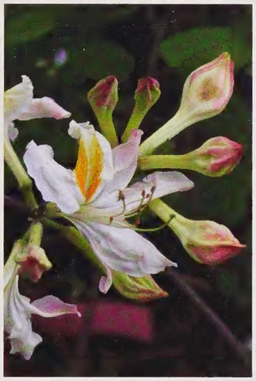
Rhododendron x
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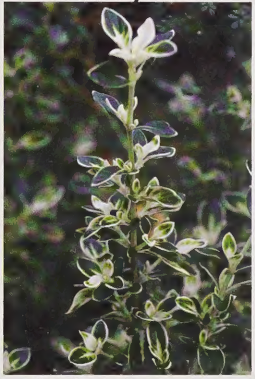
Serissa japonica
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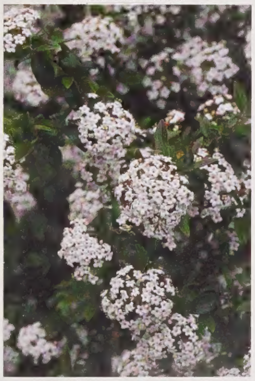
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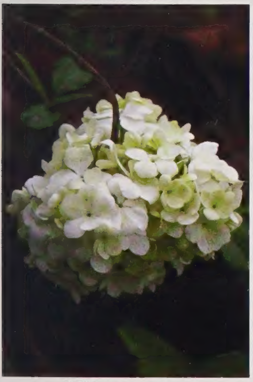
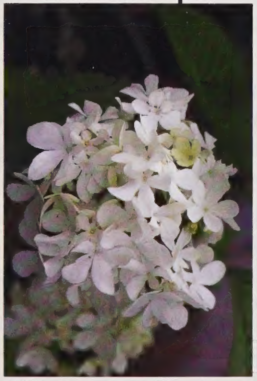
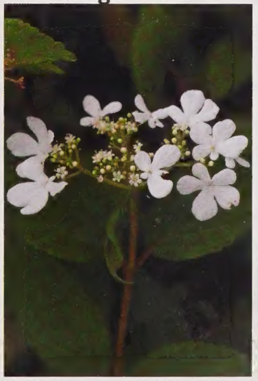
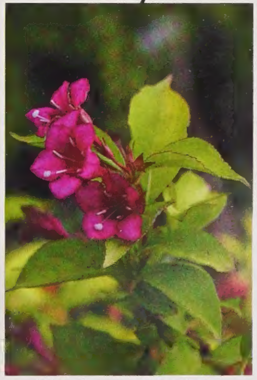
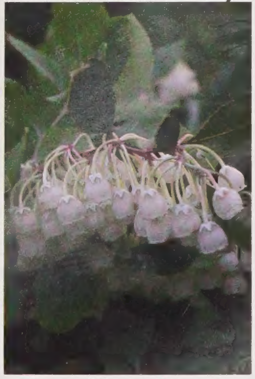

Viburnum
macrocephalum


Viburnum plicatum
‘Nana’


Viburnum plicatum
‘Summer Snowflake’


Weigela florida
‘Rubidor’


Zenobia pulverulenta ‘Blue Sky’

Trees and Shrubs

NEW ***Abelia chinensis*** (zone 7-9) – This semi-evergreen large shrub is an incredible butterfly attractant. Small white, fragrant flowers adorn the plant from July to September. It prefers full sun to part shade and moist, but well-drained soils. [6'T X 6'W] **$20**

***Abelia × grandiflora* 'Francis Mason'** (zone 6-9) – This semi-evergreen spreading, rounded shrub has glossy brilliant yellow leaves that turn bronze in cooler temperatures. The fragrant white tubular flowers bloom from summer to frost and attract hummingbirds and butterflies. The new growth is bright yellow becoming golden when mature. For dense growth, site in full sun with moist well-drained soil. [4'T X 4'W] **$20**

NEW ***Abelia mosanensis*** (zone 7-9) – This Korean abelia blooms from May until June with fragrant, pinkish white blooms. It has good fall color and grows best in moist, acidic, well-drained soils and full sun to part shade. [5'T X 5'W] **$16**

Abelia serrata (zone 7-9) – An interesting deciduous species in this often abundantly grown genera. This Chinese native has proven to be very heat and drought tolerant during recent dry spells in central NC. It can tolerate full sun to light shade and heavy soils. In mid summer it is adorned with whitish-pink tubular flowers that attract butterflies. [8'T X 8'W] **$20**

Abies bornmulleriana (zone 6-7) – The Turkish Fir is a large growing specimen with flat, aromatic, dark green needles. It grows into a handsome form and has multicolored cones, ranging from purple to red, turning brown when ripe. It prefers moist, cool, acidic soil and sun to part shade. [50-80'T X 30'W] **$20**

Abies firma (zone 5-9) – This is a very heat tolerant fir that I have seen growing in southern Alabama quite happily. The foliage is a wonderful dark green and the tree is quite fast-growing. A must have for southern conifer collectors. [100'T X 30'W] **$20**

Abies nordmanniana (zone 5-7) – This fir has nice glossy needles tightly packed around the whorled branches and a couple of large trees in Hillsborough, NC prove this is heat tolerant. [100'T X 25'W] **$25**

***Acer caudatifolium* 'Variegatum'** (zone 7-9) – This vigorous specimen has incredible white splashed variegation, which appears stable through-out the plant. The young bark is a lovely cream-white color, adding winter interest. The new growth is flushed soft pink. It also has brilliant orange-yellow fall coloration. Site in moist, well-drained soil to ensure healthy growth. For gardeners in the hot southeast US, we recommend partial sun, specifically eastern exposure, or morning sun, to ensure the white foliage will not burn. [20'T X 15'W] **$35**

Acer fabri (zone 7-9) – A beautiful species maple, grown from seed from the specimen at the JCRA in Raleigh, NC. The new flush of leaves are bright pink, fading over time to glossy green. This evergreen maple may require some protection in colder climates. Great vigor when planted in sun to part shade with moist, well draining soil. [25'T X 20'W] **$30**

***Acer freemanii × rubrum* 'JSC Kingsone' Shelina's Beauty™ PP #21935** (zone 5-8) – A hardy, drought tolerant landscape maple with beautiful variegated foliage. The spring and summer leaves have creamy yellow spots overlaying green. The new growth is an orange-red color for three weeks before fading to the typical yellow and green variegation. The fall color is a brilliant burgundy mixture consisting of reds and pinks with a light yellow in the creamy variegated portion of the leaf. This is a large shade tree specimen and deserves a prime spot in the garden! [40'T X 40'W] **$35**

***Acer japonicum* 'Aconitifolium'** (zone 5-7) – A dwarf, mounded, deciduous small tree which typically grows slowly. The palmate, almost fern-like green leaves are deeply divided into 9-11 toothed and cut lobes. Leaves turn crimson in fall. Small reddish flowers appear in spring before the leaves and give way to samaras which ripen in late summer to early fall. The cultivar name translates as "Foliage of Monk's Hood." These are grafted plants on *Acer palmatum* rootstock. [10'T X 8'W] **$50**

***Acer palmatum* 'Goshiki Kotohime'** (zone 6) – This small-leafed Japanese Maple makes an upright growing shrub with yellow-green leaves. My plant has grown in full sun quite nicely and has reached 12 feet in 12 years. The new flush has faint white edge variegation. [8'T X 6'W] **$20** and **$40**

Acer pubipalmatum (zone 5-9) – A rare species maple from China. It is very closely related to Japanese maples. It has incredible fiery fall colors. At maturity, the bark has white striations adding a year-round interest. This species is exceptionally drought tolerant. [15'T X 10'W] **$20**

***Acer rubrum* Framett™ PPAF**(zone 5-8) – Another large specimen maple selected by JSC Nursery in central Tennessee. The variegated foliage is similar to Shelina's Beauty™, but is only half as large. The growth rate is also slower, distinguishing it from many other red maples. The new growth has an orange-red coloration before fading to creamy-yellow on green. The fall foliage is brilliant red to burgundy, with pink shades on the variegated spots. [30'T X 30'W] **$35**

NEW ***Acer rufinerve* 'Hatsuyuki'** (zone 6-9) – A small, upright deciduous tree with wonderful fall color and green bark. White and pale-green variegation on deep green foliage appears in bands, specks and splashes. Yellow to orange-red fall color brightens the landscape. In winter the green bark provides seasonal interest. Plant in afternoon shade and moist, well-drained soil will result in best growing habit. Synonym of *A. rufinerve* 'Albolimbatum' [20'T X 15'W] **$35**

Aesculus pavia (zone 5-9) – The Red Buckeye is a showy native shrub with red flowers which are held on upright terminal racemes. The red flowers are favored by bees and bloom in very early spring. It is disease resistant, very easy to grow and is always one of the first plants to leaf out in the spring. [25'T X 10'W] **$20**

Aesculus × splendens (zone 5-9) – These second generation seedlings are quite variable in flower color - yellow, pinks, and reds are possible. Sometimes with the corolla one color and another color on the calyx. [15'T X 10'W] **$16**

Aesculus sylvatica (zone 5-9) – These seedlings of our native trees are probably outcrossed to A. pavia. Flower color with range from greenish yellow to yellowish pink. [15'T X 10'W] **$16**

NEW ***Agave lophantha*** **'Splendida'** (zone 7-10) – This succulent forms small rosettes of fleshy bicolored leaves. This native Agave suckers close to the mother plant and over time can create a wonderfully spiky mound of multi-colored beauty. This Agave survived last year's Polar Vortex. [1'T X 1'W] **$20**

Ardisia japonica **"Variegated Seedlings"** (zone 8-9) – Small shrubby ground cover. The small white flowers bloom in late summer, and are followed by a showy display of red berries that persist throughout the winter. Leaves variegated with white markings, typically edged in cream, with a lot of variability. Quite handsome for the front of a shady border or as a groundcover in a container planting. [1.5'T X 3'W] **$16**

Asimina triloba (zone 5-9) – Our native pawpaw produces incredibly delicious fruit somewhat reminiscent of bananas. The pawpaw spreads by root suckers and can form small colonies or thickets. It blooms in spring with purple flowers. [20'T X 15'W] **$35**

Aucuba japonica **"Male"** (zone 6-9) – A male clone of the classic shade loving broad leaf evergreen shrub. Plant this near female clones to ensure brilliant red berry set. The glossy dark green leaves are long, strap-like and look tropical. Moist soils and part to full shade is recommended. Protect from deer, as these are favored by them. [6'T X 4'W] **$16**

CF ***Aucuba japonica*** **var.** ***borealis*** **'Sea of Japan'** (zone 7-9) – This Camellia Forest introduction is a male clone with short, dark green shiny leaves. The plant is quite attractive and very compact, growing about 3 inches per year. This is a heavy bloomer of deep maroon 4 petaled flowers and is necessary for pollination of female clones for berry set. Grow in part to full shade with moist, well-drained soil. Protect from deer, as these are favored by them! [3'T X 3'W] **$16**

CF ***Aucuba japonica*** **'Wisley Grizzly'** (zone 7-9) – A seedling of 'Wisley Nana' with dark green round leaves and habit. Setting brilliant red fruits that last through the winter, when pollinated by a male variety, such as 'Sea of Japan' or "Male". It is a very attractive, dense specimen. Grow in part to full shade with moist, well-drained soil. Protect from deer, as these are favored by them! [5'T X 5'W] **$16**

NEW ***Berberis wilsoniae*** (zone 5-9?) – A Chinese barberry with phenomenal autumn color. The berries are bright pink to red and contrast nicely with the small, rounded, green leaves. Like almost all barberries this plant does have spines on the stems so be careful when handling and deciding a planting location. [3'T X 3'W] **$16**

NEW ***Buxus harlandii*** (zone 7-9) – Harland's Boxwood is a vast improvement over your typical boxwood. It is drought tolerant and pest resistant. It has lustrous, dark green leaves and a dense, rounded vase shape. Plant in sun to part shade and well-drained soil. [5'T X 5'W] **$16**

NEW ***Buxus sempervirens*** **'Jack Randolph'** (zone 6-9) – This new, but old boxwood comes from Rita's Rare Plants in Tennesee. This selection is named after her father who had a boxwood breeding program in the 1940s and 1950s. This particular selection has never been pruned in Rita's yard and has reached a mature height of 6 feet. It has a conical, Christmas tree-like shape with a slight cascade to the branches. [6'T X 4'W] **$20**

NEW ***Buxus sempervirens*** **'Ruth Randolph'** (zone 6-9) – This new, but old boxwood comes from Rita's Rare Plants in Tennesee. This selection is named after her mother and was developed by her father who had a boxwood breeding program in the 1940s and 1950s. This particular selection has never been pruned in Rita's yard and has a wonderful weeping habit. [5'T X 5'W] **$20**

Calycanthus × raulstonii **'Hartlage Wine'** (zone 6a-8b) – Raulston's Allspice is one of our absolute favorite large shrubs. It has broad, glossy dark green leaves and the beautiful burgundy flowers adorn the plant from April through May. Tolerant of a wide range of conditions, this is a must have for any garden. [8'T X 8'W] **$20**

Calycanthus × **'Venus'** (zone 5-9) – 'Venus' has creamy yellow multi-petaled flowers with a nice fragrance. The plant grows with hybrid vigor and produces nice pointed foliage of a light green color. This patented plant (PP#15,925, propagation prohibited) – was bred by Dr. Thomas Ranney at the Fletcher Research Station and is just one of many interesting hybrids being worked on in the NC mountains. Royalty included in price. [10'T X 10'W] **$20**

Carpinus caroliniana (zone 3-9) – The American Hornbeam is a deciduous tree native to the eastern US. The fall color can be showy, ranging from deep red to yellow. A very cold hardy strain from Wisconsin. [40'T X 20'W] **$20**

NEW ***Castanea seguinii*** (zone 6-9) – The Chinese Chinquapin is a wonderfully beautiful tree that produces white flowers in the spring. In the summer and fall it is covered in small, grape-sized nuts. [32'T X 20'W] **$20**

***Ceanothus* × *pallidus* ‘Marie Simon’** (zone 6) – This hybrid of *C. × delilianus* and *C. ovatus*, has many different characteristics. The pink “foamy” flowers appear in dense clusters along the new growth in late spring and continue sporadically till fall. This shrub is deciduous and has showy red stems for winter interest. We grow it in nearly full shade, but it can be grown in full sun and rather dry soil. Grows into a mounding shrub. [8’T X 6’W] **$16**

NEW *Cedrus deodara* ‘Eisregen’ (zone 6-9) – Karl Fuchs collected seeds of this species in the mountains of Afghanistan and named several selections for extra cold hardiness. This one has very blue needles and pictures show an open growing tree with a narrow conical habit. [50’T X 20’W] **$40**

***Cedrus deodara* ‘Feelin’ Blue’** (zone 7) – A unique dwarf spreading evergreen with bluish-green needles. A low dwarf form that rarely develops a leader. A wonderful specimen for smaller spaces, rock gardens and containers. Full sun to part shade and well-drained soil will result in best growth. Generally the deer stay away from Cedrus, though we do not refer to any plant as “deer proof”. [3’T X 8’W] **$45**

***Cephalotaxus harringtonia* ‘Duke Gardens’** (zone 6-9) – This slow growing conifer is famous in central NC for its namesake the lovely Duke Gardens. After a few years this makes a beautiful low clump with hundreds of stems. All year long this plant has a well kept appearance without any pruning. We have found this grows best in bright light, even full sun. In shade it is very slow and not as full. It will grow wider than tall for many years and can be pruned to stay low, though the Duke specimens are now about 12’ X 12’ after more than 30 years. [4’T X 8’W] **$20**

***Cephalotaxus harringtonia* ‘Fastigiata’** (zone 6-9) – Plum yews are wonderful yew look-alikes that are, among other things, highly deer resistant and very heat tolerant. This form is broadly upright, perhaps 4’-6’ tall in ten years with a mature height of 10’ or more, 2/3’s of that in width. Another bonus, it grows well in full sun to dense shade, making it a must have for most gardeners! [10’T X 6’W] **$20**

***Cephalotaxus harringtonia* ‘Gnome’** (zone 6-9) – A dwarf Japanese Plum Yew selected as a branch sport of C. harringtonia ‘Fastigiata’ at Hillier Gardens. It is best suited for shade, though it can tolerate more exposure provided adequate water. It is an excellent option for a low hedge, or an evergreen specimen in warm climates where traditional *Taxus sp.* do not thrive. Rooted cuttings from the J C Raulston Arboretum, Raleigh, NC. [3’T X 3’W] **$20**

***Cephalotaxus harringtonia* ‘HW Sargent’** (zone 6-9) – This is a tough, stress-resistant conifer that can be grown in full sun to dense shade. The growing habit is low and prostrate. Great plant for low foundations, edge of the border or to fall over a wall. [2’T X 4’W] **$20**

***Chaenomeles speciosa* ‘Kan Toyo’** (zone 4-9B) – A dwarf form of ‘Toyo Nishiki’. This spring flowering quince has multicolored blooms ranging from white to melon pink. The smaller habit makes this great for use in bonsai or to be planted in foundation landscapes and border fronts to add seasonal interest. Generally deer keep their distance from thorny deciduous shrubs, like quince! [4’T X 4’W] **$16**

***Chamaecyparis obtusa* ‘Arneson’s Compact’** (zone 5-9) – This compact variety has a slow growth rate and a dense regular spherical habit. This is a juvenile form with blue-green needles from Arneson Nursery in Oregon. [4’T X 3’W] **$25**

***Chamaecyparis obtusa* ‘Chabo Yadori’** (zone 5-9) – This slow growing conifer has a tight attractive juvenile habit, with blue-green foliage. With age it has an open form and can be cloud pruned for added landscape value. Site in full sun to part shade with moist, well-drained soil. [6’T X 10’W] **$20**

NEW *Chamaecyparis obtusa* ‘Elmwood’ (zone 5-8) – Sometimes known as ‘Elmwood Gold’, this beautiful golden leaf hinoki false cypress, is a gem for every garden. The lacy golden foliage provides a nice contrast with broader leaved plants such as Calycanthus or Camellias. Plant in full sun to part shade. [8’T X 8’W] **$16**

***Chamaecyparis obtusa* ‘Hage’** (zone 4-8) – A miniature evergreen shrub with a dense, globose form. It is smaller and grows slower than *C. obtus* ‘Nana’. [2’T X 2’W]**$30**

***Chamaecyparis obtusa* ‘Lemon Twist’** (zone 5-9) – The bright yellow scales are held on twisted branches and often are fasciated. The growth habit is upright and vigorous, making this an excellent choice for screening. The foliage is a wonderful addition to holiday arrangements and indoor bouquets. The overall effect is a brilliant mass of yellow branches, which brightens the garden in every season! Grow in full sun to part shade for the most coloration and vigor. [15’ T X 10’W] **$20**

***Chamaecyparis obtusa* ‘Stoneham’** (zone 5-9) – A very slow growing Hinoki Cypress. The dense, mounding habit makes it a great specimen for container gardens. Prefers full sun to part shade and moist, well-drained soil. [2’T X 2’W] **$30**

NEW *Chamaecyparis pisifera* ‘Gekko’ (zone 5-9) – A beautiful cypress with new foliage emerging white. It can be slow growing, but once mature can be quite striking. Prefers sun to part shade in well-drained soil. [7’T X 4’W] **$16**

Chimonanthus praecox (zone 6) – Fragrant flowers are produced in profusion in winter. The long glossy leaves give this large shrub additional interest in the summer. This grows well in partial shade and fairly moist soil. [20’T X 15’W] **$25**

NEW *Chionanthus retusus* ‘Tokyo Tower’ (zone 6-9) – A rounded, upright form of the Chinese fringtree. The spring flowers have a wonderful fragrance and a brilliant white color. This tree requires full sun. [20’T X 15’W] **$40**

***Choisya ternata* 'Sundance'** (zone 6) – Hands down, this is one of the best evergreen plants we have in our gardens. The chartreuse leaves look beautiful year round and provide wonderful contrast with many different foliage types and textures. The blooms are white and cover the plant in early spring. Plant in full to part sun. [5'T X 15'W] $16

NEW *Cinnamomum glanduliferum* (zone 8?) – A wonderful relative of the true cinnamon tree. This evergreen tree has beautiful red new growth and is a vigorous grower, up to 2ft in a single year. Plant in spring and protect from prolonged frost. [40'T X 25'W] $25

Cinnamomum wilsonii (zone 8) – Native to China, this handsome broad leaf evergreen is a must have! The glossy green foliage is unique, with shades of pink-red in the new growth. Some protection from harsh winter wind is necessary, especially to get established. The specimen at the JCRA is noteworthy, and gorgeous! [25'T X 20'W] $50

***Cleyera japonica* 'Variegata'** (zone 7-10) – Rare to the nursery trade, this Japanese native Cleyera (not Ternstroemia) grows into a roundish evergreen bush from 5-15' tall and wide. The shiny, narrow leaves are attractively variegated with cream, pink and yellow. Part sun is ideal, with slightly acidic moist, well-drained soils. [10'T X 10'W] $20

***Cliftonia monophylla* 'Chipola Pink'** (zone 7-9) – A southeastern native that grows well in wet, acidic soils. Evergreen, depending on exposure, this is an excellent under story tree. In spring, it is covered with short spikes of small pink flowers, followed by dry, flattened, buckwheat-like fruits. It is considered an important nectar source for honey bees. It is often found growing in small colonies that are produced from suckers from large specimen plants. [20'T X10'W] $25

Cornus alternifolia (zone 4-7) – The Pagoda Dogwood owes its name to its distinctive layered branches, which resemble the tiered, spreading roof-line of an elaborate pagoda. Pagoda dogwoods are especially striking when accented by masses of small, fragrant creamy white flowers in early summer. Small, round fruits ripen to a deep blue-purple in late summer. Best in sun to part shade with moist, well-drained soil. [25'X 25'] $16

Cornus elliptica (zone 7-9) – The evergreen dogwood develops into a handsome tree. The entire tree is covered with white flowers for a couple of weeks in mid-summer, generally when temperatures are at their highest. The blooms are followed by large red fruits which are edible. In winter, the foliage will turn a purple color which is quite pretty. In particularly cold winters, they may lose their leaves. This is one of our favorite trees and we highly recommend growing one in your garden! [30'T X 15'W] $12

NEW *Cornus florida* 'Pluribracteata' (zone 5-8) – This is a double flowered form of our native dogwood tree. In spring it produces flowers with multiple white bracts which can be quite showy. A perfect addition to any native plant lover's collection.[20'T X 15'W] $30

***Cornus florida* 'Suwanee Squat'** (zone 7-9) – This is one of the most unique forms of our native dogwood in existence! Forming an almost prostrate mound over time, it cascades across the ground and will even spill down a walkway or bank with an unrivaled elegance. And better yet it still blooms with the wonderful white flowers of one of our favorite natives. [5'T X 15'W] $25

Cornus florida* ssp. *urbiniana (zone 6-8) – The highly sought after Mexican Dogwood is a fabulous flowering form with showy fused bracts in early spring. These are rooted cuttings from the plant at the JC Raulston Arboretum, which has bloomed and does have the confirmed fused bracts. [20'T X 15'W] $25 and $35

NEW *Cornus kousa* 'Trinity Star' (zone 5-8) – One of the most prolifically flowering Kousa dogwoods available. The showy white flowers emerge in spring. The new growth is also spectacular as it emerges pink, green, and white. Like all dogwoods, plant in partial sun to partial shade with moist, but well-drained soils. [20'T X 15'W] $16

***Cornus mas* 'Golden Glory'** (zone 4-8) – A great addition for late winter interest. This Cornelian Cherry has bright yellow flowers before it leafs out in the spring. The fruit are a beautiful red color and are edible. The flaky bark of this tree provides year round interest. [20'T X 10'W] $30

***Cornus mas* 'Red Dawn'** (zone 6-9) – An outstanding edible ornamental. This valuable Ukrainian variety bears good crops of large, bright red fruit with a pleasing, sweet flavor. Red Dawn is particularly easy to grow and disease resistant. This heavy producer of delicious, glossy dark red, oval fruit is perfect for making preserves. The tree grows to 10'- 15' and has gorgeous yellow spring flowers. It will require another Cornus mas variety as a polliniator to set fruit well. Be sure to harvest the fruit fast, as they are a favorite for the winter migrating bluebirds! $25

Corylopsis sinensis (zone 6-8) – A Chinese native, this fragrant winter hazel forms into a spreading, multi-stemmed shrub and produces prolific pendulous racemes of mildly fragrant, yellow flowers in the early spring. The large, dark green leaves can provide an almost tropical look and contrast nicely with the foliage of many different conifers. [10'T X 10'W] $30

NEW *Corylopsis willmottiae* (zone 6-8) – Thought to be a synonym of *Corylopsis sinensis*. However, there is conflicting information on plant size, so we have decided to list these separately. Flowers in early spring with dense clusters of drooping yellow racemes, sometimes tinged with purple. [6'T X 6'W] $16

Cryptomeria japonica 'Beaumont's Dwarf' (zone 6-9) – This is a very fine leafed selection that is light green in the summer and tawny in the winter. The texture is quite distinct and attractive, making this a worthy plant for the mixed border. These rooted cuttings from a specimen at the Cox Arboretum in Canton, GA have grown vigorously. The parent plant is quite small. [10'T X 8'W] **$20**

Cryptomeria japonica 'Chapel View'™ (zone 6) – This new selection of the very popular conifer was discovered by local horticulturist Paul Jones of Sarah P Duke Gardens. The emerald green foliage has a fine texture, and the upright, pyramidal habit make it a great residential specimen. It also has good resistance to winter bronzing. It is somewhat slow growing, and forms a rounded mound, perfect for foundation landscapes. [20'T X 20'W] **$25**

Cryptomeria japonica 'Gyoku Ryu' (zone 6-9) – This moderate growing variety eventually forms an upright pyramid. The plants will grow densely. The needles are dark green and dense and hold the color through the winter, making this a choice specimen for screening. [40' T X 25'W] **$30**

Cryptomeria japonica 'Little Diamond' (zone 6-9) – For several years nursery visitors have been teased with our specimen in the landscape. It is 6 years old, less than 3' x 3' and forms a perfect rounded mound. The branches have a slight weeping habit and it does not bronze in the winter. This is smaller in stature and needle size compared to 'Globosa Nana'. A must have for anyone looking for a rock garden specimen, or something to fit in a small foundation bed. [5'T X 5'W] **$25**

Cryptomeria japonica 'Pyramidata' (zone 6-9) – A selection of Japanese Cedar with very short needles. It is lighter green and has an open habit. [12'T X 3'W] **$20**

Cryptomeria japonica 'Vilmoriniana' (zone 6-9) – Slow-growing dwarf conifer with fluffy grey-green foliage turning bronze during late fall and winter. It is a perfect small specimen for the rock garden or winter interest container. Full sun to part shade and moist well-drained soil is recommended. [4'T X 2'W] **$20**

Cupressus × leylandii "Weeping Leyland" (zone 5-9) – A weeping selection of the Leyland Cypress, suitable as a single specimen in the landscape. The form is graceful and the habit is upright and vigorous. Plant in full sun and well-drained soil. [40'T X 20'W] **$20**

Cyrilla racemiflora (zone 6-9) – Summer Titi is quite showy in bloom, when it produces numerous racemes of white flowers during the heat of the summer. This southeast US native is commonly evergreen, but during the autumn months some of the leaves turn a brilliant red before falling. Plants in the northern edge of zone 6 tend to be deciduous. This is a great plant for swampy, low lying areas where water collects. [15'T X 10'W] **$25**

Cyrilla racemiflora 'Graniteville' (zone 6-9) – The Leatherwood, a southeast US swamp native, is a tardily deciduous shrub. This variety is a prostrate selection from Graniteville, SC made by Woodlanders Nursery. Growing 4-5' tall by 8-10' wide, this vigorous specimen is adorned with 8" long white flowering racemes. It is very easy to grow, and is tolerant of very wet to very dry soil. We recommend sun to part shade for exposure. In late fall the inner most leaves will turn brilliant red, yellow, and orange, adding striking color to the landscape. [5'T X 10'W] **$20**

NEW _Deutzia corymbosa_ (zone 5-8) – A nice semi-evergreen shrub with showy white flowers in the late spring. Best planted in combination with other plants with more noticeable features, such as bright, large foliage.[6'T X 6'W] **$20**

NEW _Deutzia parviflora_ (zone 4-8) – This species Deutzia has abundant clusters of white flowers in the late spring and naturally maintains a rounded ball shape. Best planted in combination with other plants with more noticeable features, such as bright, large foliage.[6'T X 6'W] **$30**

NEW _Diospyros kaki_ 'Fuyu' (Grafts) (zone 7-10) – This persimmon is a very common fruit tree in Asia. It has a rounded spreading crown with branches that often droop, allowing for easier harvest of ripe fruits. 'Fuyu' is a non-astringent variety with fruits about 3" in diameter. It can be eaten while the fruit is firm like an apple. Left on the tree the orange fruits are very showy in early winter. [25'T X 20'W] **$35**

Diospyros virginiana (zone 4-9)- The American Persimmon is an eastern US native fruit bearing tree. It is well adapted to many soils and can grow in full sun to part shade. The fall color is magnificent, despite the heavy spotting on the leaves. The fruit set is abundant, though the size per fruit is significantly smaller when compared to the Asian Persimmon. Immature fruits contain tannins and are strongly astringent, so eating before they are fully ripe results in dry mouth. The yellow-green flowers are bell shaped and appear in spring. [60'T X 35'W] **$25**

Disanthus cercidifolius (zone 5-8) – This member of the witch-hazel family has heart shaped leaves which turn brilliant orange, red, and purple in the fall on long arching branches. The flowers are witch-hazel like, and bloom red-purple in the autumn. Sun to part shade and moist, well-draining soil will result in best growth. [10'T X 10'W] **$30**

Distylium X 'Vintage Jade' (zone 7B-9) – A hybrid of *D. racemosum* x *D. myricoides*, A compact, low spreading form selected by Dr. Michael Dirr. The glossy green foliage and mounding habit are attractive year round. [2'T X 5'W] **$20**

***Edgeworthia chrysantha* "Hawksridge"** (zone 7-9) – This paper bush selected by Hawksridge Nursery is an ideal plant for a small garden. Its growth rate is at least half that of the more commonly grown variety 'Snow Cream'. The lush green leaves make an oasis in the garden in the summer while the pendant silvery flower buds create excitement all winter until they open into cluster of bright yellow, fragrant flowers. Only in winter can one see the branch architecture and the unusual tripartite division on the stems. Edgeworthia likes moist soil and filtered light. [5'T X 5'W] **$20**

***Edgeworthia chrysantha* 'Snow Cream'** (zone 7-9) – This selection from Plant Delights Nursery is the most vigorous selection we grow. It grows about 2' per year making a sizable specimen very quickly. The silvery flower buds develop in late summer and grow through-out fall before opening in mid winter. The clusters of bright yellow flowers fill the air with a sweet fragrance and attract bees and other pollinators. They grow best in part shade with evenly moist soil. If grown in full sun they will require more water during the summer. We cant say enough good things about this plant, and our specimen in the parking lot speaks for itself. [12'T X 12'W] **$20** and **$25**

Emmenopteris henryi (zone 6-10) – This Chinese native was historically described as "one of the most strikingly beautiful trees of Chinese forests." Making it extremely sought after both in the wild and horticulturally. This tree can be slow to bloom, so patience is necessary, but the showy bracts are well worth the wait. [60' T X 25'W] **$35**

NEW *Enkianthus perulatus* (zone 6-8) – An elegantly branched shrub with dainty, white bell shaped flowers in spring. It can have incredible scarlet fall color. [6' T X 6'W] **$16**

***Eurya japonica* 'Moutiers'** (zone 7-10) – This cultivar was formerly known as 'Green Thinly Margined'. The leathery, grey green evergreen foliage of this dense, slow growing shrub is edged with a dark green margin, with internodes that are very short so the leaves are neatly stacked up on each side of the stem. Blooming in early spring, the flowers are rather insignificant, and quite pungent. Ideal exposure is morning sun to part shade, with moist, but well-drained soil. Eurya is often found growing with Camellias in the woods of Japan. Eurya is well adapted to pruning and can be easily shaped. [3'T X 3'W] **$16** and **$25**

Fagus crenata (zone 4) – This tree is found from the southern island of Kyushu to the northern island of Shikoku in Japan. The smaller leaves of this species makes this a good choice for bonsai. [90' T X 40'W] **$20**

Firmiana simplex (zone 7-9) – A striking tree with large, tropical looking foliage. It has large, fragrant, showy flowers that mature into large, papery fruits. The Chinese Parasol tree has naturalized in parts of the Southeastern US. Plant in full sun to part shade. [40'T X 25'W] **$16**

***Forsythia viridissima* var. *koreana* 'Kumson'** (zone 4-9) – The white vein variegation is unique and eye catching. Brilliant white veins intricately dissect the dark green leaf. The new growth is golden. Beware of the long arching branches rooting in— we recommend doing a hard yearly prune to ensure it doesn't take over your garden, or site in an area where it can grow wild! Great cut foliage plant. In mid March, yellow flowers adorn the bare branches, but this is grown more for its foliage than the flower. [10' X 10'] **$20**

***Gardenia jasminoides* 'Lynn Lowrey'** (zone 7-9) – Named for great Texas plantsman Lynn Lowrey, this variety was collected as cuttings from the J.C. Raulston Arboretum in Raleigh, NC. The leaves and ultimate size are smaller than many other Gardenias. The single white flowers are abundantly fragrant in early summer. Best grown in shade, with moist, well-drained soil. Harsh winter wind can burn the evergreen leaves, so please plant in a protected area. [3'T X 3'W] **$20**

***Gardenia jasminoides* 'Michael'** (zone 7-10) – This cultivar has showy, double, ivory-white flowers from spring until summer. Best grown in shade, with moist, well-drained soil. Harsh winter wind can burn the evergreen leaves, so please plant in a protected area. [5'T X 5'W] **$16**

***Gardenia jasminoides* "Variegata"** (zone 7B-10) – Rooted cuttings from an unnamed plant at the JCRA in Raleigh, NC. This is grown as a foliage plant, showcasing the leaves which are marbled with cream and green coloration and are long and slender. The single, fragrant flowers bloom in early summer. The habit is upright, taller than wide, though we have not seen a mature plant. This does not appear to be as vigorous as many other traditional Gardenias. [6'T X 4'W] **$20**

Gaultheria procumbens (zone 3-8) – This eastern US native is a fantastic choice for woodland plantings and rock gardens. Grows as creeping, rhizomatous shrub with glossy, dark green leaves, which have a strong wintergreen scent when crushed. The white to pale pink flowers appear in summer and form aromatic scarlet edible fruit. Ideal conditions include moist, acidic soil and morning sun, but can tolerate full sun if the site is permanently moist. [1/2'T X 3'W] **$16**

Ginkgo biloba (zone 4-9) – These seedlings are grown from a beautiful specimen at the Coker Arboretum in Chapel Hill, NC. The primitive genera has interesting fan shaped leaves that are 2 lobed. They turn a lovely butter yellow in fall and often fall all at once. Grow in full to part sun with moist, well-drained soil. This slow growing genera is long lived and grows often less than 1' per year. [50'T X 40'W] **$20**

Helwingia chinensis (zone 8-9) – This rare and unusual evergreen shrub is a colorful addition to the woodland garden. The foliage is dark green with burgundy undersides and new growth. What makes this plant so unique is the odd arrangement of its flowers. In spring, small white bubbles form on the leaf centers, opening to pale yellow. This oddity grows best in morning sun, to part shade with well-drained soil with regular summer water. [6'T X 5'W] **$16**

***Ilex* × 'Elizabeth Coleman'** (zone 5-8) – The conical habit and abundant red berry set distinguish this screening holly. The attractive dark green leaves are 6-8" long. Selected by Tom Dodd Jr. for its incredible heavy berry set, which form in clusters around the branches when planted near a male pollinator. This is excellent choice to use as a planted screen or as a single specimen in the garden. [15'T X 10'W] **$25**

***Ilex crenata* 'Dwarf Pagoda'** (zone 7-9) – The tiny rounded leaves are held on irregular branches with extremely short internodes. This creates an upright and artistic form which rivals dwarf conifers for year-round interest. This is a female clone but it rarely produces black fruits and it can grow 3 inches a year. Great specimen for the rock garden or container. Grow in full sun to part shade and acidic, well-drained soil. [4'T X 2'W] **$20**

***Ilex decidua* 'Pendula'** (zone 5-8) – This deciduous Holly has outstanding qualities for the winter garden. The branches are pendulous, and when pollinated, will be covered in bright red berries. (This is a female clone.) – Grow in sun to part shade and moist, acidic soil, and be sure to plant with other hollies to ensure pollination for berry-set. [5'T X 15'W] **$30**

NEW *Ilex integra* 'Ogon' (zone 7-9) – The Gold Nepal Holly is a female form, producing brilliant red berries in fall-winter which contrast well against the golden, spineless foliage. Originally from Japan, this upright holly can reach 15' tall by 8' wide. Plant in full-part sun for best foliage coloration, with well-drained, moist, acidic soil. This is a wonderful specimen to add to a shrub border or to use for screening. Plant a male specimen near by for required pollination, and prune in late winter-early spring, before flowering, to ensure berry set. [15'T x 8'W] **$16**

***Ilex latifolia* 'Leah Bates'** (zone 7-9) – The lustrous, dark green foliage makes this a choice specimen for screening. Developed by Mr. Tom Dodd Jr, this broad leaf evergreen makes a perfect backdrop for small or large gardens. A nice red berry set increases seasonal interest. [15'T X 10'W] **$25**

***Ilex pedunculosa* "Male"** (zone 6-9) – A male form of the spineless Longstalk Holly. This male is a must have if you want your female *I. pedunculosa* to produce those wonderously red fruit. The evergreen foliage provides a somewhat tropical look. A great specimen for winter interest, collectors and holly enthusiasts alike. [15'T X 10'W] **$25**

***Ilex vomitoria* 'Anna's Choice'** (zone 7-10) – A new yellow berried form of the southern US native Yaupon Holly. The small leaves create an interesting texture, while the upright growth habit allows this to be planted as a backdrop specimen. The bright yellow berries color up in fall and last until spring unless hungry birds eat them first! Like all Yaupon Hollies, this has proven to be salt tolerant, deer "resistant" (if such a thing really exists) – and flood/ drought tolerant. Full sun to part shade and moist, well-drained soil will result in best growing habit. [15'T X 12'W] **$25**

Illicium anisatum (zone 7-9) – This wonderful species star anise produces 2 inch white flowers in spring. It grows into a dense, medium to broad pyramidal upright shrub or a small tree depending on how it is pruned. It grows best in moist, well-drained soils and partial shade. One of the best traits of this species is that is does not sucker like many other star anise varieties. [8'T X 6'W] **$16**

***Illicium floridanum* 'Halley's Comet'** (zone 7-9) – A compact selection growing up to 8' tall and 4-6' wide. An abundance of burgundy star shaped flowers bloom in spring, adding seasonal color. The glossy green foliage is aromatic and attractive. Shade and moist soil result in best growth. [8'T X 6'W] **$20**

Illicium henryi (zone 7-9) – This well formed large evergreen shrub to small tree has pink flowers late in the season. It has a more delicate appearance than *I. floridanum* and it needs shade and moderately drained soil. [15'T X 15'W] **$16**

***Illicium parviflorum* 'Florida Sunshine'** (zone 7-9) – The brilliant chartreuse-yellow leaves distinguish this small leaf anise from all others. Introduced by Tony Avent of Plant Delights Nursery. In the autumn the stems turn red and make a great contrast to the golden foliage. It is a vigorous specimen, growing into a dense shrub. Winter shade/ protection is recommended to reduce leaf burn, and moist, well-drained soils result in fastest growth habit. This plant looks great year round, but it especially glows on a gray winter day! [5'T X 5'W] **$20**

***Itea virginica* 'Shirley's Compact'** (zone 6-9) – This native deciduous, green muffin-shaped 'shrublet' has a maximum size of about 18" tall and 3 feet across. It will grow in full sun and make a very well branched and full little bun like some miniature conifers. The fall color is quite showy, ranging from bright yellow-orange to deep red-violet. The texture and form of this shrub make it a winner for every garden, small and large! Grow in full to part sun with moist, well-drained soil. [1.5'T X 3W'] **$25**

***Juniperus virginia* 'Burkii'** (zone 4-9) – This eastern red cedar selection has a columnar, narrow, pyramidal form. It will grow into a small tree, which typically reaches 10-15' tall, though can occasionally grow to 25'. It has dense, ascending branches with both needle-like and scale-like, glaucous, silver-blue foliage, which acquires a tinge of purple in the cool season. This is a male cultivar. [15'T X 8'W] **$20**

NEW ***Kerria japonica*** **‘Fubuki Nishiki’** (zone 4-9) – This wonderful deciduous shrub is showy with its white flecked foliage and creamy yellow flowers. Deer resistant and easy to grow this plant is useful in a perennial border. Plant in full sun to shade and evenly moist soils. [5’T X 7’] **$16**

Kolwitzia amabilis (zone 4-9) – The Beautybush is an easy to grow, large shrub, so site it appropriately. It is extremely vigorous, exceeding 10’ x 10’ in a few seasons. The spring flush of bell shaped pink flowers is exquisite, and makes it well worth growing. Add drought tolerance and the fact that the deer rarely munch on this plant and you have a plant you can’t live without! The new growth can be long and leggy, but the plant responds well to heavy pruning if you choose. Otherwise the habit is upright with pendulous new shoots. [15’T X 12’] **$16**

Leucothoe axillaris **‘Margie Jenkins’** (zone 5-9) – A hardy, deer “resistant” wide spreading shrub named for plantswomen Margie Jenkins of Mobile, AL. The evergreen foliage is lustrous dark green, accented by fragrant, creamy white flowers in late spring. The branches have a “zig-zag” habit. Moist, acid soil and part sun to shade is recommended. [5’T X 6’W] **$25**

Lindera aggregata (zone 7B-9) – This handsome evergreen species from China has heart-shaped leaves. The deep green leaves have pronounced veins. Female plants will make small black berries. [8’T X 6’W] **$30**

Loropetalum chinensis **‘Carolina Midnight’** (zone 7-10) – A new selection of the southern favorite “fringe flower”. In early spring the brilliant fuchsia colored flowers cover the branches, creating a dramatic effect against the almost black foliage. Full to part sun will result in best flower set and foliage coloration. [12’T X 6’W] **$16**

Lyonia lucida (zone 7A-10) – An understory native shrub to the southeastern coastal plain from Virginia to Florida. This showy semi-evergreen has shiny leaves and angled branches with clusters of fragrant pink to reddish urn-shaped flowers in the spring. They bloom on last year’s wood, so prune accordingly. Acidic soil and part to full sun are preferred, just like a blueberry. [6’T X 6’W] **$16**

CF ***Magnolia*** **× ‘Eternal Spring’** (zone 7-9) – The white blooms continue for an extended period in early to mid spring which is unusual for Magnolia which often bloom only for a brief period. The flowers have a nice fragrance. This is a selected cross between *M. laevifolia* and *M. maudiae* by Clifford Parks. These should grow into a small tree. One year this made an impressive late summer bloom after a wet and rainy period. [20’T X 15’W] **$30**

Magnolia figo **var.** ***skinneriana*** (zone 7B-10) – A vigorous growing “Banana Shrub Magnolia” with a dense, upright, pyramidal form. White to creamy yellow, fragrant 3/4” blooms open in mid to late spring. This is a large evergreen shrub to small tree, with a lovely shape for the garden. One of our favorite evergreen Magnolias! [15’T X 12’W] **$25**

NEW ***Magnolia floribunda*** (zone 8-10) – An interesting species native to the Yunnan province in China. The exceptionally fragrant flowers are white and can be quite showy in spring. [20’T X 10’W] **$30**

Magnolia grandiflora **‘Kay Parris’** (zone 6-10) – Our top choice for a *Magnolia grandiflora* cultivar. The leaves are extremely glossy with a deep orange-brown indumentum and the flowering season lasts for months. The tree also has very good structure and holds a symmetrical shape. [50’T X 40’W] **$20**

Magnolia laevifolia **‘Free Spirit’** (zone 7-10) – The cream-colored, fragrant flowers cover the shrub in spring to early summer. It has a low mounding habit. The evergreen foliage is leathery and the fuzzy bronze flower buds add additional interest. Some protection for cold winter winds is recommended in colder regions. [2’T X 8’W] **$25**

Magnolia × loebneri **‘Leonard Messel’** (zone 5-9) – A hybrid between *M. kobus* × *M. stellata* ‘Rosea’. This small deciduous tree has star shaped flowers. The petals are purple-pink on the outside and a creamy-white on the inside. The blossoms are fragrant and appear before the foliage flush in early spring. [20’T X 15’W] **$35**

NEW ***Magnolia × loebneri*** **‘Tall Pink’** (zone 6-9) – This seedling of M. stellata ‘King Rose’ has tepals in the number and size of M. × loebneri. ‘Tall Pink’ tells the flower color and habit of the plant. It also has nice smooth bark and some yellow fall color in the leaves. This is a selection from Tom Krenitsky which shows the close relationship between *M. stellata* and *M. × loebneri*. [15’T X 10’W] **$40**

Magnolia × loebneri **‘White Rose’** (zone 4-9) – This variety has proven to be very cold hardy and the flowers hold up quite well on the tree. The white flowers have multiple tepals and look much like a Gardenia. They are gorgeous against the bright blue Carolina sky! This will form a small bushy tree. [12’T X 12’W] **$30**

NEW ***Magnolia macclurei*** (zone 8-9) – A fantastic species magnolia with large, dark green glossy leaves and a flower to match. The flowers are white with a nice sweet scent. A wonderfully showy specimen when mature. [20’T X 10’W] **$30**

Magnolia macrophylla (zone 5-9) – Often this southeastern native Magnolia is used as a tropical accent in the garden. The bright white, fragrant flowers appear in late spring- early summer. This species prefers a moist site with late day shade. This eventually becomes a medium-sized tree with the largest leaves and flowers of any native plant. [30’T X 15’W] **$16** and **$20**

Magnolia macrophylla* subsp. *ashei (zone 5-9) – This Southeastern native has slightly smaller leaves and a smaller final size than M. *macrophylla*. It is also a precocious bloomer. This is often used as a tropical accent in the garden. This blooms in late spring and likes a moist site. Flowers at a very young age and always attracts a lot of attention. The flowers are more than 1' wide and are very fragrant! [30'T X 20'W] **$20** and **$35**

***Magnolia* × 'Rasberry Ice'** (zone 6-9) – A Gresham hybrid with large, upright lavender-pink flowers. This tree has a compact growth habit. The flowers on this magnolia are definitly a show stopper! [15'T X 10'W] **$35**

Magnolia yuyuanensis (zone 7-10) – This well-formed, moderately fast growing small tree has long slender evergreen leaves. It has cup-shaped white flower in early spring. The fruits turn bright red in late summer and are quite attractive. [35'T X 25'W] **$16**

Mahonia eurybracteata (zone 7B-10) – This is proving to be a great plant for us with small, yellow spikes of flowers in the late fall and very handsome glossy leaves with narrow leaflets. This is not spiny, like some other Mahonias. [5'T X 4'W] **$20**

Mahonia gracilipes (zone 7A-10) – A woodland treasure is deer resistant and grows well in dry shade. Additional attributes include the red-purple flowers in fall, followed by a heavy set of blue fruits. The dark evergreen, waxy leaves have an unusual powdery blue surface on the underside. The informal growth habit is muti-stem with arching branches. [5'T X 5'W] **$20**

***Melia azedarach* 'Jade Snowflake'** (zone 7-9) – A fast growing deciduous tree native to China with bright white variegated leaves. In spring the small flowers have white petals which are tinged lavender, followed by one-seeded drupes, which turn tan when ripe. The variegation comes true from seed. This is an easy to grow specimen in full sun to part shade in a wide range of soils. [30'T X 30'W] **$12**

NEW *Nerium oleander* 'Hardy Red' (zone 7-10) – A cold hardy, pink-red flowered form of oleander. Our plants are rooted cuttings from a many year old plant from Meredith College in Raleigh, NC. [10'T X 10'W] **$16**

NEW *Nerium oleander* 'Mathilde Ferrier' (zone 7-10) – A double yellow flowered form of oleander. This cultivar was selected by Tony Avent based on its cold hardiness after surviving -9F in 1984. [8'T X 8'W] **$20**

***Olea europa* 'Frantoio'** (zone 8-10) – An Italian variety with good vigor with a semi-drooping habit with an open structure. The fruiting branches are long, slender and flexible. The leaves are medium size elliptical and glossy dark green. Extra winter protection may be necessary, and well-drained soil is critical for over wintering success. [25'T X 25'W] **$20**

Osmanthus delavayi (zone 7-9) – Native to Yunnan province in China. This compact broadleaf evergreen shrub has fragrant white flowers in early spring. The arching branches on my plant have only gotten 3 feet tall in 15 years. The evergreen leaves are small, slightly serrated, and curling in habit. Other specimens in our climate have also stayed quite small. [4'T x 5'W] **$20**

***Osmanthus heterophyllus* 'Fastigiata'** (zone 6B-9) – This slower growing selection makes a tight sphere of very dark green leaves with an interesting holly-like texture. It is impressive for its denseness and regularity in it form without any pruning or maintenance. The plant in the garden at CFN is more sphere shaped than upright. This species is tough and can grow in full sun to shade and will tolerate poor soils. [8'T X 5'W] **$20**

***Osmanthus heterophyllus* 'Purpureus'** (zone 6-9) – The Holly Osmanthus is a large evergreen shrub with holly-like leaves. The fragrant white flowers bloom about a month after *O. fragrans*, sometimes around Thanksgiving in central NC. The new growth emerges purple, which is a fabulous contrast to the dark green older growth. This is a wonderful plant for residential hedges, screens, and barriers. Grows best in sun to part shade with moist, well-drained soil. It is thought to be the most cold-hardy form of *Osmanthus heterophyllus*. [10'T X 10'W] **$20**

***Osmanthus heterophyllus* 'Variegatus'** (zone 7-9) – The variegated selection of the Holly Osmanthus is striking! The white edged leaves contrast the dark green center. The variegation is stable and vivid on every leaf of this evergreen shrub. Small, fragrant white flowers surprise passersby in late fall. The habit is fairly round, and somewhat slow. 6' x 6' is a reasonable ten year expectation for a healthy garden specimen. [12'T X 8'W] **$20**

NEW *Picea abies* (zone 3-8) – These seedling Norway spruce with grow into large stately trees with pendulous branchlets. [5'T X 5'W] **$12**

***Picea abies* 'Brabant'** (zone 2-8) – This globe shaped dwarf conifer features dark green foliage that remains compact and dense without pruning. It likes full sun and good drainage. 3' x 3' in ten years. Very hardy. [5'T X 5'W] **$40**

***Picea abies* 'Clanibrassiliana Stricta'** (zone 3-8) – This very slow growing form of Norway Spruce develops into a conical shaped specimen which is unusual in dwarf conifers. This was found as a sport on a witch's broom. [4'T X 2'W] **$40**

***Picea abies* 'Obergaertner Bruns'** (zone 3-8) – A fantastic dwarf conifer, which develops as a conical plant even from a young age with slow growth of about 2-3 inches a year. We recommend western shade for gardeners in the hot southeast, with moist, well-drained soil. A wonderful plant for winter interest containers as well. [5'T X 2'W] **$40**

***Picea abies* 'Pygmaea'** (zone 3-8) – The very short needles and slow growth allows this to develop into a very compact globose form. A great specimen for winter interest containers, rock gardens, and woodland borders. In the southeast, these prefer western shade, and evenly moist, well-drained soil. [2'T X 2'W] **$40**

***Picea abies* 'Tompa'** (zone 3-8) – This is a globose dwarf with good dark green needle color. This originated at Barabit's Nursery in Hungary. 'Tompa' is our slowest growing spruce. [2'T X 2'W] **$25**

NEW *Picea chihuahuana* (zone 8-10) – Discovered in 1942, the Chihuahua Spruce and is endangered with just 25 small populations in northwest Mexico, none comprising more than a few hundred trees. It is a very attractive tree with blue-green needles, resembling a Blue Spruce. The thin, scaly bark flakes off in small circular plates creating an interesting effect. This is particularly valuable in warm climates as it is one of the most heat-tolerant of all spruces. [40'T X 15'W] **$16**

NEW *Picea glauca* 'Daisy White' (zone 3-7) – A dwarf conifer with wonderfully white new growth. This is a perfect addition to a rock garden or conifer garden. Plant in full sun with moist but well-drained soils. [4'T X 1'W] **$16**

***Picea glauca* 'Gold Tip'** (zone 3-7) – A dwarf form of the White Spruce, perfect for bonsai and rock gardens. The blue-green needles contrast the golden flush of new growth. Growing only 2-3 inches per year, this dwarf conifer grows best with well-drained soil. In the heat of the southeast, we recommend morning sun, but in cooler climates full sun will encourage brighter coloration. [8'T X 4'W] **$20**

***Picea orientalis* 'Skylands'** (zone 4-7) – One of the most attractive conifers available! The exterior needles are bright yellow in full sun or yellow-green in part shade, and contrast well against the interior green needles. The foliage may burn in full sun locations in hot summer climates, so we recommend morning exposure and well-drained soil for best performance. Generally it prefers cooler, less humid climates, but requires some protection from cold winter winds in the north. In spring, attractive red pollen cones provide interesting and showy contrast with the yellow foliage. Grafts [35'T x 15'W] **$30**

***Pieris japonica* 'Bisbee Dwarf'** (zone 6-9) – This small rounded form will work well for bonsai or rock gardens. The leaves are small and the plant is compact. New growth is bright pink, which is accented by the small urn shaped white flowers which bloom along an erect panicle. Great plant for the edge of a shade garden. [4'T X 3'W] **$16**

NEW *Pieris japonica* "Wild Collected from Tom Cox" (zone 6-9) – A wild collected selection of Japanese Andromeda. These plants have bloomed for us and have fragrant, showy flowers in spring. This plant is an ideal addition to any shade garden. [5'T X 4'W] **$16**

***Pieris japonica* 'Variegata'** (zone 6-9) – A beautifully variegated version of the typical Japanese Andromeda. In spring, it blooms with pendulous racemes of slightly fragrant white flowers. [5'T X 4'W] **$20**

***Pinus densiflora* 'Jane Kluis'** (zone 5-8) – This dwarf Japanese Red Pine is slow growing and spreading making it a very attractive specimen in the rock garden or conifer collection. The needles are dark green and rigid and grow very straight. The bark is a light tan color. [3'T X 6'W] **$35**

NEW *Pinus pungens* (zone 6-9) – Native to the Appalachian Mountains, the Table Mountain Pine is a vigrous growing specimen. It develops a round to irregular shape with maturity. [40'T X 30'W] **$20**

***Pittosporum tobira* 'Variegata'** (zone 8-10) – The attractive pale green leaves have irregular creamy white margins. This shrub has white flowers that smell of orange blossoms in spring. [10'T X 10'W] **$20**

NEW *Platycladus orientalis* 'Blue Cone' (zone 6-9) – This conical, evergreen conifer has red-brown bark and is slow-growing. It does very well in full sun and well-drained soil and is very low-maintenance. This blue-green shrub has glaucous blue cones, and is ideal for landscape specimens and hedge screening. [15'T X 10'W] **$20**

Podocarpus macrophyllus* var. *maki* = *Podocarpus chinensis (zone 7) – This handsome conifer has dark green needles about 3-4" long. This is quite upright and tolerates poor sites well. One in dry shade grows only 6" per year but looks good. Can grow up to 2-3' in good sites. [12'T X 3'W] **$30**

Polyspora axillaris (zone 8?-10) – This Camellia relative from Taiwan grows on dry rock outcroppings around 5000 feet elevation. So far these seed-grown selections are proving slightly hardier than previous collections of this species from mainland China. From July to October these have 3-inch diameter white flowers. A small evergreen trees that may grow larger in cultivation than in the wild. [20'T X 15'W] **$25**

NEW *Prunus jacquemontii* (zone 6-9) – A shrubby cherry that is perfect for growing in the deep south. It blooms in spring with showy pink flowers. The fruits ripen in late spring and early summer and are edible and favored by wildlife. [5'T X 5'W] **$16**

***Prunus mume* 'Big Joe'** (zone 6-9) – A wonderful white flowered *P. mume* selected by our friend Tom Krenitsky and named for Joe Sica. [30'T X 30'W] **$35**

NEW *Prunus mume* 'Bongo' (zone 6-9) – Pale pink flowers adorn this Japanese flowering apricot in late winter and early spring. Plant in full sun and moist but well-drained soils rich in organic matter for best performance. [25'T X 25'W] **$35**

Prunus mume **'Bonita'** (zone 6-9) – A semi-double, pink flowering form. This blooms mid-flowering season when compared to other varieties. The flowers are quite large compared to many other *P. mume*. [25'T X 25'W] **$35**

CF ***Prunus mume*** **'Bridal Veil'** (zone 6-9) – A weeping mume with very pale pink blooms on gently down-arching branches. Strongly scented flowers make this an outstanding and unusual cultivar selected from hundreds of seedlings. Without staking my plant has mounded up to 10 feet tall and 20 feet across in 10 years. [12'T X 25'W] **$35**

CF ***Prunus mume*** **'Fragrant Snow'** (zone 6-9) – This variety produces prolific pink buds which open into showy semi-double, white flowers. It is one of the best for fragrance. [25'T X 25'W] **$35**

Prunus mume **'Hokkai Bungo'** (zone 6-9) – The darkest colored flowering apricot that we have seen. This is also reliably the earliest to bloom, often in full flower the first week of December. It has dark red-pink double flowers and a sweet, cinnamon-like scent that will fill the air abundantly. A favorite at Camellia Forest, this is the most popular of the *Prunus mume* we grow. [20'T X 20'W] **$35**

Prunus mume **'Josephine'** (zone 6-9) – This has proven to be one of the strongest varieties in field trials under harsh conditions. This was developed by Tom Krenitsky and has light pink flowers in middle season. [25'T X 25'W] **$35**

Prunus mume **'Kobai'** (zone 6-9) – This is a deep pink-red semi-double. This blooms early and can set fruits if the flowers avoid severe weather. [25'T X 25'W] **$35**

Prunus mume **'Mitsubara Red'** (zone 6-9) – This red semi-double flowered tree has distinctly upright growth and blooms fairly early in the season. [20'T X 20'W] **$35**

Prunus mume **'Mokel'** (zone 6-9) – We obtained this light pink single as a fruiting cultivar from California. So far we have not seen fruit in our climate. [25'T X 25'W] **$35**

Prunus mume **'Nicholas'** (zone 6-9) – Soft pink double flowers adorn the branches mid-season. Developed by local Chapel Hill plantsman Tom Krensitsky. This has great vigor and will grow into a small tree quickly. [25'T X 25'W] **$35**

Prunus mume **'Omoi No Mama'** (zone 6-9) – This plant produces white and pink flowers on the same plant. One branch may have all pink flowers while the rest is white. If you look closely the white flowers have specks of pink on the petals. The semi-double flowers open early to mid-season and it will occasionally set fruit. [25'T X 25'W] **$35**

Prunus mume **'Peggy Clarke'** (zone 6-9) – This medium pink semi-double blooms in mid-season. [25'T X 25'W] **$35**

CF ***Prunus mume*** **'Pink Panther'** (zone 6-9) – This medium pink has a long bloom season often starting very early and continuing for a month. We selected this one for good resistance to black-knot disease. The semi-double flowers are often followed by small yellow apricots. [25'T X 25'W] **$35**

Prunus mume **'Rosemary Clarke'** (zone 6-9) – A white semi-double with pink calyxes. Blooms mid-season. [25'T X 25'W] **$35**

Prunus mume **'Sabashiko'** (zone 6-9) – This reddish-pink single flowered mume that tends to bloom late (March) in the season. [25'T X 25'W] **$35**

NEW ***Punica granatum*** **"From Russia"** (zone 7A-10) – This cold hardy Pomegranate has proven to be quite cold hardy and we expect it was selected for fruit quality. [10'T X 10'W] **$20**

NEW ***Punica granatum*** **'Ambrosia'** (zone 8-10) – This selection of Pomegranate has large fruits with pale pink skin and purple juice. [10'T X 10'W] **$20**

Punica granatum **'Chico'** (zone 7B-10) – This is a dwarf selection with double flowers like a carnation. Instead of the typically orange-red flowers this has a more coral color. [3'T X 5'W] **$20**

Punica granatum **'Eight Ball'** (zone 7A-10) – A mid-sized selection from Plant Delights Nursery, with dark black colored fruit. Selected for its cold hardiness, having survived -9F. The signature orange flowers attract hummingbirds and butterflies. [8'T X 6'W] **$20**

Punica granatum **'Gosai Ryu'** (zone 7-9) – This variegated form of the Pomegranate came to us from Barry Yinger. It is a vigorous grower with consistent, sharply speckled white variegation and reddish new growth. The fully double flowers bloom through the heat of the summer, followed by a medium-sized fruit, which is best considered an ornamental attribute. Part sun to shade and moist, well-drained soil is best, with some added winter protection. [15'T X 12'W] **$20**

Punica granatum **'PIIG-I' Purple Sunset™**(zone 8) – The Purple Sunset Ornamental Pomegranate is a new dwarf selection with dark purple fruits. The small green deciduous leaves are a great backdrop of the bright orange flowers which bloom all summer. The small dark purple fruits ripen quickly and hang on the stems for added value. We have not grown this outside, so we are unsure of the cold hardiness. Judging by the growth habit in pots, we believe this will grow to 6-8' tall and wide in ten years. PP#21,031 [6'T X 6'W] **$20**

Quercus glauca (zone 7-9) – A lovely evergreen oak with attractive purple new growth. The older foliage is leathery to 5" long, and dark green with a gray underside. The new growth in spring can burn from late frosts, and generally this tree prefers mild climates. The tight crown makes this tree have a "formal" look, though no pruning is needed. This is a wonderful landscape specimen and is very under utilized in US gardens. These seedlings are grown from hardy trees. [30'T X 20'W] $16

Rhederodendron macrocarpum (zone 6-9) – A Chinese endemic, this very unusual flowering tree in the Styrax family is much hardier than most realize. One of our Detroit area customer's plant sailed thru winter temperatures well below zero with no damage whatsoever, quickly reaching 20' tall within ten years in nearly full sun. The profuse, dainty, styrax-like white flowers appear just before or as leaves unfold. The fruit is an unusual woody drupe, 2"-3" long, purple-brown at maturity containing 2-4 seeds. Fall color can be spectacular. A fairly large, upright tree, up to sixty feet in its native haunts. [40'T X 20'W] $25

NEW *Rhododendron* × ‘Abbey’s Re-View’ (zone 5-9) – This selection produces abundant lavender-pink flowers in spring and early fall. This variety was selected not only for heat tolerance, but for pest and disease resistance and introduced by Transplant Nursery. [7'T X 7'W] $20

NEW *Rhododendron* × ‘Camilla’s Blush’ (Deciduous Azalea) (zone 6-9) – A great deciduous azalea with dense, bushy growth forming a large multi-stemmed shrub. With clusters of soft pink flowers in spring it is a wonderful addition to a perennial border. [7'T X 5'W] $16

***Rhododendron* × ‘Chinzan’ (Azalea)** (zone 6A-9B) – This iconic dwarf Satsuki hybrid is perfect as a specimen in the rock garden, or en mass at the front of a border. The name translates to ‘Rare Mountain’. Bright pink star shaped flowers cover the tiny shrub abundantly in late spring. The small dark green foliage adds a nice contrast of texture. [2'T X 3'W] $20

***Rhododendron* × ‘Chojuho’ (Azalea)** (zone 6A-9B) – A fantastic Satsuki hybrid, meaning Treasure of Age. The flowers bloom red in spring and fade to green over a 2 months. The low growing habit is more vigorous compared to ‘Chinzan’. This is fantastic specimen for bonsai or landscape use in morning sun and acidic soil. [6'T X 6'W] $25

***Rhododendron* × ‘Flame Creeper’ (Azalea)** (zone 7-9) – This variety has ruffled, bright red to orange-red blooms atop small, dense, evergreen foliage. It blooms in late spring longer than many varieties. The very tight creeping form makes this a good choice for a ground cover. [1'T X 3'W] $20

***Rhododendron* × ‘High Tide’ (Deciduous Azalea)** (zone 6-9) – This recently released heat tolerant, deciduous azalea has ivory flowers with a gold blotch and a pale pink flush to its petals. Blooms appear in early May. Aromi grew and selected Azaleas in Mobile, Alabama, so these will take the heat and humidity of the southeast US. [5'T X 4'W] $20 and $30

NEW *Rhododendron* × ‘Jan’ (Azalea) (zone 6-9) – Blooming mid-season, this cultivar's flowers are funnel-shaped, wavy edged, pink, deeper at edges fading inwards to pale pink. [5'T X 4'W] $16

***Rhododendron* × ‘June Jubilee’ (Deciduous Azalea)** (zone 6-9) – This is another Aromi hybrid with white flowers in June. These were developed in Mobile Alabama and have good heat tolerance. One of our favorites because it blooms months after all the other deciduous Azaleas and fills the air with a sweet fragrance, [8'T X 5'W] $20 and $30

***Rhododendron* × ‘Ken Janeck’** (zone 5-8) – This rhododendron cultivar is a dense, mound-forming, evergreen shrub. The large, leathery, dark green leaves have a brown, wooly underside. Deep rose-pink buds open to a solid pink in early to mid-spring. This prefers dappled shade in a location protected from strong winds. [3'T X 5'W] $20

NEW *Rhododendron* × ‘Kokinsai’ (Azalea) (zone 6-9) – Compact, low-growing, evergreen shrub that is twiggy and dense with a spreading to rounded form. Leaves are lance-shaped to elliptic and very small, 1/2 to 2 inches long, making it the wonderful bonsai plant that it was originally bred to be. Showy, funnel to star-shaped, dark reddish-orange flowers, 1.5 to 2 inches wide. Flowers are borne from May to June. [1'T X 1'W] $16

***Rhododendron* × ‘Linda Guy’ (Deciduous Azalea)** (zone 6-9) – A lovely pink deciduous Aromi hybrid Azalea with particularly large flowers. The pink flowers are 2.5" across in large trusses. Named for southern plantswoman Linda Guy, this is a wonderful addition to the woodland garden. Shade and acidic well-drained soil is recommended. [6'T X 6'W] $25

***Rhododendron* × ‘Mist Maiden’** (zone 7-9) – This compact yakushimanum hybrid Rhododendron is an evergreen plant that features dark green leaves covered with small hairs. New leaves emerge silvery. Pink flower buds open and quickly fade to white in early to mid-spring. [5'T X 5'W] $20

***Rhododendron* × ‘Pink Carousel’ (Deciduous Azalea)** (zone 7-9) – An Aromi hybrid with lovely soft pink flowers with a yellow blotch. This deciduous Azalea blooms in spring, and has a lovely soft fragrance. Shade to part shade and moist, acidic soil are best, and be sure to site with protection from deer. [6'T X 6'W] $20

***Rhododendron* × ‘Red Pepper’ (Deciduous Azalea)** (zone 6-9) – This Aromi Hybrid Azalea is an eye popper in the early summer landscape. The brilliant red flower buds open to orange. This deciduous azalea grows well in part shade, with acidic, well-drained soils. [6'T X 6'W] $20

NEW *Rhododendron* × 'Rinpu' (Azalea) (zone 7-9) – Compact, low-growing, evergreen shrub that is twiggy and dense with a spreading to rounded form. The small leaves (1/2 to 2 inches) vary widely in shape, usually lance-shaped to elliptic. Flowers, often pinkish-purple in various patterns, are borne from May to June and also vary in size (1-3 inches) and shape. Satsukis are the most popular azaleas in Japan, especially for bonsai culture. Filtered light is best and plant of the other high and in well-drained, acidic soil, rich with organic matter.. [1'T X 1'W] **$20**

***Rhododendron* × 'Temple Alexandria' (Azalea)** (zone 7B-10) – Another lovely Aromi Hybrid with 3" bright pink flowers. The habit is vigorous, and the foliage is dark glossy green and very attractive. Plant in morning sun and acidic soil for best performance, and be sure to protect from grazers, such as deer. [6'T X 6'W] **$20**

***Rhododendron* × 'Touch of Pink' (Deciduous Azalea)** (zone 6-9) – A lovely Aromi hybrid deciduous Azalea. In spring pink buds open to a pale pink flower with a touch of yellow. The flowers are fragrant and showy. Perfect plant for a pine woodland, as it prefers filtered shade and moist, well-drained, acidic soil. [6'T X 6'W] **$25**

***Rhododendron* × 'White Peacock' (Azalea)** (zone 7B-9B) – A robust, vigorous hybrid with dark green foliage. White flowers adorn the branches in mid spring, with a unique split petal characteristic. The habit is low growing and spreading. As with all Azaleas, morning sun and acidic, well-drained soil are necessary. [3'T X 6'W] **$25**

***Rhododendron yakushimanum* 'Yaku Prince'** (zone 5-8) – A dense, compact, rounded evergreen shrub. In late spring, deep pink buds open to long, pink flowers. Deep olive green leaves have fuzzy, tan undersides, new growth is silvery-green. This vigorous, low maintenance rhododendron is perfect for foundation plantings. [4'T X 4'W] **$20**

***Rhododendron yakushimanum* 'Yaku Princess'** (zone 5-8) – A dense, compact, rounded evergreen shrub. In late spring deep pink buds open to long lasting apple blossom pink flowers that fade to near white. Deep olive green leaves have fuzzy, tan-orange undersides, new growth is silvery-green. This vigorous, low maintenance rhododendron is perfect for foundation plantings. [4'T X 4'W] **$20**

NEW *Rhodoleia henryi* (zone 8-9) – A very striking member of the witch hazel family, commonly called 'Scarlet Bells,' this tree with evergreen foliage with silvery blue undersides is a much more cold hardy species than *Rhodoleia championii*. It features dark red flowers which consist of many 1" long spatulate petals March to May. It performs best in two or more hours of direct sunlight every day, or indirect/filtered light all day. [12'T X 18'W] **$30**

Sabal palmetto (zone 8-10) – The Cabbage Palm is a popular landscape plant in the south. It has a high tolerance for salt spray. Once established they can be quite cold hardy, even to zone 7. [30'T X 15'W] **$16**

***Sabal sp.* 'Birmingham'** (zone 7-10) – A hybrid subspecies of the palmetto palm. It is widely known for its extreme cold hardiness and its slow growth compared to other palmetto species. [20'T X 15'W] **$30**

NEW *Salix* × 'Flame' (zone 4-9) – Flame willow is grown for its ornamental qualities. Both in summer and in winter, the branches retain a bright orangey-red glow. The numerous branches of this willow are especially striking against dark evergreens. Full sun to light shade; ample water to moist soil; tolerates a wide range of soil; light pruning to shape. Prune just above the soil after it has gone dormant each winter to produce the best coloration. [20'T X 15'W] **$16**

Sarcococca confusa (zone 7-9) – This rounded shrub flowers in January-March and sometimes as early as December. It shows beautiful clusters of five, inconspicuous, creamy-white blushed with pink, fragrant flowers, and long stamens that have snow white filaments and creamy-white anthers. Black berries follow the flowers. Its glossy, green, evergreen leaves have an undulating surface. Deep or partial shade. [3'T X 3'W] **$16**

Schima argentea (zone 7B-10) – This Camellia relative is one of the most highly ornamental trees that we grow. In early summer every branch is tipped with clusters of white "Camellia like" single flowers with golden stamens. The bees and other pollinators go crazy for several weeks when few other trees are in bloom. The glossy dark green leaves are large to 5" long. [20'T X 15'W] **$25**

NEW *Sequoia sempervirens* 'Albospica' (zone 7-9) – This is one of the most striking cultivars of the giant redwoods. In spring and summer the blue-green foliage contrasts with growing tips frosted with creamy white. This starts out as a spreading groundcover but can eventually develop a leader and grow straight up. [25'T X 10'W] **$20**

NEW *Serissa japonica* 'Tokyo' (zone 6-9) – This evergreen or semi-evergreen shrub with oval, deep green, rather thick leaves with intense creamy white variegation. This is one of the most striking Serissas we have ever seen. These small shrubs are much loved as bonsai for their tiny white flowers which bloom 2-3 times yearly. [2'T X 2'W] **$16**

NEW *Sinowilsonia henryi* (zone 7-10) – A deciduous small tree of the witch hazel family. Elliptic to ovate green leaves have fine dentate margins. Apetalous green flowers in pendulous racemes bloom in May. Female racemes elongate to 6" as black-seeded fruit capsules form. Grow in organically rich, evenly moist, well-drained soils in full sun to part shade. This is a rare and unusual tree. [30'T X 20'W] **$30**

NEW ***Spiraea prunifolia*** (zone 5-8) – Commonly called Bridalwreath, it is an upright, clumping, deciduous shrub with arching branches. Six-flowered clusters appear in profuse bloom along the bare branches prior to the emergence of the foliage. Foliage often develops attractive red-orange-yellow fall color. It is native to Japan, Korea, and China. [6'T X 6'W] **$16**

Stephandra tanakae (zone 5-9) – An uncommon shrub native to the hills and mountainsides of Japan with arching stems, lovely dark green summer leaves and warm orange or red autumn colors. In mid-summer, pretty cream colored flowers stand out well against the dark leaves. It is a fine shrub for a woodland garden or planting at the back of a border. [6'T X 8'W] **$30**

NEW ***Stewartia × henryae* 'Sky Rocket'** (zone 7-9) – This form is strongly upright and is a terrific option for smaller gardens. Begins blooming when young offering lovely white flowers. It produces rich orange-red foliage in the fall. This small tree requires evenly moist soil in sun to part shade conditions. [20'T X 8'W] **$20**

Styrax* aff. *rugosus (zone 7-9) – These seed grown Styrax resemble *S. rugosus* but we are unsure of their true identity at this point. In spring these produce small white pendulous flowers in profusion. Plant in part sun to part shade and moist but well-drained soils. [15'T X 10'W] **$20**

***Syringa* × 'Betsy Ross'** (zone 4-8) – The first Syringa released from the U.S. National Arboretum, 'Betsy Ross' is well adapted to warmer climates. We have been very impressed with both its vigor and foliage. This hybrid boasts superior disease resistant foliage. In spring, abundant white, fragrant flowers adorn the tips of each branch. The compact growth habit makes it a highly prized specimen for the garden. 'Betsy Ross' has been successfully evaluated in a wide range of zones; from Minnesota to the deep south and both the east and west coasts.. [10'T X 8'W] **$20**

***Syringa* × 'Josee'** (zone 3-8) – Introduced by Minier Nursery of France in 1976, this lilac is said to be a dependable re-bloomer. Fragrant panicles of lavender-pink, trumpet shaped flowers are produced heavily in spring followed by some re-blooms throughout the summer. The foliage has not held up well through the summer, so we recommend this for regions with cooler summer temperatures. [6T X 4'W] **$20**

***Syringa* × 'Old Glory'** (zone 5-8) – We made sure to note on our inventory this summer that this variety "LOOKS GREAT!" Selected by the National Arboretum for disease tolerant foliage, this cultivar has had good vigor through the southeastern summer. The large panicles of fragrant purple-blue flowers emerge in spring. The growth habit is upright and round, making for a nice specimen in the sunny-part shade landscape. Moist, well-drained soil and good air flow will help reduce disease issues for gardeners in the deep south. [10'T X 12'W] **$25**

NEW ***Syringa × hyacinthiflora* 'Esther Staley'** (zone 3-8) – This lilac has showy panicles of fragrant rose-pink flowers with white overtones. Blooming in mid spring, which emerge from distinctive burgundy flower buds. It has dark green foliage throughout the season. [9'T X 7'W] **$35**

NEW ***Syringa × hyacinthiflora* 'Excel'** (zone 2-7) – By far our favorite and best performing lilac, 'Excel' is a compact branching Lilac with single, lilac-lavender flowers. Somewhat irregular in shape, its leaves are medium green, ovate to heart-shaped. This light purple, free flowering hybrid is very fragrant and great for southern areas. It grows in full sun and is heat tolerant; blooms early spring. Prefers regular water and good drainage. [8'T X 6'W] **$16**

***Syringa × josiflexa* 'Bellicent'** (zone 3-8) – The single pink flowers bloom two weeks later than typical *Syringa vulgaris*, and have a spicy cinnamon fragrance. The leaves are elongated, resembling the Preston hybrids. The foliage held up well through the summer and the plants showed great vigor. [12'T X 15'W] **$25**

***Syringa × josiflexa* 'Royalty'** (zone 3-8) – Masses of fragrant purple flower heads bloom in late spring. The branches are strong and upright, and have shown great vigor. One of the latest Lilacs of the season. [10'T X 8'W] **$20**

***Syringa meyeri* 'Palibin'** (zone 4-8) – This compact selection has a dense habit and is suitable for the smaller garden. The flower buds are reddish-purple and these open to an icy pink. Has a very low chill requirement, making this a valuable specimen for southern gardeners. However, the foliage often looks less than ideal by late summer. [5'T X 7'W] **$20**

***Syringa pekinensis* 'China Snow'** (zone 5-8) – This large, tree form Lilac is one of the most vigorous species we have grown. Large, fragrant white panicle of flowers tip each branch in spring. The bark is an attractive amber color, and it exfoliates creating winter interest. This is one we highly recommend for southern gardeners. [20'T X 20'W] **$30**

***Syringa × prestoniae* 'Miss Canada'** (zone 3-8) – From Isabella Preston's breeding efforts in Canada during the 1920s, hybridizing *S. villosa* x *S. reflexa*, came *Syringa* x *prestoniae*. The distinguishing feature of this inter-specific hybrid is the late flowering habit. In 1967, Dr. W. A. Cumming introduced 'Miss Canada', which is a cross between *S. josiflexa* 'Redwine' and *S. prestoniae* 'Hiawatha'. The rosy-red buds open to a bright pink in late spring. The upright branching habit and dark green leaves are very attractive through the summer. Our plants have not grown much, but the leaves look great in late summer. We are looking forward to seeing how "late" in the spring this variety blooms. [8-10'T X 8-10'W] **$25**

***Syringa pubescens* ssp. *patula* ‘Miss Kim’** (zone 3-8) – The Manchurian Lilac has long been considered the “Best for the South”, boasting large, abundant, fragrant flowers of soft purple. This shrub form has great vigor and a low chill requirement, making it a useful plant for gardeners in regions where winters are mild. However, we have found that the foliage deteriorates by mid summer, making it best for a spot in the back of the border. Its spring show is noteworthy, and outweighs the late summer foliage. [8’T X 8’W] **$25**

***Syringa reticulata* ‘Ivory Silk’** (zone 3-7) – This deciduous tree Lilac is a delightful heat tolerant variety. The creamy, white flowers emerge in mid May and attract pollinators abundantly. Growing to 20’ tall by 15’ wide ‘Ivory Silk’ is slightly more compact than the straight species and has more fragrance (though not as sweetly scented as *S. vulgaris*, and the northern grown hybrids). This lilac has a great deal of vigor for the hot conditions of the southeast and we highly recommend it for south eastern gardeners. Find a moist location with high light/ late day shade, to ensure leaf edges will not burn in summer heat. [20’T X 15’W] **$30**

***Syringa villosa* ‘Aurea’** (zone 3-8) – This unique lilac has golden foliage that makes it attractive even when it is not in bloom. In spring it has abundant, beautiful, fragrant soft pink flowers that contrast wonderfully with the leaves. These have survived one NC summer so far, without much trouble. Morning exposure and regular watering will help, and site in an area with good air flow to reduce disease issues. [10’T X 8’W] **$30**

NEW *Taxodium distichum* ‘Cody’s Feathers’ (zone 4-10) – This dwarfish form of the bald cypress grows into a beautiful small tree. It has beautiful ferny foliage that is so soft it could be moss. It will grow slowly, into a mossy-green ball. Being a bald cypress, it can be sited in a wetter than usual place and perform well. In the fall, the foliage turns an attractive orange then brown and then falls off. [10’T X 4’W] **$20**

NEW *Taxodium distichum* ‘Crazy Horse’ (zone 5-10) – Commonly called the twisted bald cypress, it has irregular and erratic growth. It is not quite contorted but the medium green foliage look tousled. It grows in an open, pyramid shape. [15’T X 15’W] **$20**

NEW *Taxodium distichum* ‘Hurley Park’ (zone 5-10) – This dwarf variety of the Bald Cypress originated in England. It has a broad, compact globe form. Light green foliage is soft, turning orange-brown in the fall before falling off for winter. Grows best in full sun and very moist to wet soils. [10’T X 10’W] **$20**

NEW *Taxodium distichum* ‘Mr. Twister’ (zone 5-10) – A semi-dwarf variety with beautiful light green foliage with a soft texture. Grows best in moist to wet soils[10’T X 10’W] **$20**

***Taxodium distichum* ‘Peve Minaret’** (zone 4-9) – ‘Peve Minaret’ is a semi-dwarf cultivar that slowly grows in a dense, pyramidal form. Leaves turn a yellow to rusty-brown in fall before dropping. Foliage has a fern-like texture. Best grown in average, medium to wet, moisture-retentive soils in full sun.[25’T X 8’W] **$20**

NEW *Taxodium* × ‘Banita’ (zone 7) – Chinese researchers at the Nanjing Botanical Garden have worked extensively to develop hybrid Taxodium for use as street trees with tolerance of poor conditions such as alkalinity and high salt soils. ‘Banita’ was introduced in the USA by David Creech at Stephen F Austin State University in Nacogdoches, Texas for rapid growth, good form, light emerald green foliage, very little Cercospora leaf blight, and no knees. In zone 8 the tree is almost evergreen and should be cold hardy in zone 7 but less evergreen. This is a cross between *T. distichum* and *T. mucronatum*. Ultimate height around [80’T X 40’W] **$20**

***Taxus cuspidata* ‘Aurescens’** (zone 4-7) – We have been pleased with how well this Golden Yew has done for us. The new growth is brilliant gold with a small green line down the center of each needle. The old growth is dark green, creating an incredible color contrast. It is relatively slow growing, and easy to manage as a low shrub. Supplemental summer water may be needed during drought, but it is well worth the extra care. Best grown in full to part sun. [6’T x 6’W] **$20**

NEW *Taxus cuspidata* ‘Dwarf Bright Gold’ (zone 4-7) – A shrubby, upright-spreading, dwarf form that grows in a mound and its golden evergreen foliage provides an excellent accent to the landscape. This cultivar is best grown with full sun and some part shade in the afternoon. Prefers moist, sandy loams, and plants have no tolerance for wet conditions. Good soil drainage is essential. [4’T x 5’W] **$16**

NEW *Taxus floridana* (zone 7-10) – Known as the Florida yew, it is an evergreen coniferous shrub or small tree growing to 15’ tall. The bark is thin, scaly purple-brown, and the branches are spreading. The shoots are green at first, becoming brown after three or four years. It grows slowly, and prefers slightly acidic soil and partial shade. [15’T X 10’W] **$20**

NEW *Taxus sp.* ‘Heat Tolerant’ (zone 5-8) – This unknown species of the northern favorite “Yew” was brought to the nursery and labelled as “heat-tolerant.” It has shown great vigor and is a showy, dense conifer. Part shade may be best for the hot areas of the southeast, though in cooler climates it can grow in full sun. Very useful for hedges, and seemingly deer resistant. [8’T x 8’W] **$20**

NEW ***Toona sinensis*** (zone 6-9) – This tall, deciduous tree has brown bark that peels. It is also known as Chinese Mahogany, Chinese Toon, or Red Toon. In China, the young leaves and shoots are used as a vegetable. Foliage is fragrant and pink when juvenile, maturing to creamy yellow and then bright green. Fragrant white or greenish white flowers bloom in midsummer. [50'T X 30'W] **$20**

Trachycarpus fortunei (zone 7-10) – An amazing number of these palms can be found growing in this area and they are a true palm. This can grow to 50 feet tall with a single trunk covered with small fibers. These are seedlings of hardy clones but young plants benefit from winter protection until some trunk is developed. These are also quite rapid growing once established. [50'T X 15'W] **$16**

***Tsuga canadensis* 'Curly'** (zone 4-7) – This eye-catching dwarf form has needles which crowd and curl around the shoots. It is irregularly upright in its habit. It has dark green foliage that is curved. Cones and buds are typically small and the bark is usually brown and furrowed. This plant enjoys moist soil with some acidity and plenty of sunshine. [3'T X 2'W] **$25**

***Tsuga canadensis* 'Geneva'** (zone 4-7) – The Canadian or eastern hemlock is a dense, pyramidal conifer. Flat sprays of lacy evergreen foliage give this tree a graceful form. Bark is red-brown to gray-brown. 'Geneva' is a compact, slow-growing, small tree. It generally grows in a shrubby rounded form., and features deep green needles.[8'T X 8'W] **$25**

***Tsuga canadensis* 'Humphrey Welch'** (zone 4-8) – A pretty, dwarf form of the Canadian Hemlock, it is an upright conifer with gray-green, very tiny needles on slender branches that is perfect to grown in a rock garden. It is easy to grow despite the delicate appearance. Very slow growing and prefers sun to partial shade in well-drained soil. [4'T X 4'W] **$20**

NEW ***Vaccinium arboreum*** (zone 6-9) – Farkleberry or Sparkleberry as it is commonly known is one of the best native Vacciniums available. The leaves are evergreen in the south, but deciduous further north where winters are colder. It produces abundant masses of showy white, bell-shaped flowers, then masses of equally attractive shiny black berries. The fruit is a round dry berry that is edible but bitter and tough. The smooth, dark brown bark on twisted trunks are exquisite. Grow in full sun to partial shade. [15'T X 10'W] **$16, $25,** and **$35**

NEW ***Vaccinium macrocarpon* 'Stevens'** (zone 2-8) – This is the cranberry used at Thanksgiving time. We have found this groundcover grows fine in our climate as long as it is wet. A boggy area with standing water some of the time is fine. It is a vine with tiny leaves and the red fruits ripen in August and persist for several months. [1'T X 10'W] **$16**

***Vaccinium* × 'Pink Lemonade'** (zone 5-9) – This highbush blueberry is very uniqiue, having bright pink berries that taste like pink lemonade! The habit is upright and vigorous, growing 2-3' per year. It was developed by the USDA using varieties successful in low chill climates, making it suitable for gardeners in the hot southeast US. [5'T X 5'W] **$20**

NEW ***Viburnum arboricolum*** (zone 7-9) – Narrowly upright growth makes this a great choice for a hedge or as a small garden specimen tree to 18-25'. It is adorned with large, shiny evergreen leaves, 4" wide x up to 6" long. In late spring to early summer flattened clusters of white flowers add to the interest, followed by bright red berries. Grows in dappled shade to full sun with occasional addition of water where summers are dry. This needs more testing for suitability in our area. [18'T X 10' W] **$30**

Viburnum* × *burkwoodii (zone 5-8) – A deciduous spring flowering Viburnum with great heat tolerance. The lustrous dark green leaves are accented by clusters of pink buds, which open to white in early spring. These fragrant flowers are followed by a red fruit set which turns black in fall. [10'T X 8'W] **$25**

***Viburnum* × *burkwoodii* 'Conoy'** (zone 5-9) – One of our favorite evergreen Viburnums. This introduction from the National Arboretum is very useful as a foundation plant due to its size and ease of growth. The striking glossy foliage is evergreen on this dwarf shrub and fragrant white flowers are produced in the spring. Full sun to part shade and moist evenly drained soil is best. [5'T X 8'W] **$20**

NEW ***Viburnum dilatatum* 'Asian Beauty'** (zone 6-9) – This Chinese species has fantastic bright red fall color and good hardiness. In spring- early summer clusters of white flowers appear on the tips of the branches, followed by a red berryset for seasonal interest. [12'T X 8'W] **$16**

***Viburnum foetidum* 'Tenkai Zaki'** (zone 5-8) – A compact and dense shrub form of the deciduous double-file Viburnum. In spring, flat lace-cap white flowers cover the branches, and continue to bloom sporadically throught-out the summer. Fertile flowers will produce orange-to red fruits which mature to black and attract wildlife into the winter. [8'T X 5'W] **$25**

***Viburnum japonicum* 'Variegatum'** (zone 7-9) – This lovely evergreen specimen has showy yellow splashed variegation. The glossy green and yellow foliage shines in the sun. Small white flower clusters are produced in early summer followed by a bright red fruit set that persist into winter. [12'T X 6'W] **$20**

NEW ***Viburnum lantana* 'Wavecrest' = 'Variegata'** (zone 3-8) – Featuring showy 3" to 5" wide clusters of creamy-white flowers in May and red berry-like fruit clusters follow in summer. This unique viburnum boasts attractive leaves splashed with cream and yellow provide excellent foliage interest all season long. Grow in full sun to part shade. Can tolerate dry soils once established. [8'T X 8'W] **$16**

NEW ***Viburnum luzonicum*** **var. *formosanum*** (zone 6-9) – This is a Taiwanese deciduous shrub or small tree with red fruits. The flower color is white or near-white and fragrant. The flowering period is May - June. Grown for foliage that is smooth-textured and presents good fall color. Grow in sun to partial shade and has average water needs. [6'T X 4'W] **$35**

Viburnum macrocephalum (zone 6-9) – This Chinese species can have red fall color and good hardiness. In spring-early summer huge clusters of white flowers appear on the tips of the branches, followed through the summer with occasional flowers. [12'T X 8'W] **$20**

Viburnum plicatum **'Pink Sensation'** (zone 6-9) – One of the most asked about specimens at the JCRA in Raleigh, NC. Situated near the parking lot, this deciduous shrub stops passersby with a showy spring bloom of pink snowballs covering the branches. The blooms fade to pale pink-white as temperatures rise. The foliage has a red coloration, and turns briliant colors in fall. So far, this is the best pink flowered form we have seen. [12'T X 8'W] **$16**

Viburnum plicatum **'Nana'** (zone 5-8) – The Japanese snowball bush features snowball-like, non-fragrant, showy white flowers along the branches in spring that attracts butterflies. Leaves turn burgundy red to purplish red in fall. This is a dense, upright, multi-stemmed, deciduous shrub that typically matures to 5' tall with an equally large spread. Easily grown in average, medium moisture, well-drained soil in full sun to part shade. [5'T X 5'W] **$20**

NEW ***Viburnum* × *pragense*** (zone 5-8) – This hybrid viburnum is an evergreen, multi-stemmed shrub that typically grows 8-12' tall with a similar spread. Flat cymes of slightly fragrant, creamy white flowers in spring gives way to berries in early fall which first appear red and then change to glossy black. Berries will often persist to the end of December. Elliptic, dark green leaves.[10'T X 10'W] **$16**

NEW ***Viburnum propinqum*** (zone 5-8) – A compact and dense shrub form of the deciduous double-file Viburnum. In spring, flat lace-cap white flowers cover the branches, and continue to bloom sporadically throught-out the summer. Fertile flowers will produce orange-to red fruits which mature to black and attract wildlife into the winter. [8'T X 5'W] **$30**

Viburnum* × *rhytidophylloides **'Dart's Duke'** (zone 4-8) – Has very large showy white flowers in early summer and bright red fruit in fall. The beautiful dark green leathery evergreen foliage makes this a real winner. Foliage is very clean and disease-free, and does not droop in the winter. Grown for foliage, this semi-evergreen shrub tolerates heavy shade or full sun. This plant is attractive to bees, butterflies and birds.[6'T X 8'W] **$16**

Weigela florida **'Rubidor'** (zone 4-8) – This incredibly showy deciduous shrub features clusters of tubular, bright magenta flowers, contrasting the brilliant chartreuse foliage. Unlike most Weigela, this superior selection blooms first in mid spring, and sets a second flush of flowers in late summer. Flowers are favored by hummingbirds and butterflies. This makes an outsanding large shrub for sun to part shade. In the hot southeast summer we recommend late day shade and some additional water to keep the foliage looking fresh. [8-10'T X 8-10'W] **$20**

NEW ***Zenobia pulverulenta*** **'Blue Sky'** (zone 6-9) – Commonly called dusty zenobia or honey-cup, this native plant is a semi-evergreen to deciduous shrub with a bushy upright form, blue-green leaves that are waxy smooth on both surfaces, and bell-shaped, anise-scented, white flowers in late spring. The fall color is an attractive reddish-purple and the plant grows well in moist, sandy or peaty, well-drained soils in full sun to part shade. [4'T X 6'W] **$16**

C. japonica
'Black Magic'
Page 15

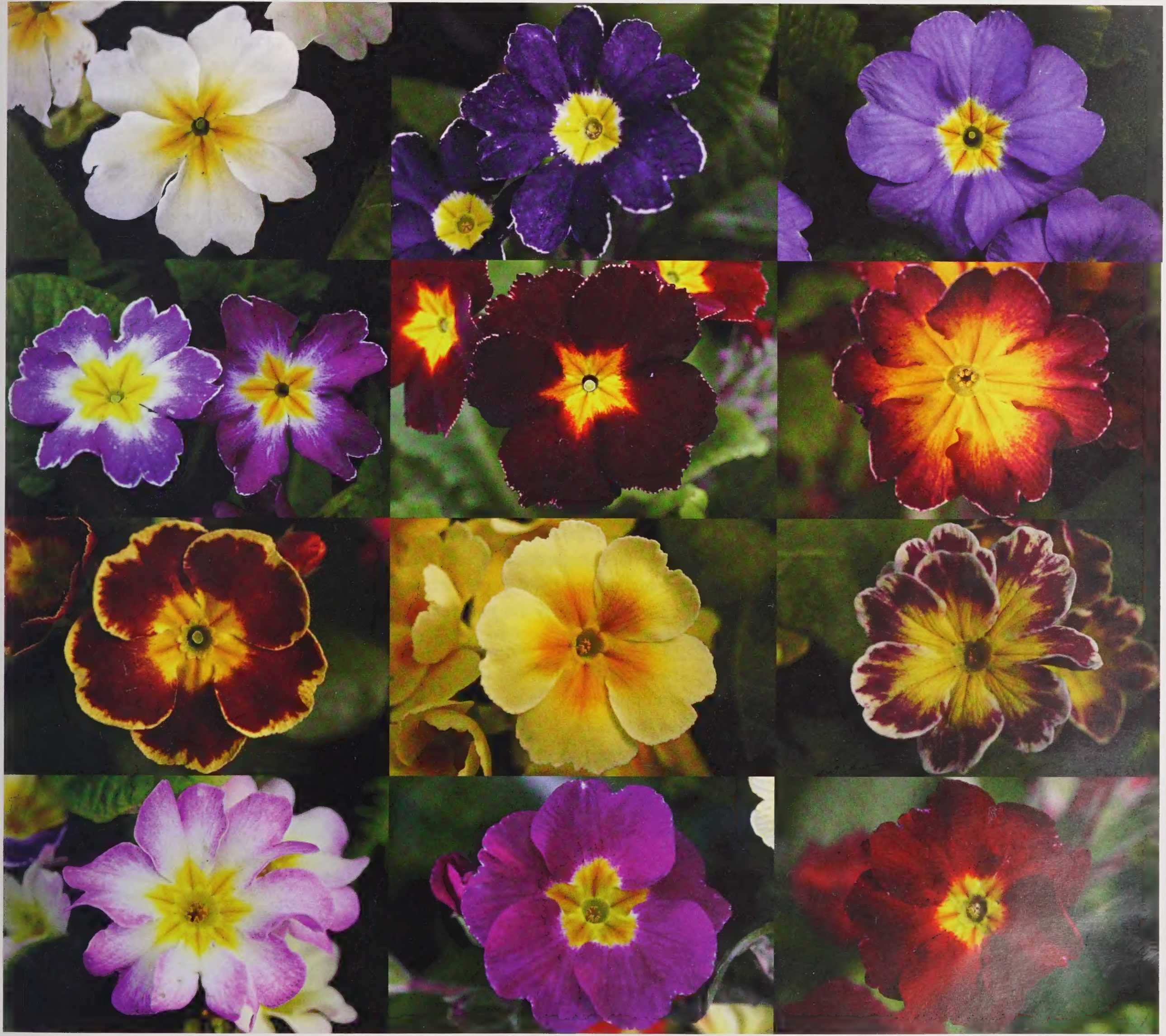
Our Top Picks:

Herbacious Perennials

Caryopteris 'Snow Fairy'

Cyclamen coum "Silver Leaf"

Habranthus robustus



Primula vulgaris hybrids made by Dr. Clifford Parks

Herbacious Perennials

***Agapanthus praecox* ‘Two Times Blue’** (zone 7B-10) – This fully double form of the Lily of the Nile has sky blue flowers which rise 3' above the tropical strap-like foliage. This summer bloomer is a show stopper for both gardeners and pollinators. Also, great as a cut flower lasting up to 2 weeks in a vase. [3'T X 3'W] **$20**

***Agapanthus sp.* (Seeds collected in France)** – (zone 8-10) – Kai Mei collected seeds on her trip to Northern France, and has grown these to size here at Camellia Forest. They have shown great vigor. [1'T X 2'W] **$16**

***Agapanthus* × ‘Storm Cloud’** (zone 7B-10) – The darkest variety of the classic Lily of the Nile, 'Storm Cloud' is seedling of 'Mood Indigo'. Magnificent dark black stems grow to 3-4' tall, topped by brilliant violet-blue flower heads. The tropical foliage grows to 2' tall, creating a dense mound. Be prepared for a swarm from pollinators and garden visitors, as this is a spectacular vision in mid-summer! [4'T X 3'W] **$20**

Amorphophallus konjac (zone 7-10) – This is a bizarre aroid with a single, huge 3-4 foot diameter leaf with about 150 leaflets, and a giant 5-6 foot tall flower stalk that grows from the dry corm (without roots). Plant these quite deep for winter hardiness. Be prepared for the floral scent! It's fly pollinated. These are budded corms. **$25**

Beschornera septentrionalis (zone 8-10) – The False Red Agave is a Mexican native. The silver-green succulent like leaves are soft and without spines, making this suitable for containers and plantings where people and pets brush against. The 5' tall flower spikes emerge in early spring and are adorned with red dangling flowers,which can attract hummingbirds. This may prove to be hardy in zone 7, with very well-drained soil, but we have not over wintered it outside yet. **$40**

***Caryopteris divaricata* ‘Snow Fairy’** (zone 5-9) – A Japanese selection of the Himalayan native Perennial Bluebeard. The variegated foliage has a pungent smell, which repels all pests away, including deer. In late summer small clusters of blue flowers appear, creating a blue haze above the bright foliage. Post frost you can cut it to the ground, as it will return in spring. Plant in part to full sun, with moist well-drained soil. [3'T X 3'W] **$16**

***Cyclamen coum* “Silver Leaf”** (zone 5-9) – This wonderful woodland perennial bulb emerges in fall and blooms through the winter from white to pink. The flowers are small and look best in masses. The ornate leaves are rounded shaped and have a heavy silver coloration. These are best grown under deciduous trees where they will self seed and eventually make a ground cover. Summer dormant **$12**

Habranthus brachyandrus (zone 6-10) – This bulb has narrow, strap-like foliage but impressive pink flowers in summer. These can be induced to bloom by rain, can be grown in pots, and are very pest resistant. Regular irrigation will not get them to bloom more. **$6**

Habranthus robustus (zone 6-10) – This bulb has narrow, strap-like foliage and impressive white flowers flushed with pink in late summer. These can be induced to bloom by watering after a dry period, can be grown in pots, and are very pest resistant. This species is native to Brazil and Argentina and flourishes for us. They have bloomed repeatedly after each rain in the summer. **$6**

Habranthus texanus (zone 7-10) – (syn *H. tubispathus* var. *texensis*) – Commonly called the "Copper Lily" this little bulb is native to Texas. It produces flared, bright yellow trumpet shaped flowers following summer rains. It is a vigorous rain lily, self producing underground bulblets each season and setting seed which germinates easily. It has grass like foliage and is best suited for sun to part shade. These often do not thrive in overly irrigated sites, and require RAIN WATER to bloom. **$10**

***Primula vulgaris* Hybrids** (zone 6-7) – These are hybrids developed by Dr. Clifford Parks using *Primula vulgaris* subsp. *sibthorpii* and the showy cultivated strains. These are exceptionally heat tolerant and grow large clumps of plants in moist shady garden areas. There are a variety of colors with multiple different patterns. Specific colors can be provided during flowering season only. Please inquire about larger quantities for resale. **$5** and 9 plants for **$36**

Camellia Index

Adeyaka 15
Ai No Izumi 15
Alabama Beauty 31
Angel's Kiss 31
Ann McCulloch Hill 31
April Blush 7
April Dawn 7
April Kiss 7
April Melody 7
April Pink 7
April Remembered 7
April Rose 7
April Snow 7
April Tryst 7
Arctic Dawn 7
Arctic Snow 26
Asakura 31
Ashton's Ballet 26
Ashton's High Rise 7
Ashton's Supreme 26
Aunt Jetty 7
Autumn Carnival 31
Autumn Lantern 31
Autumn Moon 31
Autumn Rocket 31
Autumn Sentinel 31
Autumn Spirit 26
Autumn Sun 31
Autumn Sunrise 31
Baby Bear 15
Ballet in Pink 15
Beni Zakura 31
Benten Kagura (Var.) 15
Bessie McArthur 15
Betty Sette 7
Bill Edwards 15
Bishonen 15
Black Magic 15
Black Tie 15
Black Tie (Var.) 15
Blue Twilight 15
Blushing Fountains 15
Bokuhan (Var.) 15
Bonanza (Var.) 31
Boutonniere 15
Brandy's Temper 31
Buttermint 15
C. brevistyla 37
C. chekiangoleosa 37
C. chrysanthoides 37
C. cuspidata 37
C. fraterna 37
C. furfuracea 37
C. grisjii 37
C. handelii 37
C. obtusifolia 37
C. oleifera 37
C. oleifera "Guangzhou" 37
C. oleifera "Lushan Strain" 37
C. parvalimba 37
C. sinensis var. assamica 38
C. sinensis "China" 38
C. sinensis 'Christine's Choice' 38
C. sinensis 'Dave's Fave' 38
C. sinensis "Guizhou" 38
C. sinensis "Korea" 38
C. sinensis "Large Leaf" 38
C. sinensis var. ptilophylla 38
C. sinensis var. quinquebracteata 38
C. sinensis 'Rosea' 38
C. sinensis var. sinensis 38
C. transarisanensis 37
C. transnokoensis 38
C. truncata 38
C. yuhsienensis 38
Carolina Moonmist 26
Carter's Sunburst 16
Carter's Sunburst Special 16
Catherine Cathcart (Var.) 16
Cecilia 31
Chansonette 31
Charlean Var. 16
China Girl 32
Chisato No Aki 32
Choji Guruma 32
Chrissie (Var.) 16
Christmas Rose 32
Chûjôhaku (Var.) 16
Cinnamon Cindy 16
Classic Pink 7
Coral Delight 16
Cream Puff 16
Crimson Candles 16
Cup of Beauty 16
Dahlohnega 16
Daikagura 16
Daydream 32
Dazzler 32
Debbie 16
Debutante 16
Debutante Benten 16
Destiny 16
Dick Hardison 16
Dixie Knight Supreme 16
Don Mac 16
Double Rainbow 32
Dr. Clifford R. Parks 17
Dr. Ralph Watkins 17
Dream Quilt 32
Duchess of Windsor 17
Duke of Wellington 17
Dwarf Shi Shi 32
Edna Bass Var. 17
Egao Corkscrew 32
Elaine Lee 26
Ella Drayton 17
Ellen Doubleday 17
Emeralds 'n Coral 32
Eos Variegated 32
Erina 17
Falling Star 32
Fantasy 17
Feathered Edge 32
Firebrand 17
Fishtail Red 17
Florence Coker Rogers 17
Florence Stratton 17
Fragrant Jewel 17
Fragrant Joy 17
Frankie Winn 17
Fred Sander Variegated 17
Freedom Bell 17
Fuji No Yuki 32
Geoff Hamilton 18
Golden Phoenix 32
Good Fragrance 18
Gunsmoke 18
Hallstone Spicy 18
Hana Jiman 32
Hana Nana 32
Happy Higo (Var.) 18
Heimudan 18
Herbert Earl Gatch 18
High Fragrance 18
Hino Maru 18
Hinode Gumo 32
Holly Bright 18
Hopkins Pink 18
Horry Frost (Var.) 18
Ice Follies 8
Imura 18
Irihi No Umi 33
Iris 18
Jack Glen 18
Jacks 18
Japanese Fantasy 18
Jean May 33
Jenny Jones 18
Jerry Hill 8
Jessica (Var.) 18
John Harvard 18
Jury's Yellow 18
Kai Mei's Choice 33
Katsu Zumi 33
Katsuya Nomura 19
Kick Off 19
Kino Senritsu 19
Kira Shiro Kantsubaki 33
Konronkoku 19
Korean Fire 8
Korean Snow 8
Kujacku Tsubaki 19
Kumagai 19

Camellia Index Continued

Kumasaka 8
Kuro Delight 8
Kuro Delight (Var.) 8
La Peppermint 19
Lady Clare 19
Lady Laura (Var.) 19
Lady Van Sittart 19
Lauren 33
Lauren Tudor 19
Lemon Glow 19
Les Marbury 19
Little Slam 19
Lizzie 33
Lori Clevenger 19
Lushan Snow 26
Madame Haas 20
Magic City 19
Magnolia Garden 19
Magnoliaflora 19
Margaret Bloomquist 19
Margaret Higdon 19
Margie 19
Mark Alan 20
Maroon Mist 8
Mary Alice Cox 20
Mary Christian 20
Mary Phoebe Taylor 20
Mason Farm 26
Meadow Brook 8
Midnight Lover 33
Midnight Ruby 33
Mieko Tanaka 33
Mine No Yuki 33
Miss Charleston Var. 20
Miss Lyla 20
Moon Festival 33
Mrs. Charles Cobb 20
Mrs. D.W. Davis 20
Mrs. Freeman Weiss (Var.) 20
Mrs. Tingley 20
Nuccio's Cameo 20
Nuccio's Gem 20
Nuccio's Pearl 20
October Affair 20
October Magic Inspiration 33
October Magic Orchid 33
October Magic Snow 33
O Nishiki 33
Optical Illusion 20
Otome 20
Otome Sasanka 34
Paradise Blush 34
Paradise Little Liane 34
Paradise Rebecca 34
Pink Butterfly 34
Pink Champagne 20
Pink Goddess 34
Pink Icicle 8
Pink Pagoda 20
Pink Perfection 20
Plain Jane 20
Polaris 20
Ponderosa 34
Pop's Perfection 21
Professor Sargent 21
Punkin 21
Rainbow 34
Red Aurora 8
Red Fellow 8
Red Jade 8
Reverend Ida 34
River Farm Beauty 8
Romany 21
Roosevelt Blues 21
Rose Twilight 21
Rosy Pillar 34
Royal Velvet 21
Runt 21
Ruth Smith (Var.) 21
Ryûkô 34
Sarah Bernhardt 21
Sarah Catherine 21
Sarasa 21
Sarrel 34
Satsuma 21
Sawada's Mahogany 21
Scarlet Temptation 21
Sea Foam 21
Seikaiha 34
Senritsu Ko 21
Shibori Showa 34
Shikibu 21
Shikoku Stars 34
Shiro Chan 21
Shiro Hagoromo 21
Shiro Tama 22
Shishigashira 34
Showa Nishiki 34
Simeon 22
Snow Drop Cascade 22
Snow Flurry 26
Snowman 22
Solstice 22
Something Beautiful 22
Sporting Class 22
Spring Cardinal 8
Spring Festival 22
Spring Frill 8
Spring's Promise 8
Spring Song 8
Squadron Leader Astin 9
Star Above Star 34
Starry Pillar 35
Stellar Sunrise 9
Sudie Blanchard 22
Susie Dirr 35
Survivor 26
Sweet Jane 22
Sweetie Pie Pink 22
Tada Meibi 22
Taiyo 22
Takanini 22
Tama Americana 22
Tama Bambino 22
Tama Beauty 22
Tama Bell 22
Tama Glitters 22
Tama No Ura 22
Tama Peacock 23
Tama Vino 23
Tancho 23
Taylor's Perfection 23
Thieves Delight 23
Tiny Tot 9
Tom Hatley 23
Tom Knudsen 23
Tomorrow Park Hill (Var.) 23
Tricolor Pink 23
Tudor Baby 23
Tudor Baby (Var.) 23
Turandot 23
Unryu Tsubaki 23
Variegated from Doug 23
Vaughn's Seedling 23
Vernal Breeze 23
Virginia Sunrise (Var.) 23
Weeping 35
Wendell's Dream 23
White by the Gate 23
White Empress 23
White Fishtail 24
White Queen 24
White Sentinel 35
Willie Hite 24
Winter's Beauty Chartreuse 26
Winter's Interlude 26
Winter's Joy 26
Winter's Peony 26
Winter's Rose 26
Winter's Snowman 27
Winter's Sunset 27
Wirlinga Bride 24
Wm. Lanier Hunt 35
Yirgella 24
Yuletide 35
Yuletide Carol 35
Yuletide Cheer 35
Yuletide Spirit 35
Yume 35
Zero 24

Order Form

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9701 Carrie Road
Chapel Hill, NC 27516

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camelliaforest@gmail.com

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Prices in this catalog are valid through May 31, 2015

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City/State/Zip ______________________________ **Telephone #:** ______________________________

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Note: If you do not list substitutes we will refund or send different size plants

Quantity	Plant Name	Unit Price	Total Price
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All plants in this catalog are available for shipping.

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For Shipping East of the Rockies:

Add 25% for packaging and Fedex, minimum $15.

For Shipping West of the Rockies:

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For shipping to California, Oregon, and Washington:

Plants may be inspected by plant inspectors to prevent the spread of pests to those states. We recommend shipping when the plants are dormant and temperatures are moderate (November, February, and March). We are not responsible for losses due to delays caused by the inspection process.

For shipping to Oregon:

Shipments require the notification of Oregon Plant Inspectors, so expect a 1 week delays in order processing.

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We accept credit cards on mail orders. Please make sure that your credit card number and expiration date are entered correctly. If you are paying by check, cashiers check or money order, please enclose payment with your order, as we do not send orders without payment.

Shipping Dates:

We ship from September 15 until May 31, weather permitting. The optimal time to ship orders is when the plants are dormant but not when they will be exposed to extreme temperatures. We try to ship when the weather is suitable for planting in your area. If you want your order on a specific date please note details on the order blank.

Nursery Visits:

Everyone is welcome to visit the nursery. We are open every Saturday from 10AM to 4PM. Please phone for a weekday appointment. The Winter Open House will be the last weekend in February and the first weekend in March, Fridays and Saturdays only (February 27th-28th and March 6th-7th). The Spring open house will be Fridays, Saturdays, and Sundays from March 20th-22nd through the first three weekends in April 3rd-5th, 10th-12th, and 17th-19th. For the March and April dates we will be open Friday and Saturday 9-5 and Sunday 1-5. The Fall Open House will be the first three weekends of October (2nd-4th, 9th-11th, and 16th-18th), Fridays, Saturdays, and Sundays.

Disclaimer:

We ship healthy plants and will replace plants damaged in shipment. We are not responsible for horticultural failures that occur after you receive the shipment. If your plants are damaged upon arrival and you want replacements, please inform us within one week of receiving the shipment.

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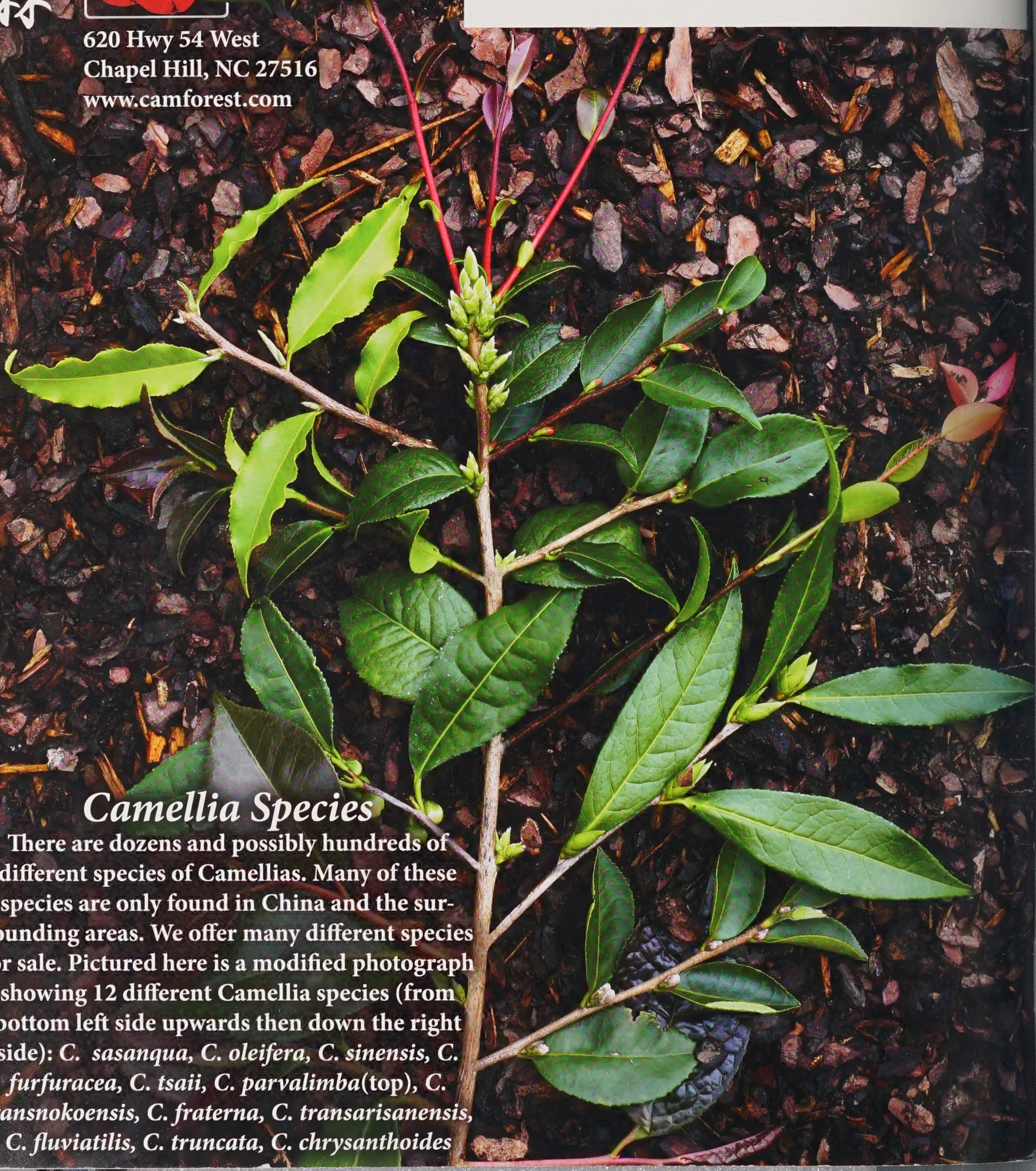

Camellia Species

There are dozens and possibly hundreds of different species of Camellias. Many of these species are only found in China and the surrounding areas. We offer many different species for sale. Pictured here is a modified photograph showing 12 different Camellia species (from bottom left side upwards then down the right side): *C. sasanqua, C. oleifera, C. sinensis, C. furfuracea, C. tsaii, C. parvalimba*(top), *C. transnokoensis, C. fraterna, C. transarisanensis, C. fluviatilis, C. truncata, C. chrysanthoides*

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